

NAPANEE, ONT., CANADA—FRIDAY

With such a state of affairs existent it is hardly necessary to explain to stay-at-home Canadians how they can fulfil their manifest duty as show the burden-bearers how completely they possess their sympathy. But the bugle blast has its rallying power in peace as in war. To the people, and to farmers, breeders and settlers in particular, the Patriotism and Production movement that is in progress is blowing its bugle, or in other words, carrying its message. Its object is to arouse all and sundry to the part they are called on to play. That part does not of necessity mean harder work nor increased acreage; but it does imply the exercise of every faculty in attention and vigilance. It does imply in order to secure increased and improved production, by which alone cultivation

Have You Seen BEAVER BOARD Paneled Walls and Ceilings?

THEY far surpass lath, plaster and wall-paper in beauty, durability, ease of application, and economy.

They deaden sound, resist heat and cold, retard fire, resist shocks or strains, do not crack, chip or deteriorate with age.

BEAVER BOARD

can be used in new or remodeled buildings of every type.

We carry full stock and can furnish sizes as ordered, with full information about use, application, etc.



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MADOLE HARDWARE CO.

PHONE 13,
NAPANEE, ONTARIO.

THE VERY BEST

SEED CORN

Yellow, Leaming and
Giant White Ensilage

\$1.15 per Bushel

For next 30 days.

Flour, Feed, Bran, Shorts, Corn, Wheat, Barley, Oats, Buckwheat, Rye and Peas, Red Alsike and Alfalfa, Clover and Timothy.

**A Car Load.
FROST FENCING AND GATES**

FERTILIZERS
Bibby's Cream Equivalent Oil Cake, Pure Linseed meal.
A variety of Ground Mixed Feeds, all at Lowest Prices.

I am open to buy all kinds Farm Produce—Hay, Grain, Potatoes, etc., in car lots a speciality. Phone 175.

FRED. A. PERRY,
DUNDAS STREET.
Opposite Campbell House.

**Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA**

WAR STAMPS.

After 15th of April War Stamps must be used on all letters and cards. You can save the additional cost by buying your stationery at WATSON'S DRUG STORE LIMITED.

they shall not have received notice at the time of the distribution thereof.

JOHN L. WHITING,
Solicitor for the said Executors.
Dated this 10th day of April, 1915.
Approved this 10th day of April, 1915.
J. H. MADDEN.

Public Health Notice

Notice is hereby given that all house holders and other persons residing in the Municipality of the Town of Napanee must remove all putrid and decaying animal and vegetable matter from all cellars, buildings and yards, and must clean out any foul or offensive drain, ditch, gutter, privy, cess pool, or ash pit, kept or so constructed as to be injurious or dangerous to the public health, and must also remove any accumulation of dung, manure, offal, filth, refuse, ashes, or stagnant water, on or

BEFORE MAY 1st.

1915, as provided by the Public Health Act.

Notice is also hereby given to all owners and occupants of property in the Town of Napanee that on and after the said May 1st all premises will be inspected, and if found in an unsanitary condition, will be ordered to be vacated until put in a sanitary condition.

Notice is also hereby given that night soil must not be buried but must be removed and taken away from the premises.

Any neglect or refusal to remove or abate such matter or thing as aforesaid shall subject the person or persons so neglecting or refusing to a penalty of not less than \$5.00 nor more than \$50.00, in the discretion of the convicting Justices or Magistrate.

Any complaints against the violation of the Public Health Act should be made to F. W. Barrett, Sanitary Inspector for the said Town of Napanee.

By order of the Board of Health.

G. H. COWAN, M. D.,

Medical Officer of Health.

W. A. GRANGE,

Secretary Local Board of Health.

Dated April 12th, 1915.

WALLPAPER !

We have found it necessary to order more of our popular Wall Paper.

The sales have been in excess of our wildest imaginations. The reasons are obvious.

Mr. Paul has travelled for the Watson Foster Co., for the past five years, and handling, as he has, so much he is able to get it at the very lowest price counting discount quantities.

As he has all the samples before the season commences he can at leisure make his selections, and they are certainly sellers.

An Examination of the line will be appreciated.

Paul's Bookstore

played a big part in resisting the landing of the expeditionary forces. The successful debarkation and swift advance of the allied forces, therefore is an initial victory which cannot fail to have a tremendous moral effect at Constantinople. Never before in military history has such a landing been accomplished at so great a distance from the base of the operating army. This achievement is another proof, were any needed, of the supreme part played in this war by the British fleet.

The resumed attack on the Dardanelles, after an interval of over a month, is producing the usual crop of peace rumors. A Paris despatch gives publicity to a Swiss report that the Sultan of Turkey has addressed an autograph letter to the opposing allies with a view to making a separate peace. The same report states that Field Marshall Von der Goltz, who is conducting the Turkish defence along the Dardanelles, has been deserted by Turkish members of his staff. Of more importance is the statement that Constantinople is beginning to feel the pinch of food shortage and high prices. While no credence is to be attached to unofficial rumors of this kind, it is highly probable that the large influx of troops from outlying portions of the Turkish Empire has already made serious inroads on the available food supplies. The system of agriculture in Turkey is very primitive, and the productivity of the soil has been seriously retarded in recent years by a tithe levy on all crops raised. Lacking the organizing capacity of other European nations, Turkey may yield to the economic pressure of war more quickly than her allies.

The German thrust at Ypres has been "definitely stopped". This is the message from Field Marshall Sir John French. Operating in conjunction with the French, fighting continued all day yesterday north and northeast of Ypres, the Germans retiring east of the canal except at Steenstraete, where they hold the bridge-head. The advance on Calais has again failed, and the German offensive has not been renewed. In straightening out their lines and readjusting their positions after the terrific fighting of previous days the

Allies in counter attacks to the north of the Ypres salient were again subjected to a barbarous discharge of asphyxiating bombs containing an irritant gas, in contravention of the recognized rules of civilized warfare.

Events on the eastern front indicates that the Russians, having completed the linking up of the columns isolated in the Carpathian defiles, and organized supplies through the passes behind them, have again resumed a vigorous offensive. The repeated attempts of the enemy to turn the Russian left flank in the region of Styrl has been met by a fresh invasion of Bukowina and a determined offensive at the Uszok Pass to the southwest of Styrl. Heavy fighting is again in progress at other points along the Carpathian front. After temporary checks in the vicinity of the Uszok Pass the Russians brought up reinforcements, drove the enemy back, and advanced their front materially. Both sides, apparently have been taking advantage of the lull in the fighting to bring up reinforcements and supplies, to make fresh dispositions. At Koziava the Germans made a most determined effort to recapture two hills, pouring an almost unending stream of fresh troops into this region. Under a withering fire from Russian machine guns and rifles, the enemy broke and fled in disorder, leaving their dead piled up on the hill slopes. An Austrian battalion surrendered in one of these assaults, and in some places the retreat of the enemy turned into a

pletely they possess their sympathy. But the bugle blast has its rally power in peace as in war. To the people, and to farmers, breeders and settlers in particular, the Peace and Production movement is in progress is blowing its bugle in other words, carrying its message. Its object is to arouse all and dry to the part they are called to play. That part does not of necessity means harder work nor increase of every faculty in attention vigilance. It does imply in order secure increased and improved duction, by which alone cultivation of the soil can contribute towards credit of the country and empire greatest in the selection of seed the breeding of live-stock and economy of the land.

PLEASANT VALLEY.

Messrs. L. Hooper and E. Sn C.F.A., Toronto, spent Tuesday last week at Mrs. Cook's.

Mr. and Mrs. George Dupree family visited Thursday at Mr. Kimmerly's, Empey Hill.

Misses Marguerite and Eileen P le at Mr. Garfield Sills Saturday

ning.

Mr. Isaac Taylor at M. Smi

Mount Pleasant, on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Milford Dupree, ca

at Messrs. Rombough's and Cat

Saturday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. C. Dean visited

day recently at his sisters, Mrs.

ler, Bethany.

Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Sills and f

ily took dinner Sunday at Mr.

win Miller's, town.

Mrs. Chas. Vanalystine and Mis

Lottie and Jessie spent the week

at Mr. W. Vanalystine's, town.

Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Pringle

family visited Sunday at Mr. G.

Rankin's, Napanee.

Mr. and Mrs. Warner and Mrs.

visited one day recently at Mr.

Taylor's.

Mr. S. X. Dupree spent part

Sunday and Monday at his daug

er's, Mrs. Will Birrell's, Bath.

Mr. C. Wood, West Huntingt

visited at Mr. Z. Dean's last wee

Mr. and Mrs. Garfield Sills and

called at Mr. Walter Files Sun

afternoon.

Mrs. (Dr.) McCormick and her fa

er visited one day recently at

Chas. Vanalystine's.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Boyle called S

day afternoon at Mr. Frank Var

bogarts.

Messrs. Roy Card and Har

Dupree attended the League Banq

at Grace Church Monday night,

report an excellent time.

Miss Elizabeth Brandon visi

Sunday at her sister's Mrs. F

Pringle.

Mr. John Vanvolkenburg, McL

spent a few days last week at

Job Herrington's.

Messrs. Z. A. Grooms and F

Grooms and Mr. and Mrs. Dean

Maybus motored to Marysville S

day evening.

Mr. George Smith took tea Sun

at Mr. E. P. Smith's.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Vanalyst

and family called Sunday at

Frank Vandebogarts.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Jaynes a

family, Bath, visited Sunday at

Job Herrington's.

Master Clarence Card spent S

day with his cousin Mr. Roy Card.

Rev. C. E. Cragg's S. S. Class

entertained Tuesday evening by

and Mrs. Geo. Giffard. Mr. and

Garfield Sills were present.

Mr. and Mrs. Stanley Files visit

Sunday at Mr. Walter Files.

The correspondent of Pleasant V

ley wishes the people having ne

would send it in between Tuesday

and oblige.

NANEE EXPRESS

\$1 per Year in advance: \$1.50 if not so paid.

CANADA—FRIDAY, APRIL 30th, 1915

ic. With the Rostok Pass in their session, and dominating as they do heights above the Uzok Pass, the isians now have a sufficiently wide it beyond the barrier of hills for eral movement and for the linking of columns isolated during the vy fighting through the passes. advance at Uzok Pass will en- s them to menace the communica- is of the Austria-German forces op- ing in the Uzok Pass and the ses to the east.

THE BUGLE BLAST TO CANADA

aders of the newspapers and fol- s of the course of the war must ago have become convinced that situation grows more and more ase, and critical day by day. t Britain is faced not alone by ide enemies, but by labor trou- and by lack of those immense al resources in the matter of production that Germany and ria-Hungary possess. She can- feed herself, and is compelled to largely on other countries for a ly of the necessities of life. uch case the duty of her children distinctly plain. It is noteworthy r enemies that they are not only oughly united but they are en- g with what fortitude they pos- the rigid military enforcements are placed upon them for the vration both of food and mater- Every man, woman and child, the Kaiser down, have been put ations. The idea is three-fold, to d against any possible emer- ies, to mislead the foe into over- dence and by thoroughness to ; such pressure to bear as will n the final decision. Britain is using the same course. She has yet found it necessary to place population individually on short- ns, but she has found it desir- to take over munition factories der to ensure supplies that mean r life or death to the nation. time, Germany by cowardly sub- ne assassination is endeavoring tarve her people and cripple her ices.

h such a state of affairs exist- it is hardly necessary to explain ay-at-home Canadians how best can fulfil their manifest duty and the burden-bearers how com- ly they possess their sympathy. the bugle blast has its rallying r in peace as in war. To all eople, and to farmers, breeders settlers in particular, the Patrio- and Production movement that progress is blowing its bugle, or, her words, carrying its message. object is to arouse all and sun- o the part they are called on to . That part does not of neces- means harder work nor increased ge, but it does simply the ever- of every faculty in attention and ance. It does imply in order to e increased and improved pro- on, by which alone cultivators e soil can contribute towards it.

ODESSA

The I.O.F.F. held its annual divine service in the Methodist church last Sunday afternoon. The sermon was preached by Rev. Mr. Tucker, and was enjoyed by a large audience.

Miss Ruby Thompson, Archibald Simmons and Darrell Robson spent Sunday at George D. Simpkin's.

A number of the young folks pick-nicked up the lake one day recently.

Miss Lottie Heaslip, Frank Joyner, and Stanley Snider, spent Sunday, the guest of Miss Marguerite Vrooman.

Congratulations are extended to A. E. Judge, who was successful in winning his B. A. degree at Queen's.

Miss Enid Fraser, Queen's, has returned home for her vacation.

Harvey Loughlin spent Sunday at James Shane's.

Dr. H. C. Maybee, is spending a month in Brooklyn, N. Y.

Dr. Mabee, sr., W. G. Clark and G. W. Metzler are sporting new cars.

MOUNT PLEASANT.

Everybody seems to be pretty near done sowing, and report that the land never worked finer. The shower we had last Saturday started everything growing fine.

Mrs. Turnbull and Mrs. A. Turnbull called on Mrs. Albert Darius, one day last week.

Mr. and Mrs. G. Hudson and son, Walter visited at Mr. Will Herrington's quite recently.

We are sorry to hear that Mrs. Frank Smith is quite poorly again.

Mr. and Mrs. Hudson visited Sunday at her sister's, Mrs. M. P. Husband, Emmy Hill.

Much sympathy is felt for Mr. and Mrs. Smith and family, when their daughter Alma went through an operation on Monday, we hope for a speedy return.

YARKER.

Shortly before noon on Tuesday last, an alarm of fire was sounded in the village of Yarker, and in a short space of time the village bucket brigade was on the spot. The residence of Mrs. Charlton, living near the C.N.R. station, was on fire, the blaze having started in the roof near the chimney. The brigade did excellent work and in a short time had the flames under control. The contents were slightly damaged by water and the roof will need much repairing.

Mr. and Mrs. Hanson have moved to Yarker and will run an auto stage between Kingston and Yarker, starting May 1st.

Mrs. C. Edgar and son were called to Watertown, N. Y., last week to attend the funeral of her brother.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. John Brown, a son.

Peter Cranter, Deseronto, spent last week in the village among friends.

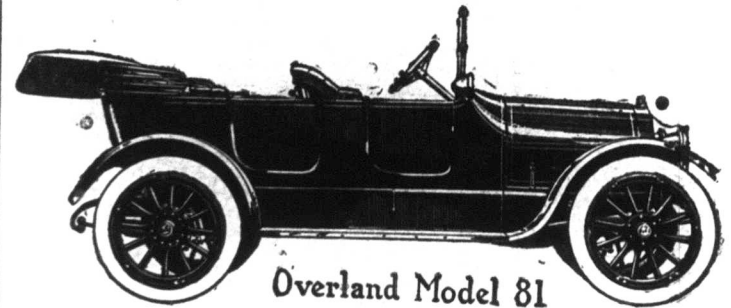
M. C. Dunn, Kingston, was in the village recently calling on his brother, who was injured in an auto wreck en route from Napanee.

Earl Cheek has gone to his home, Toledo, to spend the summer months, owing to the closing down of the wheel works.

The Hub cutting factory is running now, cutting timber for use next year.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Smith, Enterprise, spent Sunday last with her brother, D. H. Smith.

OVERLAND



Overland Model 81

Five-passenger Touring Car, Model 81-T

30 Horsepower Motor

Tires, 33 x 4 inches

Demountable rims (one extra rim)

Full stream-line body

Electric starting and lighting

Left-hand drive

Finish, Brewster green, with

ivory striping

Price \$1135, f. o. b., Hamilton.

Lennox Automobile & Motor Boat Company, 'Phone 234, ALL MOTOR BOAT AND AUTOMOBILE SUPPLIES, NAPANEE, ONT.

DR. C. E. WILSON PHYSICIAN.

Hours of Consultation :

11 a. m. to 1 p. m. ; 3 p. m. to 5 p. m. ;
7 p. m. to 8 p. m.

G. F. RUTTAN, K. C.

BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, ETC.

Office—Merchants Bank Chambers, Napanee.
Money to loan.

Telephones—Office 23, Residence 152.

Dr. J. P. Campbell

Graduate with honor standing Toronto University.

Physician, Surgeon and Accurcheur.

(Successor to late Dr. Ward.)

East St., Napanee. 'Phone 60. 40

Ray F. English

Fannie G. English

Drs. English & English

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PHYSICIANS.

Offices: West St.

3-4-5

Phone 227

H. W. SMITH

(Successor to W. D. MacCormack)

Graduate of Ontario Veterinary College,
B. V. Sc., of Toronto University.

OFFICE—Centre Street.

Phone 61.

Pearl A. Nesbitt, L.T.C.M.

CONTRALTO.

TEACHER OF—Piano, Organ, Voice
Production. Pupils prepared for all
examinations.

9-h

DOXSEE & CO.

Fresh Arrivals

Authoritive Millinery !

Hats of every new style dis-
played for your choosing—never
more plentiful.

Opportunity for individuality
and every hat moderately priced

Large Sailors and Shepherds
Shapes in black and colors.

Ladies' Neckwear

This season styles in Sheer
Organdy and Lace Vestees,
Collar and Cuff Sets, Coat Col-
lars, new Flare Collars with
pleated back.

The Leading Millinery House

Wood!

We are selling well seasoned wood
at the following prices: Hard cord
wood \$6.50 per cord; soft cord wood
\$5.00 per cord; Soft slab wood,
\$5.00 per cord. We have a quantity
of soft cord wood to sell at \$1.00

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PLEASANT VALLEY.

Messrs. L. Hooper and E. Smith, F.A., Toronto, spent Tuesday of last week at Mrs. Cook's. Mr. and Mrs. George Dupree and family visited Thursday at Mr. Fred Immerly's, Empey Hill. Misses Marguerite and Eileen Pringle at Mr. Garfield Sills Saturday evening. Mr. Isaac Taylor at Mr. Smiths, Mount Pleasant, on Sunday. Mr. and Mrs. Milford Dupree, called Messrs. Rombough's and Card's, Saturday evening. Mr. and Mrs. C. Dean visited one day recently at his sisters, Mrs. Milly Bethany. Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Sills and family took dinner Sunday at Mr. Ed. Miller's, town. Mrs. Chas. Vanalystine and Misses Katie and Jessie spent the week end at Mr. W. Vanalystine's, town. Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Pringle and family visited Sunday at Mr. G. H. Kin's, Napanee. Mr. and Mrs. Warner and Mrs. Bell visited one day recently at Mr. I. Yorl's. Mr. S. X. Dupree spent part of Friday and Monday at his daughter's, Mrs. Will Birrell's, Bath. Mr. C. Wood, West Huntington, visited at Mr. Z. Dean's last week. Mr. and Mrs. Garfield Sills and son led at Mr. Walter Files Sunday afternoon. Mrs. (Dr.) McCormick and her father visited one day recently at Mr. as. Vanalystine's. Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Boyle called Sunday afternoon at Mr. Frank Vandegarts. Messrs. Roy Card and Harold Dupree attended the League Banquet at Grace Church Monday night, and spent an excellent time. Miss Elizabeth Brandon visited Friday at her sister's Mrs. Fred Angle. Mr. John Vanvolkenburg, McLean, spent a few days last week at Mr. b. Herrington's. Messrs. Z. A. Grooms and Roy Grooms and Mr. and Mrs. Dean and family motored to Marysville Sunday evening. Mr. George Smith took tea Sunday at Mr. E. P. Smith's. Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Vanalystine and family called Sunday at Mr. nk Vandebogarts. Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Jaynes and family, Bath, visited Sunday at Mr. b. Herrington's. Master Clarence Card spent Sunday with his cousin Mr. Roy Card. Rev. C. E. Cragg's S. S. Class was entertained Tuesday evening by Mr. Mrs. Geo. Giffard. Mr. and Mrs. Garfield Sills were present. Mr. and Mrs. Stanley Files visited Sunday at Mr. Walter Files. The correspondent of Pleasant Valley wishes the people having news to send it in between Tuesday's oblige.

to Watertown, N. Y., last week to attend the funeral of her brother. Born, to Mr. and Mrs. John Brown, a son. Peter Cranter, Deseronto, spent last week in the village among friends. M. C. Dunn, Kingston, was in the village recently calling on his brother, who was injured in an auto wreck en route from Napanee. Earl Cheek has gone to his home, Toledo, to spend the summer months, owing to the closing down of the wheel works. The Hub cutting factory is running now, cutting timber for use next year. Mr. and Mrs. A. Smith, Enterprise, spent Sunday last with her brother, D. H. Smith. C. Peters and family have moved to Sydenham to reside, Mr. Peters having gone into the carriage business. Claude Leggett, Belleville, spent a few days with his family here. Born, to Mr. and Mrs. A. Smith, a daughter. J. M. Wright has beautified his residence with a coat of paint. Mr. and Mrs. J. Switzer are moving into the house lately vacated by Mr. Peters.

DESERONTO ROAD.

Farmers are jubilant over the lovely weather, and are all as busy as bees on the land. Quite a lot of seedling was done last week, the land working up in fine shape. Mr. Hiram Shannon is again the milk drawer for the Deseronto factory for this year. His route will be the Slash road as far west as Amey's side road, thence south to front, proceeding west to factory. The remains of the late Mrs. Andrew Oliver were taken from the vault and buried last Thursday. Fire raged on the marsh on Thursday, 17th inst., over the fronts of Messrs. Rose, McCaul and Sagar and owing to a fierce wind which was blowing at the time from the south, the fire was driven to the shore, destroying a stack of marsh hay for Smith Bowerman of Deseronto, and burning some fence for Mrs. McCaul. Mr. Curtis Amey purchased a fine three year old colt some time ago from Mr. H. Aylsworth, and is working him every day on the land. Messrs. A. Keech and F. VanVlack are on the sick list, the former is nursing a sprained shoulder, while the latter has a carbuncle on the side of his neck.

Kingston City will Celebrate KING'S BIRTHDAY June 3rd, '15

Some Events

Horse Races, purse \$1000. Military Carnival, 6,000 soldiers. Trades Procession. Baseball. Aquatic sports and yacht races. Canton Competition drill. Bands. Excursion rates on all boats and trains. For information, address, **W. W. SANDS, M. D.** Sect'y-Treas.

H. W. SMITH

(Successor to W. D. MacCormack)
Graduate of Ontario Veterinary College,
B. V. Sc., of Toronto University.
OFFICE—Centre Street.
Phone 61.

Pearl A. Nesbitt, L.T.C.M. CONTRALTO.

TEACHER OF—Piano, Organ, Voice Production. Pupils prepared for all examinations. 9-h

TWO HOUSES FOR SALE—situate east of "Curling Rink." Apply to T. B. GERMAN. 511f

HOUSE TO LET—Brick house on Adelphi Street. Apply to FRANK H. PERRY. 131f

ENGINE FOR SALE—Outboard Gray Engine, suitable for any skiff, for sale cheap. Apply to F. H. CARSON. 171f

WANTED—A General Servant from May 20th till August. Apply to MISS C. M. WARNER, Bridge St., Napanee.

FOR ADOPTION—Several bright children, Boys and Girls. For particulars apply to CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY, Box 86, Napanee, Ont. 181f

FOR SALE—NO. 1 STRAWBERRY SETS—at the Hay Bay Fruit Farm for \$2.00 per thousand. A. C. PARKS, Napanee, R. M. D. No. 3. 29-b

HOUSE TO LET—On Adelphi St., with all latest improvements, near court house. Apply to M. T. VANSLYCK, East Street. 20-bp

FOR SALE—Seed Store, on Durdas Street, also Store House and Fruit Evaporator, for of West Street, apply to THOS. SYMINGTON, Owner, Napanee, Ont. 421f

TO RENT—Those desirable rooms in the Blewett Block. Electric lights and all modern improvements. Immediate possession. Apply to MISS BLEWETT, over Dominion Bank, John street, Napanee. 111f

FARM FOR SALE—75 or 80 acres, pt. lot 33, 3rd concession Township of Camden. All good land, seed to hay and pasture. 2 wells, good fences. Apply to R. A. BEARD, Napanee, or S. W. SWITZER, Deseronto. 311f

STRAWBERRY PLANTS—Thompson's Hustler Strawberry has outyielded everything in trials with over 300 varieties. Pickers gathering as high as 25 boxes in eight hours. During the past season successfully grown in Manitoba and New Ontario, and plants have been shipped to the Yukon. Prices \$1.00 per 100; \$2.00 per 1000. We are prepared to meet all demands at these prices. J. W. & R. B. THOMPSON, R. R. No. 5, Napanee. 20-bp

FOR SALE.

Residence of W. A. Frizzell, Newburgh Road, Napanee. For information apply to W. H. Meagher, Napanee, or write W. A. Frizzell, North Bay. 10-1f

MORVEN.

The Quarterly meeting service for Morven Circuit was held last Sunday at the Brick church. Rev. S. Selery, M.A., B.D., of Napanee, preached an able and helpful sermon, and administered the sacrament of the Lord's Supper. The service was much appreciated, and the preacher would be welcomed again.

The superintendent of Morven Sunday School desires a full attendance of both School and Congregation at the Sunday School next Sunday morning, at White church at 9.30 o'clock sharp.

The Rev. J. N. Lovelace will (D.V.) conduct the services, at White church at 10.30 a.m., Lutheran at 7.30 p.m. Everybody invited to attend.

On Sunday May 9th, the Rev. Mr. Sexsmith of Bath is expected to take the work on this circuit; and the Rev. Geo. Nickle of Bay circuit on May 16th.

The Leading Millinery House

Wood!

We are selling well seasoned wood at the following prices: Hard cord wood \$6.50 per cord; soft cord wood \$5.00 per cord; Soft slab wood, \$5.00 per cord. We have a quantity of soft cord wood to sell at \$1.00 per cord. Cut wood for sale measured in stave wood length. Cut hard wood \$3.00, cut soft wood \$2.50. We will deliver to any part of the town.

S. CASEY DENISON.

Centre Street, North. Phone 102

Butter Paper

Wrap your Butter in Vegetable Parchment Paper, and keep it clean and sanitary.

10c per Package
3 Packages for 25c.

At This Office.

WANTED

A RELIABLE MAN TO SELL HARDY CANADIAN GROWN STOCK IN NAPANEE AND LENNOX CO.

Start now at the best selling time. Send for list of SPRING OFFERINGS, and terms to agents. Liberal commissions. Handsome free outfit.

STONE & WELLINGTON

(The Fonthill Nurseries.)
(Established 1837.)
TORONTO.

NORTHERN CROWN BANK

Head Office—Winnipeg.

Authorized Capital... \$6,000,000
Capital (Paid up)... \$2,850,000

DIRECTORS.

President, Sir D. H. McMillan, K.C. M. G.
Vice-President, Capt. Wm. Robinson.
Jas. H. Ashdown, H. T. Champion, A. McTavish Campbell, Sir D. C. Cameron, K.C.M.G., W. J. Christie, John Stovel.

General Manager, Robt. Campbell.
Supt. of Branches, L.M. McCarthy.

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT—Special care given to Savings Accounts, which may be opened by depositing \$1.00 and upwards at any branch.

COLLECTIONS—Owing to our numerous branches throughout Canada, we are able to make collections at a minimum cost.

R. G. H. TRAVERS,
Manager Napanee Branch.

The Napanee Express

E. J. POLLARD.

EDITOR and PROPRIETOR

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY.

All local reading notices or notices announcing entertainments at which a fee is charged or admission, will be charged 5c. per line for insertion, if in ordinary type. In black type the price will be 10c. per line each insertion.

E. & J. HARDY & CO.

Advertising Contractors and
News Correspondents.

Fleet Street, London, E. C., England.

A file of this paper can be seen free of charge by visitors to London, to whom advice gratis will be given, if required.

CAMBRIDGE'S

Bakery and Confectionery Store

Give Our Home-Made
Bread a Trial.

We make a SPECIALTY of WHOLE
WHEAT BREAD, sales increasing
weekly.

Bread made by Electric Machinery,
the only Bakery in town equipped
with machinery, which insures clean-
liness, and uniformity, do you ap-
preciate these qualities? The answer
is (Yes)! as we know by our ever in-
creasing trade.

Lunches at all hours.

Oysters best grades.

City Dairy Ice Cream, Assorted
Flavours.

W. M. BAMBRIDGE,

'Pone 96. Sole Agent, Napanee.

15 Cases of Granite Just in from Scotland.

MORE TO FOLLOW.

New and Elegant Designs
Some plain, all polished.
Few are beautifully carved

I have the largest stock ever shown in
Napanee.
Will save you travelling expenses and
commission.

Our patrons have confidence and look
up.

V. KOUBER, - **Napanee**

NEWS TOPICS OF WEEK

Important Events Which Have
Occurred During the Week.

The Busy World's Happenings Care-
fully Compiled and Put Into
Handy and Attractive Shape for
the Readers of Our Paper—A
Solid Hour's Enjoyment.

WEDNESDAY.

Fire broke out yesterday in the
mines of the Inman Coal & Coke Co.
in Wise County, Virginia. The mines
are being flooded.

The governors of Adrianople and
towns in that region of European
Turkey have ordered the inhabitants
not to go outside the limits of the
towns without authorization.

St. Thomas was en fete last night
when Sir Adam Beck, chairman of
Ontario Hydro-Electric Commission,
pressed the button which turned on
the lights for the new ornamental
system on Talbot street.

Mayor Waugh of Winnipeg has
communicated by wire with the may-
ors of all principal cities in Canada
and arranged a conference to be held
in Ottawa at as early a date as pos-
sible to formulate proposals to re-
lieve the unemployed.

For one hour yesterday Dr. F. G.
Hughes sat in the assize court at To-
ronto and thus served the sentence
passed on him by Mr. Justice Clute.
Dr. Hughes was found guilty of con-
spiracy to defraud in connection with
the Union Life Insurance Co.

Suffragettes in New York have
launched a "velled campaign" for the
ballot. They are wearing veils which
reach only to the tip of their noses,
to give prominence to the words
"Votes for Women" printed on the
border in letters an inch and a half
deep.

Sentenced to 30 days in jail for
unlawful entry, Charles Hobbins, of
New York, received the judge's per-
mission to deliver a truckload of
goods to a customer before serving
his sentence. Judge Roy was so
pleased when Hobbins returned that
he reduced the sentence to one day.

THURSDAY.

Lt.-Col. T. D. F. Hemming will be
the commander at the Barrielfield
camp which opens next month.

The Williams local option bill was
defeated in the Pennsylvania Legis-
lature yesterday by a vote of 78 yeas
to 128 nays.

The body of Fireman W. C. Jones
of Lindsay was found almost cut in
two in the G. T. R. yards near Brook-
lin siding, five miles from Whitby,
yesterday.

Fire yesterday destroyed three
dwellings, two barns and two out-
buildings at St. Mary's, across the St.
John river from Fredericton, N.B.
Loss \$10,000; insurance \$2,500.

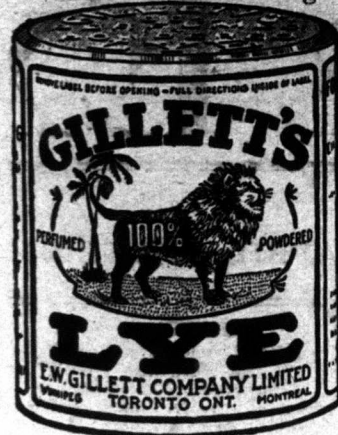
Gen. Villa notified the Villaists'
headquarters at Juarez yesterday that
he had evacuated Cuadallajara and
Monterey without a fight to raise all
available troops to oppose Gen. Obre-
gon.

The Marmora public school burned
down yesterday afternoon, but the
children all got out safely. The fire
started in the basement and the cause
is unknown. The building was in-
sured for \$8,000.

The young Egyptian merchant
named Khalil, who on April 8 made
an unsuccessful attempt in Cairo to
assassinate Hussein Kamel, the Sul-
tan of Egypt, was yesterday sentenc-
ed by a military court-martial to
death by hanging.

Hubert Ryan, chief electrician at

GILLETT'S LYE EATS DIRT



domen.

Opposing Lt. wife's application for
alimony, pending the trial of her suit
for separation, Solomon Begod, of
New York, who is five feet tall, de-
clared that his spouse, who is six
feet tall, called him "a little shrimp,"
and said she was ashamed of him.

MONDAY.

The wheel of a wagon heavily
loaded with gravel passed over the
body of Cornelius Nash, three years,
305 1/2 Pape avenue, Toronto, killing
the child instantly yesterday.

Rene De Saint Marceaux, the
sculptor, died Friday night at his
home in Paris at the age of 70 years.
Many of his works are famous and
occupy places of honor in Paris.

The Government elevator at Port
Colborne has commenced operations
for the present season and large
quantities of grain are arriving daily
from Chicago, Duluth and Fort Wil-
liam.

Wives of the striking laborers at
Stamford, Conn., to the number of
fifty or more, armed with broom-
sticks, pick handles and salt, had a
hand to hand fight with the police on
Saturday.

Guglielmo Marconi, head of the
Marconi wireless system, and now an
Italian senator, arrived in New York
yesterday from Liverpool. He said
he came to inspect the Marconi wire-
less stations.

A revolver and a mask were found
at New Orleans near the spot where
Harry Lester was arrested after the
express car of a passenger train was
robbed and Peter Marcey, the bag-
gage master, was shot and seriously
wounded.

Six officers and 19 members of the
crew of the British submarine E-15
were taken to Constantinople Satur-
day. The officers and three of the
wounded rode in carriages, while
the other men walked. They are the
first British prisoners in Constanti-
nople.

TUESDAY.

It is officially announced that an
Austrian gunboat has been damaged
by the Serbs on the Danube.

Russell George Williams, the one-
year-old son of Aubrey Williams, of
Kingston, had his skull fractured by
a fall from his high chair, and died
yesterday.

At the point of a hatpin, Miss
Anna Goldsmith, aged 18, of New
York, took two young men to a po-
lice station for passing remarks about
her new hat.

Travelers arriving in Quebec from
the north from the Lake St. John re-
gion, report that Saturday morning
between four and six o'clock, snow
fell, covering the earth.

COVERED WITH GLO

Canadians Are in Reserve A
Four Days' Fighting.

Rumor That Highlander Had I
Captured By the Germans Is
posed of 3y References In
uality Lists—Congratulatory
sages Pour In on Governme
London Praise: Canadians.

OTTAWA, April 27. — "Canad
covered themselves with glory. T
heroism is most highly appreci
at headquarters. In reserve yes
day after four days' fighting."

This message, received by c
yesterday from J. J. Carrick, M
who is at the Canadian headquar
at the front, brought much re
here. The Canadians will now ha
rest after their terrific work. A
ther list of officers wounded in
recent fighting near Ypres was
ceived at the Militia Department
night. A feature of last night's
is that it includes members of
43th Highlanders of Toronto,
are known as the 15th Battalion
the overseas force.

This disposes of the rumor
Col. John A. Currie, M.P., and
regiment had been captured, and
they were the 1,000 Canadians w
the Germans claim to have ta
prisoners.

Nothing whatever has been rec
ed by the Department concerning
artillery nor concerning the re
from Berlin that the Germans
captured one thousand Canadians.

A sample of the way in which
glorious achievement of the Ca
dian troops and their heavy lo
is taken in Canada as found i
telegram from Major S. C. Scobell
St. Catharines, Ont., to Gen. Hug
"Am ready to go to front to help
gap."

Messages of a congratulatory
ture continue to pour into the
ernment, and a wave of intense
triotism is evidently sweeping
country. Sir George Perley, ac
High Commissioner for Canada
London, cabled:

"All London is praising the
spicuous gallantry of the troops."

Hon. Lewis Harcourt, Secretar
State for the Colonies, says:

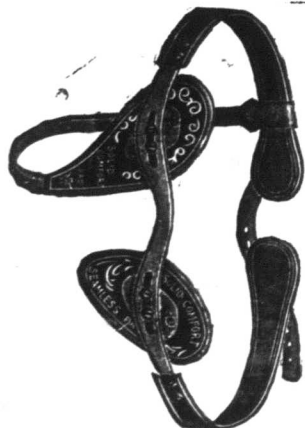
"Britain is proud of her Canad
brothers." The Prime Minister
answered: "I am most grateful for y
message, which will be deeply ap-
ciated by the people of the Don
ion."

More names of Canadian offi
wounded in the great Canadian att
north of Ypres were received in
tawa last night. They include
major, two captains and five lieut
ants.

Probably no battalion has suffe
so heavily in the great engagem
north of Ypres as the fourth, c
manded by Lt.-Col. Birchall, who
killed. This battalion lost three
cers killed and 14 wounded, wh
includes the second in command,
Col. Buell and both majors, all
whom were wounded. The fou
had a reputation as being the m
efficient fighting unit in the divi
and was praised after a recent in-
spection by Gen. Sir Horace Smith-
rien, who is in command of the
cond Army, of which the Canadi
are a part. The battalion compri
companies recruited from coun
near Toronto, including Peel, Ha-
mand, Dufferin, Cayuga and Bruce
Second Battalion—Wounded, C
D. F. Bowman

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Our patrons have confidence and look us.

V. KOUBER, - Napanee



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at the top yesterday afternoon, but the children all got out safely. The fire started in the basement and the cause is unknown. The building was insured for \$8,000.

The young Egyptian merchant named Khalil, who on April 8 made an unsuccessful attempt in Cairo to assassinate Hussein Kamel, the Sultan of Egypt, was yesterday sentenced by a military court-martial to death by hanging.

Hubert Ryan, chief electrician at the Canadian Locomotive Works at Kingston, has taken out a patent on a trench periscope. The patent office has undertaken to negotiate with the British War Office to give the periscope a test.

FRIDAY.

The report that Nursing Sister Richardson has died at the front from over fatigue is incorrect. A cable has been received at Ottawa stating that she is convalescent.

The large barn of D. Fotheringham, on the Loider road, Tucker-smith Township, were completely destroyed by fire yesterday morning. The horses and cattle were saved.

In an endeavor to relieve the present unemployed situation in Winnipeg, the C.N.R. will, as soon as possible, place a large number of men at work on the main line in the west.

The Province of Nova Scotia, with the exception of the city of Halifax, is under provincial prohibition. The city came within an ace in the House of Assembly of being included in the prohibitory law.

A German submarine yesterday stopped a Dutch steamer in the Gulf of Bothnia, and examined her papers and cargo. German, in this manner intends to keep a close watch on the traffic between Sweden and Finland.

A distinct earth shock was felt in Tacoma, Wash., at 10.37 yesterday morning from the smelter near Point Defiance to the southern limits of the city, 12 miles and extending to South Tacoma. No damage was reported.

The North German Lloyd merchant ship Sisars, 15,000 tons, has reached Tutuila, Samoa, and will stay there until the end of the war, according to a despatch to the U. S. Navy Department late yesterday from the naval station at Tutuila.

One of the best known educationalists in Canada died yesterday in Toronto, in the person of Dr. William Winslow Ogden. He was a member of the Toronto Public School Board for forty-four years, and a member of the Board of Education from 1906 to 1911, when he retired.

SATURDAY.

The Danish Diet yesterday adopted an amendment to the constitution giving the vote to women, and conferring upon them the right of election to the Diet.

The Women's Council of St. John, N.B., in annual meeting Thursday adopted a resolution deprecating premature attempts to interfere on behalf of peace.

The Huronic, the first passenger steamer to arrive at Port Arthur this season, docked yesterday morning from Sarola with fifteen passengers and full cargo.

Howard Sperber, of Camden, N.J., is dying from burns received when his companions tied him to a stake while playing Indians and started a fire under him.

Mrs. Julia Heilner, wife of Seligman Heilner, a wealthy corset manufacturer, was found murdered in her Brooklyn home yesterday. Her head had been crushed in from blows of a bottle.

While leading a horse on his father's farm, W. Moore, of McIntosh Mill, near Brockville, received injuries from which he died. The animal reared and kicked the lad in the ab-

dom of son of Aubrey Williams, of Kingston, had his skull fractured by a fall from his high chair, and died yesterday.

At the point of a hatpin, Miss Anna Goldsmith, aged 18, of New York, took two young men to a police station for passing remarks about her new hat.

Travelers arriving in Quebec from the north from the Lake St. John region, report that Saturday morning between four and six o'clock, snow fell, covering the earth.

Charles Burnham, aged 45, a painter, was fatally burned at Arden, N.Y., when he stumbled against the railing on the steps of his home and ignited a box of matches in his vest pocket.

The Danish steamer Slesvig was stopped yesterday by a German torpedo boat off Palermo and ordered to unload the cargo of coal which it was carrying from England to Norr-koeping.

Yanne Sandausky, the Macedonian brigand leader who gained notoriety in 1901 through the kidnapping and holding for a large ransom of Miss Ellen M. Stone, the missionary, has been slain by unknown persons.

Louis Lanstrum, aged six, and Edwin Johnston, aged seven, sons of residents of Norma, near Kenora, were drowned on Sunday afternoon when a motorboat in which they were being taken across the lake, struck a log and sank.

TEMPERANCE MEASURES.

Good Spirits, Light Beers and Short Hours Are British Program.

LONDON, April 27.—The British Cabinet gave further consideration to the drink problem yesterday, and to-day the intention is that Chancellor of the Exchequer Lloyd George shall submit the Government's liquor proposals to the House of Commons on Wednesday.

Although the Cabinet's plans are not finally adjusted, it can be authoritatively stated that the following are the main heads under which the Government intends to take actions:

- (1) Prohibition of the sale of immature spirits.
- (2) Encouragement of the brewing of lighter beers.
- (3) Special public house restrictions in the municipalities area.
- (4) Reduced hours of sale generally.
- (5) Compensation for interests affected.

It is understood to-day that there may be a new regulation prohibiting the sale of immature spirits under a certain age and restricting the manufacture of the heavier types of beers. Good spirits and light beers will be encouraged.

CLARK'S POTTED MEATS—

Full flavored and perfectly cooked make delicious sandwiches.

The child's delight. The picnic's choice. Everybody's favorite.

W. CLARK, Ltd., Montreal.

Col. Buell and both majors, all whom were wounded. The fourth had a reputation as being the most efficient fighting unit in the division and was praised after a recent inspection by Gen. Sir Horace Smith-Rien, who is in command of the Canadian Army, of which the Canadians are a part. The battalion comprises companies recruited from counties near Toronto, including Peel, Hamilton, Dufferin, Cayuga and Bruce.

Second Battalion—Wounded, Capt. P. E. Bowman.

Fourth Battalion—Serious wounded, Major Ballantyne.

Seventh Battalion—Wounded, Lieut. W. L. Fox and Lieut. H. Scharshmidt.

Thirteenth Battalion—Wounded, Lieut. F. S. Molson.

Fifteenth Battalion—Wounded, Lieut. J. A. Dansereau and Capt. G. Haggerty MacLachlan.

Canadian Engineers—Wounded, Lieut. H. F. Hartzburg.

The following list of casualties issued early this morning:

First Battalion—Dangerous, Pte. Wm. Thomas Shaw. Died, wounds, Pte. Alexander McL. Ellis.

Second Battalion—Wounded, Lieut. Thomas J. Kidd (previously reported), Capt. Peter E. Bowen.

Third Battalion—Dangerously, Pte. Richard Shorney.

Fourth Battalion—Died of wound, Lieut. Harvey B. McGuire, Pte. Da McHarg.

Fifth Battalion—Died of wound, Pte. Eric Preston.

Seventh Battalion—Wounded, Pte. S. Timlick, Pte. Hugh J. C. G. dert, Pte. Fred. Whitfield, Pte. H. Holmes, Pte. William Coleman, Pte. Frank H. Sanckster.

Eighth Battalion—Dangerously, Pte. Mack Hermanson.

Tenth Battalion—Wounded, Lieut. Halbert R. Ball. Dangerously, Pte. Edward Imman.

Thirteenth Battalion—Killed in action, Pte. Carleton B. Hawley.

Fifteenth Battalion—Pte. Fred. Wickens, Pte. Andrew Love Wounded, Lieut. James Murray.

Sixteenth Battalion—Wounded, Pte. John Urwin Mann, Pte. Jo Clarence Scott, Lieut. Edward N. C. liatt.

Divisional Supply Column Wounded, Pte. Arthur Robbins.

First Field Artillery Brigade Dangerously ill, Gunner C. H. Powe.

of Goderich District.

GODERICH, Ont., April 27.—What appears to be a murder was disclosed shortly after midnight when we reached Coroner Hunter that Robt. Dean, a farmer of Colborne Township, had been found dead on a road north of this town.

Few details were given the coroner, beyond the fact that the unfortunate man had been shot in the back by a shotgun.

The motive could not have been robbery as the victim's pockets contained money and had not been interfered with.

Coroner Hunter has gone to the scene.

Deny Visit To Vatican.

ROME, April 27.—(Via Paris.) Both the Vatican and Prince von Buolow, the German Ambassador in Italy, deny the report printed in the Paris Figaro, April 20, that Prince von Buolow had visited Pope Benedict to bid the pontiff farewell, believing that his departure from Rome was imminent.

Royal Fund Grows.

LONDON, April 27.—The National Relief Fund of the Prince of Wales yesterday reached the total of \$2,000,000.

VERED WITH GLORY

adians Are in Reserve After Four Days' Fighting.

or That Highlander Had Been captured by the Germans Is Disposed of by References in Casualty Lists—Congratulatory Messages Pour In on Government—London Praise Canadians.

TAWA, April 27. — "Canadians ed themselves with glory. Their sm is most highly appreciated adquarters. In reserve yesterday four days' fighting."

is message, received by cable rday from J. J. Carrick, M.P., is at the Canadian headquarters ie front, brought much relief. The Canadians will now have a after their terrific work. A fur-list of officers wounded in the t fighting near Ypres was red at the Militia Department last. A feature of last night's list at it includes members of the Highlanders of Toronto, who own as the 15th Battalion of verseas force.

is disposes of the rumor that John A. Currie, M.P., and his ent had been captured, and that were the 1,000 Canadians whom Germans claim to have taken ners.

thing whatever has been receiv-the Department concerning the ery nor concerning the report Berlin hat the Germans had red one thousand Canadians. sample of the way in which the us achievement of the Cana-troops and their heavy losses ken in Canada as found in a am from Major S. C. Scobell, of atharines, Ont., to Gen. Hughes, ready to go to front to help fill

ssages of a congratulatory na-continue to pour into the Gov-ent, and a wave of intense pa-sm is evidently sweeping the ry. Sir George Perley, acting Commissioner for Canada in on, cabled:

ll London is praising the conus gallant, of the troops."

n. Lewis Harcourt, Secretary of for the Colonies, says:

ritain is proud of her Canadian ers." The Prime Minister and: "I am most grateful for your ge, which will be deeply appre-by the people of the Domin-

re names of Canadian officers led in the great Canadian attack of Ypres were received in Ot-last night. They include one, two captains and five lieuten-

ably no battalion has suffered vily in the great engagement of Ypres as the fourth, com-ed by Lt-Col. Birchall, who was. This battalion lost three off-illed and 14 wounded, which es the second in command, Lt-Buell and both majors, all of were wounded. The fourth reputation as being the most nt fighting unit in the division as praised after a recent inspec-y Gen. Sir Horace Smith-Dor-who is in command of the Se-Army, of which the Canadians part. The battalion comprises nies recruited from counties Toronto, including Peel, Haldi-Dufferin, Cayuga and Bruce. ond Battalion—Wounded Capt. Bowman.

LANDING ON GALLIPOLI

Allied Troops Continue Land Advance at Straits.

General Attack on Dardanelles By Water, Land and Air Was Resum-ed on Sunday and Russians Are Attacking Bosphorus Side—Land-ing Accomplished In Spite of Serious Resistance.

LONDON, April 27. — All that is known of the attack on the Dandanelles is contained in a brief report issued by the War Office and Admiralty last night, which simply says that in spite of serious opposition, troops have been successfully landed at various point on the Gallipoli peninsula, and that their advance continues.

The attack is being made by land, the sea and the air. The allied air-men are playing an important part in the operations, in locating and dropping bombs on the Turkish guns and trenches and directing the fire of the warships which are covering the land-ing of the troops. The Russians are doing their share by making a demon-stration against the forts at the Black Sea entrance of the Bosphorus.

The following official announce-ment was given out in London yesterday:

"The general attack on the Dar-danelles by the fleet and the army was resumed Sunday.

"The disembarkation of the army, covered by the fleet, began before sunrise at various points on the Galli-poli Peninsula, and in spite of serious opposition from the enemy in strong entrenchments protected by barbed wire, was completely suc-cessful.

"Before nightfall large forces were established on shore. The land-ing of the army and the advance continues."

British troops have been brought from Egypt and French soldiers are believed to have come from the southern shores of the Mediterranean. There have been despatches recently relating to the movements of British and French transports in the direc-tion of the Aegean Sea.

A report is current that Kitchen-er's new army to the number of 100,000 and even 200,000 men is in the Aegean. A recent despatch from Egypt disclosed that Gen. Ian Hamil-ton, of the Britis army, was in com-mand of an expeditionary force des-tined for European Turkey, compos-ed of British and French troops.

DEWAR IDENTIFIES GAS.

Scientist Says Deadly Fumes Are From Liquid Chlorine.

LONDON, April 27. — At least one distinguished British scientist has no doubt as to the nature of the widely-discussed thick yellow smoke which has been emitted from advanced German lines, and which an official French communique describes as producing "the effect of complete asphyxiation upon our troops, which was felt even in our second line of positions."

Sir James Dewar, president of the Royal Institution, asserted to a Daily Chronicle representative in terms that left no room for doubt or un-certainty that it is latest and most diabolical German weapon to be di-rected against the allies is liquid chlorine. He said:

"For some years Germany has

BATTLE STILL RAGING

Severe Fighting Continues to Northeast of Ypres.

War Office Report: That the General Situation in Flanders Remains Unchanged—Despite Gallant Resistance of Canadians Enemy Has Captured St. Julien, an Unimportant Village—Britain Optimistic.

LONDON, April 27. — The British War Office has issued the following statement respecting the battle around Ypres:

"First—Severe fighting to the northeast of Ypres still continues, the general situation remaining un-changed. Our left flank, in readjust-ing its line to meet the altered con-ditions due to the forced retirement of the French, had to face to the north and to extend to the west be-yond St. Julien.

"This extension weakened our line for a time, and after a very gal-lant resistance by the Canadians against superior numbers, St. Julien was captured by the enemy. Our lines now run south of that place.

"Second—Our troops to the east of Ypres have borne the brunt of re-peated heavy attacks, which they stubbornly opposed throughout the battle in an entirely unexpected sit-uation, which has demanded the ex-ercise of gallantry and fortitude by the men, and quick resource and other military qualities by their com-manders.

"Third—Attack were also deliv-ered Sunday by the Germans on the east of the Ypres salient. In spite of the use by the enemy of asphyx-iating gases, the attacks were repul-sed, and German officers and men were captured.

"In the fighting during the last three days we have inflicted very heavy casualties on the Germans. Our losses also have been heavy. The German wireless report that four British heavy guns were captured is untrue.

"One of our aviators dropped bombs on the Courtrai station yes-terday afternoon and destroyed the junction. Although wounded, he brought his machine safely back to our lines."

The capture of St. Julien, as re-ported in the British official state-ment, is not important, this town be-ing on the extreme northern verge of the British lines, and being about three miles northwest of Ypres. It was on the line of the British ad-vanced trenches, occupied by the Canadians. The British forces are evidently waiting for a favorable op-portunity to rush this village.

While the majority of those ca-pable of forming an opinion believe that the Germans by the stroke they have delivered against the British, French and Belgians, are once again aiming at Dunkirk and Calais, there are others who believe that it is only a feint in force to draw the allies' reserves while preparations are being made for an attack at some other part of the long line.

Whatever are the intentions of the Germans, they certainly made a coup, which, while it did not break, did dinge the allied lines. The Canadians, who were holding the British portion of the lines, were the first to recover them, and in an encounter the praises of which are ringing throughout the Empire—recaptured the ground they had been compelled to give, and, since then, with their comrades have

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26m Napanea

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Physician Surgeon, etc.
Late House Surgeon of the Kingston General Hospital
Office—North side of Dundas Street, between West and Robert Streets, Napanea. 217

DEROCHE & DEROCHE.
H. M. Deroche, K. C., C. C. A. J.
H. M. P. Deroche, B. A.
Barristers Etc.
MONEY TO LOAN
Mr. H. M. P. Deroche will be in Tam-worth every Wednesday.

D. R. BENSON
Graduate Ontario Veterinary College,
has opened an office second door south of Express Printing Office, where he may be consulted on all diseases of Domestic Animals. All latest veterinary sciences. Residence: West Street, near Madden's grocery.

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Canada's Highest Grade Business School offers superior courses in Book-keeping, Shorthand, Civil Service and all commercial subjects. Our graduates secure best posi-tions. Particulars free.
H. E. METCALF, Principal.

THE FOUR PARTNERS.
They Wanted to Hear Patti Sing, and There Was Trouble.

In the year 1869 Adelina Patti visited the city of Maastricht, in Holland. The great singer was at the height of her fame, and as the management of the theatre had to pay her a large sum the price of seats was put at twice the usual amount.

Four impecunious, music loving citizens of Maastricht desired to hear the great singer and, not being financially able to buy a seat apiece, put their money together and bought one seat for the opera of "Lucia." Each was see one of the four acts, and they drew lots to see in what order they should attend.

On the evening of the performance everything went well until the fourth act. When the third act was over the man who held the seat left the opera house and, hastening to the Cafe Venetian, passed over the seat check to his successor. The latter, a hatmaker named Groonyer, immediately took his place, congratulating himself that he would have the last view of the great singer. But when the act opened, his dis-

...the second in command, Lt. Buell and both majors, all of whom were wounded. The fourth a reputation as being the most efficient fighting unit in the division was praised after a recent inspection by Gen. Sir Horace Smith-Dorrien, who is in command of the Second Army, of which the Canadians are a part. The battalion comprises companies recruited from counties in Toronto, including Peel, Haldimand, Dufferin, Cayuga and Bruce.

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Fourth Battalion—Seriously wounded, Major Ballantyne.

Fifth Battalion—Wounded, Lieut. W. L. Fox and Lieut. H. R. Armstrong.

Sixth Battalion—Wounded, Lieut. F. S. Molson.

Seventh Battalion—Wounded, Lt. J. A. Dansereau and Capt. George MacLaren.

Eighth Battalion—Wounded, Lt. H. F. Hartzburg.

The following list of casualties was received early this morning:

First Battalion—Dangerously ill, Wm. Thomas Shaw. Died of wounds, Pte. Alexander McL. Elliott.

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German lines, and which an official French communiqué describes as producing "the effect of complete asphyxiation upon our troops, which was felt even in our second line of positions."

Sir James Dewar, president of the Royal Institution, asserted to a Daily Chronicle representative in terms that left no room for doubt or uncertainty that this latest and most diabolical German weapon to be directed against the allies is liquid chlorine. He said:

"For some years Germany has been manufacturing chlorine in tremendous quantities. The Germans undoubtedly have hundreds of tons available for this terrible purpose. If, say, several tons of the liquid are allowed to escape into the atmosphere, it immediately evaporates and forms the yellow gases referred to in the official report and if the wind is blowing in a favorable direction, it is the easiest thing in the world for the Germans to inundate the country with poison for miles ahead. The fact that gas is three times heavier than air makes escape from its disastrous effect almost impossible, for it drifts like a thick fog along the surface of the ground, overwhelming all whom it overtakes."

Went For Cat; Got Bad Shock.

FORT WILLIAM, Ont., April 27.—Norman Taylor, chief engineer of the tug Morrison, is in the hospital in a very serious condition as a result of burns and shock received when he came in contact with an electric power line containing 22,000 volts, late Sunday night.

Taylor climbed one of the high poles for a cat which had run up to the cross arms. When he reached the top he placed one hand on the cat at the same time his foot came in contact with a ground wire running down the pole. He was knocked off and fell horribly burned. The cat was burned to a cinder.

Warning: To Italy.

ROME, April 27.—(Via Paris.)—An energetic campaign is being conducted in the Italian press on behalf of the allies. Every day there appear telegrams from Petrograd warning Italy that if she does not soon intervene she will lose everything. It is said the allies have decided to give nothing, in case they are victorious, to a neutral power which, in the words of Jules Cambon, the French diplomat, "rushes to succor the victor."

The newspapers also publish long reproductions from the French press stating that Italy's participation in the war is imminent.

Don't Want Women Conductors.

CARDIFF, Wales, April 27.—At a mass meeting of street car men held Sunday resolutions were passed protesting against the employment of women conductors and warning the City Council that if it persists in its policy of using women as conductors the men will refuse to work with them.

\$100 Reward, \$100

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by all Druggists, 75c. Take Hall's Family Pills for Constipation.

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Banish the "Blues!"

If you have that depressed feeling it's more than likely that your blood is out of order—impooverished or poisoned.

There is only one thing that will alter your present condition—that's to restore your stomach to normal health and strength. For a weak or diseased stomach cannot make good blood. If your digestion is bad your food will not make the good blood which nourishes body, brain, heart and nerve.

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery

helps the stomach to do its work naturally and properly. Stimulates the liver. The system is freed from poison. The blood is purified. Every organ is rejuvenated. Instead of the "Blues," you feel fit and strong, equal to any task or up to any pleasure.

This great remedy has proved its worth year after year for over forty years. Let it prove its worth to you. Sold by medicine dealers in tablet or liquid form or send 50c for trial box by mail.

Send 31 one-cent stamps to pay cost of mailing only on a free copy of Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser, 1008 pages, clothbound. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo.

TRACING COUNTERFEITERS.

The Secret Service Agents Have a Speedily Effective System.

Some time ago one of the local banks caught during the day a counterfeit ten dollar bill. It was such a clever counterfeit it would pass anybody but an expert. The next day ten or fifteen more of the bad bills were found in the city.

Then the government's machinery to protect its currency began to work. But there was nothing mysterious about its working. In the office of the secret service here an official sat all afternoon smoking and looking at specimens of counterfeit currency. Huge clouds of smoke rose from his pipe. That kept up all day. The render of detective tales who believes the secret service works in a mysterious way would have been distinctly disappointed. But at last the pipe dropped from the lips of the man sitting at the desk in the federal building with a whole pile of greenbacks in front of him. He took up two bills and compared them carefully. Then he studied them again, noting every little curve and characteristic mark. He stepped to the telephone and called the United States prison at Leavenworth.

"Was James Ward, alias Stewart, alias Nolan, in prison?"

No. James of the two aliases had been out six months. Then telegrams went out to certain officers in certain cities. How they located James Ward the government keeps as a secret. Later the counterfeiter was arrested at Springfield, Ill., and his outfit for raising bills was found with him.

And so another counterfeiter was caught and put out of business. How was it done? Simple enough if you belong to the secret service. Every counterfeiter has some distinguishing characteristic in his work, some little curve or break in a line that gives him away. The secret service agent compared the new counterfeit with dozens of old counterfeits. At last he found the telltale distinguishing characteristic. And the rest was easy.

James of the two aliases and a counterfeiting device had served three terms before. So there was plenty of his samples.—Kansas City Times.

STOCKBROKERS OF PARIS.

When They Fail They Are Invariably Treated as Criminals.

RISE OF THE KRUPPS.

The Great German Gun Works Started in a Small Iron Foundry.

The famous German armament firm of Krupp, which is the greatest industrial enterprise in the world in the hands of a private firm, had its beginning in a small iron foundry which Friedrich Krupp established in the early years of the last century.

For thirty years he had to cope with constant financial and other difficulties, and the reputation of Krupp, which now fills the world, is said to have originated through a block of steel which the firm showed at the London exhibition of 1851.

It was the rapid growth of Prussia into a military power of the first rank, however, followed by the unification of Germany and the consequent creation of the vast German army, which gave the firm its great opportunity, and ultimately its almost unexampled prosperity, as the manufacturers of artillery and ammunition.

Other powers, not only in Europe, but eventually in Asia and on the American continent, followed the German example in their attempts to perfect their armaments, and Krupp received a great part of their orders. The business representation of the great firm was extended throughout the world and assumed the dimensions of the diplomatic service of a government.—London Answers.

SAVAGE WARFARE.

German Methods Put Practices of American Indians to Shame.

The prisoners of 22 German universities signed a paper declaring that the German atrocities in Belgium were greatly exaggerated, and that such as were committed were isolated acts of brutality by ruffianly soldiers acting without orders. The Belgian Commission of Inquiry replies by publishing the actual text of orders and proclamations issued by the generals in command of the invading army. At Hasselt on August 17 a notice was posted up stating that "in the case of civilians shooting on the German army one-third of the population will be shot." At Andenne the German general believed or suspected that a "treacherous" attack had been made on his troops. The inhabitants denied that there was any treachery. "It was with my consent," said General von Bulow "that the general had the whole

WARSHIP DESIGNS

Work Involved in the Planning of a Dreadnought.

A TASK OF MANY PROBLEMS.

The Monster Armored Naval Battery Must Be Steady in a Heavy Sea, Else She Is Not a Good Gun Platform. Wonderful Accuracy in Results.

Talk of a Chinese puzzle. It is nothing to the problem set before a naval designer who has to build a battleship.

Here he has a steel structure of such and such a length and breadth and depth, and into this space, which is controlled by hard and fast measurements, he has to fit so much coal, so much armament, room for so much ammunition, quarters for so many men, space for engines of a certain power and also allow for an immense weight of armor.

Take the original Dreadnought, for instance. The task which was given to Sir Philip Watts was to plan a battleship capable of steaming 4,000 miles at 21 knots, with room for 800 officers and men and able to carry ten twelve-inch guns with eighty rounds of ammunition for each.

She had also to be enormously, heavily armored. This armor alone when the sum was worked out was found to weigh nearly 10,000 tons and the necessary coal to weigh 2,500 tons. The guns and their mountings weighed 1,600 tons, their ammunition 450 tons.

When you add to this that the boilers and machinery of the first Dreadnought were calculated to weigh not less than 1,200 tons the reader may begin to get some faint idea of the difficulties before the designer.

We have not even mentioned the smaller but quite important details, such as boats—some of them large steam launches sixty feet long—anchors and cables of gigantic size and weight, torpedoes, etc.

To be a good naval designer a man must be far more than a mere naval architect. He must have the most extensive knowledge of all sorts of craft and be blessed with a large share of imagination into the bargain.

Now take the Dreadnought again. She is 480 feet long. If her hull had been built of the same shape as previous battleships she would have been very unhandy. Her great length would have prevented her from turning quickly, as is always necessary in a sea fight.

Sir Philip got over this difficulty by shortening her keel base. Under water she is very like a racing yacht, being much shorter below water than above. Another clever dodge of her designer was to fit two rudders abreast well under the stern. The same dodge has been adopted in all the Dreadnoughts, with the result that they are wonderfully quick to answer their helms.

Quite apart from the marvelous internal fittings of a great warship and the utilization of every inch of space inside the hull, the hull itself is a nerve straining problem. A battleship must not only be fast, she must also be a good sea boat.

This is all important, for if she is not steady in a heavy sea she is not a good gun platform.

STORIES OF FLAG

Origins of Some of the Emblems of European Nations.

THE TRICOLOR OF BELGIUM

It Was Originally the Standard of Duchy of Brabant—Complex Col of Austria and the Flags of Germany, France, England and Russia.

Prior to the Franco-Prussian war 1870 the German empire was little more than a group of scattered states. When they combined into a single empire, however, traces of all their flags were combined in the resultant standard.

To be sure, the colors of Prussia—black and white—and the Prussian eagle enter very largely into it, but must be remembered that this country became at that time the head and ruler of all the others. Besides smaller states, there were also flags of East and West Prussia included. That of West Prussia was black, white, black, three stripes equal diameter, running the length of the flag. That of East Prussia consisted of two such stripes, the upper black and the lower white. The "jack" of the imperial navy consisted of three horizontal stripes, the upper black, the middle white and the lower red. The much prized iron cross (dating back to the end of the twelfth century) is in the center. This red stripe appears in the final war ensign of the empire, in which the tricolor (black, white, red) appears in the upper quarter, with the iron cross upon it, while the remaining three-quarters are white with the royal arms in the center. A black cross divides the whole flag into quarters.

The flag of Austria is a very complex affair. To begin with, the various Austrian provinces have their own flags. Bohemia is red-white, Tyrol white-red, Dalmatia is blue-yellow. Croatia is blue-red, Croatia is red-white-blue and Istria is yellow-white-blue. Then again, Austria-Hungary being a dual monarchy, both Austria and Hungary must be separately represented and fully on the flag. Fortunately this combination was rendered easy by the fact that portions of flags of both countries were already the same. Thus, the Austrian flag was red-white-red, the Hungarian was red-white-green. Compromise was effected by dividing the lowest horizontal stripe in two, and leaving half red while the remainder was green. The arms of both countries also appear on the flag. This was decided upon March 6, 1869.

The imperial standard of the czar of all the Russias is of brilliant yellow in the center of which is a large double-headed black eagle. This flag dates from the year 1472, when Ivan the Great married Sophia, a niece of Constantine Palaeologus, and thence assumed the arms of the Greek empire. On the breast of the eagle is an escutcheon bearing on its red field the figure of St. George slaying the dragon, the whole being surrounded by the collar of the Order of Andrew. On the displayed wings of the eagle are other shields bearing the arms of Kiev, Novgorod, Vladimir, etc.

away. The secret service agent compared the new counterfeit with dozens of old counterfeits. At last he found the telltale distinguishing characteristic. And the rest was easy.

James of the two aliases and a counterfeiting device had served three terms before. So there was plenty of his samples.—Kansas City Times.

STOCKBROKERS OF PARIS.

When They Fail They Are Invariably Treated as Criminals.

An agent de change (Paris stock-broker) can under the rule of the code of commerce never be adjudged bankrupt pure and simple, his insolvency always involving more or less criminal responsibility. In the absence of fraud the penalty is hard labor for a term, but in case of fraud the punishment is no less than hard labor for life.

The public, however, never suffers from the insolvency of an agent de change, because his liabilities, no matter what they amount to, are always taken care of and liquidated in full by the other members of the corporation, who contribute obligatorily each year to a sort of insurance fund or reserve for this purpose. Besides, each of them must before being appointed make a deposit of 250,000 or 300,000 francs at the treasury, which allows them an interest of 2½ per cent.

An agent de change, according to section 85 of the code of commerce, must not transact any commercial or banking business for his own account. He must have no financial interest in any commercial enterprise, whether in his own name or under an assumed name. He cannot even receive payment or settle any account on behalf of his clients. The penalty for the violation of this rule may be a fine of 3,000 francs and eventually the dismissal of the offender.—Exchange.

Wires Near Houses.

The sight of a man trimming a tree suddenly falling to the ground, killed by a shock from an electric wire against which the branches were blown, leads Philip E. Edelman to suggest in the Scientific American that not nearly enough care is taken in stringing high power wires to keep them far away from trees, barns and houses. Mr. Edelman says that every municipality should require high voltage wires to be separated from all neighboring objects by a distance of not less than eight or ten feet.—New York World.

A Rebuke.

"Mary followed Edward," mumbled the high school girl who was trying to fix the sovereigns of England in her mind.

"What's that?" spoke up grandma, who had been dozing.

"Mary followed Edward."

"Then you keep away from Mary. I don't want you to go with them kind. Girls is getting too bold."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Worried.

"That dog of Black's will be the death of me, barking at me every time I pass."

"But barking dogs don't bite."

"I know, but I'd rather be bitten at once than kept in suspense."—Philadelphia Ledger.

**Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA**

Belgian Commission of Inquiry replies by publishing the actual text of orders and proclamations issued by the generals in command of the invading army. At Hasselt on August 17 a notice was posted up stating that "in the case of civilians shooting on the German army one-third of the population will be shot." At Andenne the German general believed or suspected that a "treacherous" attack had been made on his troops. The inhabitants denied that there was any treachery. "It was with my consent," said General von Bulow "that the general had the whole place burnt down and a hundred people shot." In fact, the number was over 200. This same general proclaimed at Namur a rigorous house-to-house inspection. "Every soldier found will be immediately shot." Arms and ammunition were to be given up. "Penalty: being shot." At Wavre a levy of £120,000 was demanded, with the threat that if it were not promptly paid the town would be set on fire and destroyed: "without distinction of persons, the innocent will suffer with the guilty." Marshal von der Goltz announced that if any attempt were made to injure or damage was done to railways or telegraph lines, hostages taken from the adjacent localities would be "immediately shot."

The very name "hostages" used in German military documents is an admission of a violation of the rules of civilization. It means that the innocent are to be punished for the crimes of the guilty—if defending one's home can be described as guilt. Repeatedly it has been admitted that a town has been burned or a number of innocent people killed because some one fired upon German troops or is alleged to have done so.

The people of England have been furnished with additional evidence as to German modes of warfare by the attacks on Scarborough, Whitby and Hartlepool, for which there was no military reason or justification. It was on a par with the practices of the most ferocious Indian tribes in the early days of American settlement, when women and children were tomahawked in their homes. The comparison is hardly fair to the Indians, who made no claim to "culture" and who sometimes had received grievous provocation from the whites.

Relationship.

Two women, who had not seen each other for some time, met one day recently. They conversed on various subjects of interest, and finally Mrs. Hillman asked:

"Do you remember Emily Joyce? She was an orphan, you know."

"Why, yes; I remember her," replied Mrs. Knowlton, "but she wasn't an orphan."

"Oh, yes, she was," insisted the other, "what makes you think she wasn't?"

"Why," said Mrs. Knowlton, with assurance, "she had a sister, Ida, that I knew well."

"Did she?" queried Mrs. Hillman in surprise, "well, maybe she wasn't then."

Women Back at Work.

A large number of former women telegraphists at the postoffice who have left the department in recent years to get married are resuming their old work in London, in order to fill the gap left by the many men who have gone to the front, either as combatants or on special service. When the girls bade farewell to the sounder and the tape they were asked as a matter of form whether they would return to work in a national emergency, and the authorities are now communicating with those who replied in the affirmative. A very satisfactory response is understood to have been received.

was to act two rudders abreast, well under the stern. The same dodge has been adopted in all the Dreadnoughts, with the result that they are wonderfully quick to answer their helms.

Quite apart from the marvelous internal fittings of a great warship and the utilization of every inch of space inside the hull, the hull itself is a nerve straining problem. A battleship must not only be fast, she must also be a good sea boat.

This is all important, for if she is not steady in a heavy sea she is not a good gun platform.

To gain the requisite combination of speed and steadiness each new warship, as soon as her plans are complete, is built up in model, and these models are tested in a big tank 500 or 600 feet long. The models, which are built absolutely to scale, are drawn through the water at certain speeds, and the waves which they make are measured by a clever apparatus too technical to be here described.

The designing of a new type of battleship is not a one man job. When a new departure is to be made the members of the board of admiralty call together a number of naval experts, and the opinion of each is asked and discussed. When the general design has been approved then the director of naval construction and his assistants get to work.

The extraordinary accuracy of such work may be gathered from the following:

The Majestic, of 15,000 tons, was designed by Sir William White. When finished and armed she was exactly, to a very few pounds, the weight which he had estimated beforehand, while her center of gravity was within two inches of the point which he had previously fixed on.—London Answers.

Military Age in Montenegro.

In Montenegro in peace times the military age runs between the generous limits of sixteen and sixty-five, and on the first rumor of war the veteran and the schoolboy alike flock to the flag. And a story is told (in sober works of history) of one warrior of eighty, who, on being told he was too old, drew his pistol and shot himself as being of no further use to his country.—London Chronicle.

Not Accommodating.

"Why did you quit dealing with Squills, the druggist?"

"He wasn't accommodating," replied the girl addressed. "The other day I phoned for him to send around a two cent stamp and he refused."—Kansas City Journal.

Lucky Mermaid.

Of course the mermaid may have other little feminine weaknesses, but she does not wear tight shoes.—Galveston News.

We do not know how cheap the seeds of happiness are or we should scatter them oftener.—Lowell.

Amount Destroyed by Emden.

During her career of activity the Emden destroyed British ships valued at \$5,600,000 without their cargoes and sank a Russian cruiser and a French destroyer in the harbor of Penang, a British possession in the Straits Settlements.

Scenting Scandal.

"I understand that demure little Mrs. Jinks always crooks her elbow on a certain occasion."

"You don't say so! When was it?"

"When she carries the baby on her arm."

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The well known tricolor of France is made up of three stripes—white and red—running not the length but the width of the flag. It is from the era of the French revolution and came into existence in 1793. It has been the national flag since, but slight variations. In 1794 the color was also made the jack of French navy.

The union jack of Great Britain composed of the three crosses of St. George, St. Patrick and St. Andrew. That of the first was a broad red cross dividing the white flag into four squares; the white cross of St. Andrew, on a blue background, ran corner to corner diagonally, while the cross of St. Patrick ran in the other direction. If the union jack be lined it will be found to be composed of these three crosses, as stated. The flag was first unfurled in 1501, or union in that year of Great Britain (England, Scotland and Wales). Ireland.

The flag of Belgium is composed of a tricolor—black, yellow and red—running up and down—that is, the vertical and not the length of the flag. The royal standard has the arms placed in the center of the yellow stripe. This was adopted as the national flag in 1831, being originally the colors of the duchy of Brabant.

From 1477 until 1506 Belgium belonged to Austria, but on the 1st date it fell into the hands of France. In 1795 and for some years following it was held by France, and in 1815 was handed over to the Prince of Orange, but in 1830 the Belgians against the Hollanders and established their independence. The flag which now flown was then adopted.—Wilmington Post.

Why She Liked It.

Anna—How do you like being engaged to Jack? Agnes (a literary girl). Oh, it's wonderful! The dear fellow calls me a poem, envelops me in arms and seals with a kiss!—Judge.

Life is a little gleam of time between two eternities.—Carlyle.

Impossible.

"Watter, has my friend Miller been?"

"Miller—Miller! Oh, yes, the gentleman has just paid his bill and is out."

"Paid his bill! Then it wasn't a Man Lacht."

Where the Appeal Comes.

Mrs. Muggins—Does your husband appeal to you as a vocalist? Mrs. Jinks—Not exactly. In fact, it's the other way. When he begins to sing I feel to him.—Philadelphia Record.

STORIES OF FLAGS

Origins of Some of the Emblems of European Nations.

THE TRICOLOR OF BELGIUM.

Was Originally the Standard of the Duchy of Brabant—Complex Colors of Austria and the Flags of Germany, France, England and Russia.

Prior to the Franco-Prussian war of 570 the German empire was little more than a group of scattered states. When they combined into a single empire, however, traces of all their flags were combined in the resultant standard.

To be sure, the colors of Prussia—black and white—and the Prussian eagle enter very largely into it, but it must be remembered that this country came at that time the head and elder of all the others. Besides the smaller states, there were also the empires of East and West Prussia to be included. That of West Prussia was black, white, black, three stripes of equal diameter, running the length of the flag. That of East Prussia consisted of two such stripes, the upper black and the lower white. The "black" of the imperial navy consists of three horizontal stripes, the upper black, the middle white and the lower red. The much prized iron cross (dating back to the end of the twelfth century) is in the center. This red stripe appears in the final war ensign of the empire, in which the tricolor (black, white, red) appears in the upper quarter, with the iron cross upon it, while the remaining three-quarters are white, with the royal arms in the center. A black cross divides the whole flag into quarters.

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The imperial standard of the czar of the Russias is of brilliant yellow, the center of which is a large double-headed black eagle. This flag dates from the year 1472, when Ivan the Great married Sophia, a niece of Constantine Palaeologus, and thence assumed the arms of the Greek empire. In the breast of the eagle is an escutcheon bearing on its red field in silver the figure of St. George slaying the dragon, the whole being surrounded by the collar of the Order of St. Andrew. On the displayed wings of the eagle are other shields bearing the arms of Kiev, Novgorod, Vladimir

THE MARKETS

CHICAGO, April 26.—Rumors that Italy was about to declare war on Austria and on Germany as well, led to a good deal of selling today in the wheat market here. As a result prices closed unsettled at a range varying from 2½¢ decline to ¼¢ advance, compared with Saturday night. Corn suffered a net loss of 1½¢ to 1½¢, oats of ½¢ to ¾¢, and provisions 1½¢ to 17½¢.

Increased country offerings put pressure on corn. The market was also handicapped by the slowness of cash demand. Argentine crop damage news appeared to have lost influence. Oats were governed chiefly by the action of corn. Rains also favored the bears.

TORONTO GRAIN MARKET.

Wheat, fall, bushel.....	\$1 40 to \$1 50
Goose wheat, bushel.....	1 30
Ruckwheat, bushel.....	0 85
Barley, bushel.....	0 83
Peas, bushel.....	1 35
Oats, bushel.....	0 64
Rye, bushel.....	1 15

TORONTO DAIRY MARKET.

Butter, creamery, lb. eq.....	0 35
Butter, creamery, solids.....	0 35
Cheese, new, large.....	0 13½
Cheese, twin.....	0 19½
Eggs, new-laid.....	0 21
Honey, new, lb.....	0 12

WINNIPEG GRAIN MARKET.

WINNIPEG, April 26.—Wheat made new high records again today. Oats advanced ¼¢ on both months, and flax advanced ½¢ to 1¼¢. Cash trade is reported almost at a standstill, with no new export business.

Inspections, 233, against 287 last year. Wheat futures closed 1¼¢ to 1½¢ higher: cash, ¼¢ to ½¢ lower; oats, ½¢ to ¾¢ lower, and flax closed ¼¢ higher.

MONTREAL GRAIN MARKET.

MONTREAL, April 26.—There was little demand from foreign buyers for American new crop winter wheat, and only a few bids were received for Manitoba grades, which were generally out of line. Demand for coarse grains for domestic account continues slow. Flour is firm. Millfeed in fair demand. Butter slow and weaker. Cheese quiet and easy. Eggs firm.

CATTLE MARKETS

UNION STOCK YARDS.

TORONTO, April 26.—Receipts of live stock at the Union Yards were 1841 cattle, 672 hogs, 36 sheep and 214 calves.

Butchers' Cattle.

Choice heavy steers, \$7.75 to \$8.15; choice butchers' steers and heifers, \$7.50 to \$7.75; good to choice steers and heifers at \$7.25 to \$7.50; good steers and heifers at \$6.90 to \$7.15; medium steers and heifers at \$6.50 to \$6.90; common at \$6.25 to \$6.50; choice cows, \$6.50 to \$6.75; good cows at \$6.25 to \$6.50; medium cows at \$5.50 to \$5.75; common cows at \$5 to \$5.50; canners and cutters at \$3.75 to \$4.75; bulls at \$5.50 to \$6.75.

Stockers and Feeders.

Feeders, 800 to 900 lbs., sold at \$6.25 to \$7; feeders, 600 to 800 lbs., sold at \$6.25 to \$6.60; stockers, 500 to 600 lbs., at \$5.50 to \$5.75.

Milkers and Springers.

Choice fresh cows and forward springers sold at \$50 to \$55 each, and medium to good at \$50 to \$65; common at \$40 to \$50.

Veal Calves.

Choice veal calves, \$9 to \$10; good, \$8 to \$8.50; medium, \$7 to \$7.50; common calves, \$4 to \$5.25; bobs, \$2.50 to \$3.

Sheep and Lambs.

Sheep, ewes, sold at \$7 to \$8; heavy sheep and rams, \$4.50 to \$6; yearling lambs, \$7.50 to \$10; spring lambs at \$5 to \$10 each.

Hogs.

Selects sold at \$8.75 weighed off cars.

MONTREAL LIVE STOCK.

MONTREAL, April 26.—At the Montreal Stock Yards, west end market, a stronger feeling developed for cattle to-day, and prices, as compared with a week ago, showed an advance of 25¢ per cwt.

Butchers' cattle, choice, \$8 to \$8.25; do, medium, \$6.50 to \$7.50; do, common, \$5 to \$5.50; canners, \$3.50 to \$4; butchers' cattle, choice cows, \$6.50 to \$6.75; do, medium, \$5.50 to \$6; do, bulls, \$5.75 to \$7; milkers, choice, each, \$70 to \$75; do, common and medium, each, \$60 to \$65; springers, \$50 to \$55.

Sheep, ewes, \$6 to \$6.25; bucks and culls, \$5.50 to \$5.75.

WHY SEVEN WOMEN DESIRE ONE HUSBAND

Symbolic Picture of Present-Day Religious Conditions.

Woman a Symbol of the Church—Jewish Marriage Typical of the Union of Christ and His Church—The True Church a Betrothed Virgin—"The Marriage of the Lamb"—Who Is the One Man?



PASTOR RUSSELL

Rochester, N.Y., April 18.—Pastor Russell's text to-day was, "Seven women shall take hold of one Man in that Day, saying, We will eat our own bread and wear our own apparel; only let us be called by Thy name, to take away our reproach." — Isaiah 4:1.

The Pastor showed that throughout the Scriptures a woman is the symbol of the Church—a pure woman of a pure Church, a corrupt woman of a false Church. Our Lord compared the true Church in the end of the Gospel Age to a company of virgins—some wise and some foolish—and Himself to the bridegroom. St. Paul amplifies the figure, declaring, "I have espoused you (the consecrated Church) as a chaste virgin unto one husband, which is Christ." (2 Corinthians 11:2.) Here, as well as in our Lord's parable of the Ten Virgins, the Jewish marriage is set forth as typical of the union between Christ and the Church—a very different figure from our marriage custom.

In olden time, when a betrothal took place, legal and binding documents were signed by or for the contracting parties; but no actual marriage occurred for about a year. While waiting for the bridegroom to take her to his own house, the espoused virgin was expected to be as faithful to her espousal as is now expected of any true wife. We see the harmony between this custom and our Lord's dealings with His Church.

No one is espoused to our Lord who has not entered into a definite contract with Him. The Lord's part of this contract is the assurance through the Scriptures that if faithful the Church shall be His joint-heir in His Millennial Kingdom. The Church's part is a covenant of consecration, loyalty even unto death. The interim between our personal acceptance of our Lord's gracious promises by a full consecration of our all to Him and His service until we actually die corresponds to the betrothal period of the Jewish maiden. But the more exact fulfillment of the figure is found in the history of the Church as a whole. Our Lord's virgin Church was espoused to Him at Pentecost, and has since been waiting for the Bridegroom's coming and her resurrection change to glory, honor and immortality—the union, the marriage.

"Seven Women in That Day."

Then the Pastor proceeded to explain the meaning of his text. The number seven is well recognized throughout the Scriptures as a symbol of completeness; and so it may here signify all the churches of this

TWO WOMEN SAVED FROM OPERATIONS

By Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound—Their Own Stories Here Told.

Edmonton, Alberta, Can. — "I think it is no more than right for me to thank you for what your kind advice and Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound have done for me.

"When I wrote to you some time ago I was a very sick woman suffering from female troubles. I had organic inflammation and could not stand or walk any distance. At last I was confined to my bed, and the doctor said I would have to go through an operation, but this I refused to do. A friend advised Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and now, after using three bottles of it, I feel like a new woman. I most heartily recommend your medicine to all women who suffer with female troubles. I have also taken Lydia E. Pinkham's Liver Pills, and think they are fine. I will never be without the medicine in the house."—Mrs. FRANK EMBLEY, 903 Columbia Avenue, Edmonton, Alberta.

The Other Case.

Beatrice, Neb. — "Just after my marriage my left side began to pain me and the pain got so severe at times that I suffered terribly with it. I visited three doctors and each one wanted to operate on me but I would not consent to an operation. I heard of the good Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound was doing for others and I used several bottles of it with the result that I haven't been bothered with my side since then. I am in good health and I have two little girls."—Mrs. R. B. CHILD, Beatrice, Neb.

AN INVALUABLE TREE.

Supplies Almost All of the Necessities of Life.

A traveler was journeying through those countries lying under a burning sun, where the freshness of shade is rare, and the habitations of man are found only at considerable distances from each other. Sinking with fatigue, the exhausted traveler beheld a hut, surrounded by trees with tall, straight stems, surmounted by a bunch of great leaves, some standing upright, others hanging down gracefully, and presenting a beautiful and elegant appearance. Nothing else near this cabin spoke of cultivation.

Encouraged by this sight, the traveler made a last struggle, reached the hut, and was kindly received under the hospitable roof.

First his host offered him a slightly acid drink, which quenched his thirst and refreshed him. When the stranger had rested himself awhile, the Indian invited him to partake of a repast, and served different dishes on a brown platter, shining brightly and highly polished. The Indian offered also a wine possessing an extremely pleasant flavor. Toward the end of the repast, he brought a quantity of excellent comfits, and invited the traveler to try an excellent kind of brandy.

The traveler, in astonishment, asked

the Russians as brilliant yellow, the center of which is a large double-headed black eagle. This flag dates from the year 1472, when Ivan the Great married Sophia, a niece of Constantine Paleologus, and thence assumed the arms of the Greek empire. The breast of the eagle is an escutcheon bearing on its red field in silver the figure of St. George slaying a dragon, the whole being surrounded by the collar of the Order of St. Andrew. On the displayed wings of the eagle are other shields bearing the arms of Kiev, Novgorod, Vladimir, Kasan, etc. The Russian union jack is very similar to that of England, save that the principal crossbars are blue instead of red. This is the well known Russian war flag. The cross is that of St. Andrew, the patron saint of Russia.

The well known tricolor of France made up of three stripes—blue, white and red—running not the length, but the width of the flag. It dates from the era of the French revolution and came into existence in 1789. It has been the national flag since, with slight variations. In 1794 the tricolor was also made the jack of the French navy.

The union jack of Great Britain is composed of the three crosses of St. George, St. Patrick and St. Andrew. Out of the first was a broad red cross, dividing the white flag into four white squares; the white cross of St. Andrew, on a blue background, ran from corner to corner diagonally, while the red cross of St. Patrick ran in the same direction. If the union jack be examined it will be found to be composed of these three crosses, as stated. The flag was first unfurled in 1501, on the occasion in that year of Great Britain, England, Scotland and Wales) and Ireland.

The flag of Belgium is composed of tricolor—black, yellow and red—running up and down—that is, the width, not the length of the flag. The national standard has the arms placed in the center of the yellow strip. This is adopted as the national flag in 1831, being originally the colors of the city of Brabant.

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He is a little gleam of time between eternities.—Carlyle.

Impossible.

"Watter, has my friend Miller been here?" Miller—Miller! Oh, yes, the gentleman has just paid his bill and gone home. Paid his bill! Then it wasn't Miller!—A Laet.

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MONTREAL LIVE STOCK.

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Sheep, ewes, \$6 to \$6.25; bucks and culls, \$5.50 to \$5.75.

Lambs, \$9.50 to \$9.75.

Hogs, \$9.50 to \$9.60.

Calves, \$2.50 to \$12.

EAST BUFFALO LIVE STOCK.

EAST BUFFALO, April 26.—Cattle—Receipts \$380; heavy slow, others active; prime steers, \$8 to \$8.15; shipping, \$7.50 to \$7.85; butchers, \$6 to \$8.25; heifers, \$5 to \$8; cows, \$3.50 to \$7; bulls, \$4.50 to \$6.75.

Veals—Receipts 2500; slow, \$4.50 to \$9.

Hogs—Receipts, 15,000; active and steady; heavy and mixed, \$8; Yorkers, \$7.50 to \$8; pigs, \$7.85; roughs, \$6.60 to \$6.75; stags, \$5 to \$6.

Sheep and lambs—Receipts, 11,500; sheep and handy lambs, active; lambs, \$6 to \$9.75; yearlings, \$5.50 to \$8.25; wethers, \$7.50 to \$7.75; ewes, \$3 to \$7; sheep, mixed, \$7 to \$7.25.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

CHICAGO, April 26.—Cattle—Receipts, 19,000; market weak. Beeves \$6.10 to \$6.60; western steers, \$5.55 to \$7.40; cows and heifers, \$3.10 to \$3.50; calves, \$6.25 to \$9.

Hogs—Receipts, 40,000; market steady; light, \$7.25 to \$7.60; mixed, \$7.15 to \$7.60; heavy, \$6.85 to \$7.50; rough, \$6.35 to \$7.05; pigs, \$5.25 to \$6.75; bulk of sales, \$7.35 to \$7.50.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts, 9,000; market strong; native, \$7.60 to \$8.60; lamba, native, \$8.50 to \$11.15.

Argentina To Extend Trade.

NEW YORK, April 27.—The establishment of a new steamship line between New York and Buenos Ayres, financed by business men of Argentina and subsidized by the Argentine Government, has been provided for, according to Ricardo Coll, editor of The Buenos Ayres La Razon, who reached New York yesterday aboard the British steamer Tennyson.

Mr. Coll said the project would be discussed at the Pan-American financial conference to be held in Washington May 24.

McGill Men To Reinforce "Pats."

MONTREAL, April 27.—The offer of Capt. Percival Molson and Lieut. George McDonald, of McGill Canadian Officers' Training Corps, to raise another company for the Princess Patricia's, to supplement the force organized by Major Hamilton Gault, which has suffered considerable loss in the war, has been accepted by the Militia Department at Ottawa. Word was received here yesterday to this effect.

John Bunny Dead.

NEW YORK, April 27.—John Bunny, whose antics as a moving picture comedian have made millions laugh, died at his home in Brooklyn yesterday.

A week ago it was announced that Mr. Bunny was critically ill, and that his recovery was doubtful.

Creamed Potato Pie.

Cut enough cold boiled potatoes into dice to fill a pint measure. Put one ounce of flour and the same quantity of butter in a saucepan with a seasoning of salt and pepper. Cook it till thoroughly mixed; then add one breakfast cupful of milk and stir till smooth and thick. Add the potatoes and simmer for five minutes; then pour into a shallow baking tin previously well buttered. Mix a cupful of breadcrumbs in melted butter and spread over the potatoes. Bake till the crumbs are a golden brown. Serve hot.

made. But the more exact fulfillment of the figure is found in the history of the Church as a whole. Our Lord's virgin Church was espoused to Him at Pentecost, and has since been waiting for the Bridegroom's coming and her resurrection change to glory, honor and immortality—the union, the marriage.

"Seven Women In That Day."

Then the Pastor proceeded to explain the meaning of his text. The number seven is well recognized throughout the Scriptures as a symbol of completeness; and so it may here signify all the churches of this world—excluding the true Church, which is not of this world, and which does not follow its course.

We have come to the time when all the various sects and denominations feel the reproach of their situation, brought about by the confusion of doctrines amongst the different branches of Churchianity. The heathen are inquiring how it comes that there are so many kinds of Christians and that they all get their various theories out of the same Book. This is a reproach that is keenly felt by the leading minds of all denominations.

The one Man of the text very properly represents our Lord, the Heavenly Bridegroom. The text signifies that all the nominal churches have come to the place where they desire to be called merely the churches of Christ, but wish nothing more to do with Him. They desire to hold their sectarian names, but they wish also to be called Christians—their chief asset. For the doctrines of Christ they care nothing; and for any thought of redemption and covering of sins through the merit of His blood they care nothing. They desire merely His name.

The more these women desire to eat their own bread and to wear apparel of their own furnishment, the more will the true ones of the Lord's people amongst them find that they have neither lot nor part there. The true Church does not wish to eat her own bread; she desires the Bread of Heaven. She does not prefer her own theories, her own plans of salvation, but that which God has provided—things new and old from the Storehouse of Divine Truth. Neither does she desire to wear her own apparel; for she has come to understand that all her righteousness is as filthy rags.

More and more is the true Church learning to appreciate the robe given her by the Heavenly Bridegroom—the wedding garment. More and more does she trust in the merit of her Redeemer, the covering of whose justification was symbolized by the skins of the sacrifice given to Adam and Eve as the covering of their nakedness.

The address closed with an earnest exhortation that to whatever extent any of the Lord's people have the spirit of Babylon, the spirit of the world and the confusion of doctrines that are contrary to the Word of God, they rid themselves of these, in order that they may make their calling and election sure.

Natural Curiosity.

Claribel—You told me you were never going to write to young Hankinson again.

Angle—He's written me a dozen letters I haven't answered, but in his last one he left a page out, and I had to write and ask him what it was about.

Shiloh
The family remedy for Coughs and Colds.
Small dose. Small bottle. Best since 1876.

under the hospitable roof.
First his host offered him a slightly acid drink, which quenched his thirst and refreshed him. When the stranger had rested himself awhile, the Indian invited him to partake of a repast, and served different dishes on a brown platter, shining brightly and highly polished. The Indian offered also a wine possessing an extremely pleasant flavor. Toward the end of the repast, he brought a quantity of excellent comfits, and invited the traveler to try an excellent kind of brandy.

The traveler, in astonishment, asked the Indian how in the midst of this desert he came by all these things.

"I get them from my cocoanut trees," answered the Indian. "The water which I gave you on your arrival was drawn from the fruit before it had become ripe, and sometimes the nut contains three or four pounds of it."

"This palatable nut is the fruit at its maturity; this milk, which you find so pleasant, is drawn from the same ripe fruit. This delicate cabbage is made from the top leaves of the tree, but we do not often indulge in this, as the tree, when its top is thus cut off, dies soon after."

"This wine, which pleases you so much, is also got from the cocoa. We make an incision in the tender flower stalks and a white liquor flows forth, which we gather into vessels, and which is known as palm wine. Exposed to the sun it becomes sour and turns into vinegar. When we distill it we obtain this excellent brandy which you have tasted. This same juice has also furnished me with the sugar which I needed for preserving the nut. Finally, all these dishes and utensils which we are using on the table are made from the shells of the cocoanuts."

"This is not all. My house, even I owe to these invaluable trees. Their wood has enabled me to build my cabin, their leaves dried and interwoven make the roof, and these same leaves, made into a parasol protect me from the sun when I walk out. These clothes which I wear are woven with the fiber thread got from the leaves. These sieves were ready made in the part of the tree from which the leaves spring, and these mats come from the same source. These same leaves, woven into a tissue, make sails for our ships. The coarse hair which covers the nut is used for calking ships, as it lasts forever and swells when exposed to the water. Cables, ropes and twine are all made of the same material. Finally the delicate oil with which many of these dishes were seasoned, and which burns in my lamp, is obtained by pressing the freshly gathered fruit."

"From the sawdust of the branches I have made this ink and from the leaves this parchment, which formerly was exclusively used for public documents and records of important events."

Clearing For Action.

A graphic description of what clearing for action on a Dreadnought really means is furnished by a letter from a British bluejacket to his mother. After detailing how on Aug. 3 they left a certain harbor with the band playing "Rule, Britannia!" he says that no sooner had they got out to sea than they began clearing for action. "We started throwing all our things overboard so as to lessen the danger of fire," he says. "Two pianos just gone over and an organ. Chairs and tables follow suit. It is just like throwing a gentleman's drawing-room into the sea. Sofa, tables, chairs—everything that can be thrown over is going. We have thrown over about \$5,000 worth of stuff."

Special Sale of Furniture For Balance of April.

Beautiful Dresser—with large Bevel Plate Glass Mirror, Mahogany finish reduced from \$18.00 to **\$13.00**

Solid Oak Bedroom Suit—with Serpentine Dresser and Stand, large Bevel Plate Mirror, beautifully finished in Golden Oak, complete suite..... **\$31.00**

We also have Bed Room Furniture as low as **\$14.00** for complete suite.

Three Piece Living-Room Suit, Imitation Leather \$40
(For Next Week Only.)

JUDSON'S Furniture Store

THE PLAZA BARBER SHOP and TOBACCO STORE.

We think we can please you.
TRY US.

Cigars, Tobaccos, Pipes, Etc.

PAUL KILLORIN, - Proprietor.

ROYAL HOTEL BARBER SHOP

HARRY SCOTT, Proprietor.

Everything Neat and Sanitary.
Best of Service Guaranteed.

GIVE US A CALL.



Eyes Right !

This Command is often given these war times.

What is more important is to have your eyes right at all times, and it is the business of our Optical Department to make them so.

Consult H. E. Smith about your eyes, have them scientifically tested. The latest appliances for making examinations.



Smith's Jewelry Store

Trees ! Trees ! Trees !

All kinds of Fruit and Ornamental Trees, Evergreens, Small Fruits, Roses, Shrubs, Climbers, etc. Everything in the Nursery line. Send list of your

EASED HIS CONSCIENCE.

An Incident Showing a Queer Phase of Russian Character.

"The Russian character has in it something very beautiful—something childlike," wrote the Princess Troubetzkoi (Amelie Rives) from Petrograd to a Richmond friend.

"A happening in Petrograd brings out the Russian character well.

"A young nobleman, rather flushed and incoherent with champagne, drove up to the opera, and, as he descended, a wretched beggar whined out the usual petition for alms.

"The nobleman looked at the ragged and filthy beggar; then he laughed foolishly, dropped a silver ruble in the gutter and said:

"There. Pick that out with your teeth and you can have it."

"The beggar gave the nobleman a strange look, a strange, reproachful look which did not lack a certain dignity. Then, without a word, he went down on all fours and drew the coin from the foul water and mire with his teeth.

"The young nobleman took out a fifty ruble note.

"Now strike me in the face," he said. "Strike me, and I'll give you this."

"The beggar struck him a good, vigorous blow.

"Then the young nobleman, his conscience satisfied, laughed, gave the beggar the promised reward and hurried into the opera, patting his hurt cheek tenderly with his handkerchief."

—Buffalo Express.

AN ABRUPT PROPOSAL.

Abernethy Was Too Busy For Romance and Courtship.

The reported fashion of the famous Dr. Abernethy's courtship and marriage is very characteristic. It is told that while attending a lady for several weeks he observed those admirable qualifications in her daughter which he truly esteemed to render the married state happy. Accordingly on a Saturday, taking leave of his patient, he addressed her to the following pur-

Everybody Votes But Mother.

(J. W. BENGOUGH)

Everybody votes but mother,

She used to vote once, too,

But when she got married to father

The law said it wouldn't do.

When mother was just a spinster,

Like my speckled sister Ann,

She had a right to the ballot,

But alas ! she married a man !

So everybody votes but mother :

Father, Sister Ann, and I,

My widowed aunt and my brother,

And mother wants to know why !

Everybody votes but mother,

'Cause mother she changed her name ;

'Looks as though, somehow or other,

Getting married must be a shame ;

They take away votes from fellows

Who have been convicted in court,

And it seems that women who marry

Are bracketed with that sort,

So that's where they rank poor mother ;

They've struck her name from the roll,

While sister and aunt and father

and I all go to the poll.

Everybody votes but mother,

Trough our stupid and senseless law,

And there's not on the list another,

Who needs the vote more than maw ;

She cares for the home and the children

And she has a good right to a say

On the laws that affect the household

In any possible way.

So we must have a vote for mother,

Without waiting for dad to die ;

For the wife, as well as the widow

And spinster, or we'll know why.

—Press Supt.

Women's Patriotic Service and Red Cross Work

Through the Daughters of the Empire.



THE GRIEVOUS PITY AND GLORY OF IT ALL.

At this moment, with the news of the recent terrific encounter, in which the Allied troops have been engaged in Flanders, ringing in our ears, all else sinks into secondary importance, for our hearts are rent, but our souls are exalted, in the knowledge of the magnificent stand and splendid bravery shown once more, by Canada's noble sons !

"Tears from the depth of some dire [despair,
Rise in the heart and gather to [the eyes,"
in thinking of our brave, who are no more, of our wounded, and above all of our prisoners ! !

The first, we are satisfied, are in the hands of an All-Merciful Father, the second, for the most part, are in the tender care, of surgeons and nurses, but, alas ! for the others, we fear, and know not what their fate may be, at the hands of a ruthless and unscrupulous enemy.

God help and protect them !
We know full well that we are in the throes of a mighty conflict, the like of which has not been known before the war of the century—and we must, like the Spartans of old, steel our hearts to may horrors and many

Epworth League Banquet.

Early last fall the members of Epworth League of Grace Methodist church decided to divide their membership into two sides, with thought of increasing the members and interest. With the understanding that at the close of the year a banquet would be provided, the side winning to put up the programme, and the losing to put up the eatables. The Blue side was led by Mr. Arthur Rose and the White side by Mr. Jas. Russell. This scheme proved itself admirable, because, both from the standpoint of increase in membership, a regular attendance, the League had one of its most successful years under the wise and helpful leadership of Miss V. Hall. The long-talked and looked-for banquet was held Monday night. Our 100 young people members of our society were present. The young people deserve very great credit not only because of the splendid banquet provided, but also for the excellent programme that was given. Probably the hit of the evening was the song composed by our choir leader Mr. A. E. Paul, and sung to the tune of Tipperary. The programme was follows :

Chairman's address—The pastor, Rev. C. E. Cragg.

Instrumental duet—The Misses Perry.

Toast to the League, proposed by Mr. Will Shaver, responded to by worthy President, Miss Violet Hall.

Solo—Miss Marion Paul.

Instrumental Solo—Mrs. B. Black.

Toast to the losers, proposed by Mr. Arthur Rose, responded to by Miss Bell.

Song by "The Blues."

Duet—Miss M. Green and Mr. Black.

Toast to our boys at the front, proposed by Mr. F. L. Hooper, to have been responded to by Mr. Jas. Russell who was, however, detained on duty in Kingston.

Song—"It's a long way to Tippe-

Smith's Jewelry Store

Trees ! Trees ! Trees !

All kinds of Fruit and Ornamental Trees, Evergreens, Small Fruits, Roses, Shrubs, Climbers, etc. Everything in the Nursery line. Send list of your wants for prices. Catalogue free.

Agents wanted Everywhere

Apply for terms

J. H. WISNER, Nurseyman,
49-6m PORT ELGIN, Ontario



We are at it "hammer and tongs" every working day, turning out the best repair work that the Carriage trade can boast of hereabouts. No matter how bad the damage to your conveyance, we can soon put it right for you in a way that will last and give you complete satisfaction. We put into our work energy, experience, and the very best materials, yet we are very moderate in our charges for all kinds of jobs.

J. M. GRAHAM

At Normile's Garage.

Fruitful Combination.

In New York a new teacher found that a little negro girl was named Fertilizer Johnson.

"Are you sure Fertilizer is your right name?" she asked.

"Yes, ma'am," replied the little girl.

"Well, tell your mother to come here," said the teacher.

The mother came the next day.

"Yes, Fertilizer is right," she said.

"You see, I named her after her father and mother both. Her father's name is Ferdinand, and my name is Liza, so we called her Fertilizer."—New York Globe.

Her Reason.

The beautiful girl was writing a letter.

"I am writing," she mused, "not because I have something special to say, but because I have nothing special to do."

Thus does the busy little bee employ each shining hour.—Philadelphia Ledger.

How He Won Her.

She—Mamma is opposed to you because you never minded your mother and were never considerate with your sisters. He—Perhaps you would rather marry some chap who would want his mother and sisters to come live with you? She—Horror, not How foolish mamma is!—New York Weekly.

Abernethy Was Too Busy For Romance and Courtship.

The reported fashion of the famous Dr. Abernethy's courtship and marriage is very characteristic. It is told that while attending a lady for several weeks he observed those admirable qualifications in her daughter which be truly esteemed to render the married state happy. Accordingly on a Saturday, taking leave of his patient, he addressed her to the following purport:

"You are so well that I need not see you after Monday next, when I shall come and pay you a farewell visit. But in the meantime I wish you and your daughter to seriously consider the proposal I am about to make. It is abrupt and unceremonious, I am aware, but the excessive occupation of my time by my professional duties affords me no leisure to accomplish what I desire by the more ordinary course of attention and solicitation. My annual receipts amount to £—, and I can settle £— on my wife. My character is generally known to the public, so that you may readily ascertain what it is. I have seen in your daughter a tender and affectionate child, an assiduous and careful nurse and a gentle and ladylike member of a family. Such a person must be all that a husband could covet, and I offer my hand and fortune for her acceptance. On Monday when I call I shall expect your determination, for I really have not time for the routine of courtship."

In this manner the lady was wooed and won, and it may be added the union was felicitous in every respect.—Westminster Gazette.

BLOODTHIRSTY FERRETS.

They Kill Not For Food, but For the Mere Sake of Slaughter.

The ferret is one of the most peculiar members of the animal kingdom. It belongs also to an extraordinary family, that of the weasels. A branch of this family is called the polecats, the European representative of our skunks, and the ferret is a species of polecat, generally an albino, yellowish-white in color, with pink eyes.

To hunt and kill mice, rats, rabbits and other small animals is the ferret's delight. It is coldly methodical in its murderous pursuits, and, while it serves its master well, never tiring in the chase and never shrinking from an attack, it exhibits no trace of affection or attachment toward its trainers, as nobler animals do. The ferret is a typical killer and blood shedder. It has no friends and apparently wants none. It cannot be trusted and will sometimes attack small children.

It likes to kill not for the sake of food, but for the sake of killing. The mere act of taking the life of another creature is a pleasure to it. How it got this bloodthirsty strain in its nature no one can tell. Its appetite for slaughter serves well in ridding our houses of rats and mice, but of what use is it to the ferret to kill those creatures? Its nature is that of a demon, and wherever it sees the life blood beating at a throat its brutal instinct urges it to slit the throat with its keen teeth and let the life throb out!—New York Journal.

Tungsten Lamps, 25 and 30c each. Get your supply now. These are a Standard Lamp

MADOLF HARDWARE CO

of our prisoners. The first, we are satisfied, are in the hands of an All-Merciful Father, the second, for the most part, are in the tender care, of surgeons and nurses, but, alas! for the others, we fear, and know not what their fate may be, at the hands of a ruthless and unscrupulous enemy.

God help and protect them!

We know full well that we are in the throes of a mighty conflict, the like of which has not been known before the war of the century—and we must, like the Spartans of old, steel our hearts to may horrors and many losses—yet there is recompense, in the glorious courage, and self-sacrifice displayed by our troops, which in the end, will lead to victory, and to the eternal glory of the Anglo-Saxon race and its Allies. God grant us strength of mind and heart to meet both our trials and our successes in the proper spirit!

"Land of our birth, our faith, our [pride, For whose dear sake our fathers died; O Motherland, we pledge to thee Head, heart and hand through the [years to be."

The Daughters of the Empire will hold a sheet shower at their rooms on Thursday, May 6th, for the University Base Hospital. Sheets should be 60 x 108 inches. All contributing sheets will not be asked for a contribution to the tea.

All our friends and workers will rejoice that a splendid case of hospital supplies was sent off last week, to Dr. Donald Armour, for the Queen's Canadian Military Hospital at Shorncliffe. A case will go this week for the men of the North Sea Fleet.

We are now preparing another case for the University Base Hospital—Let all interested help personally, or by sending us in contributions for this object, all of which, will be duly acknowledged.

We also need assistance for the destitute French and Belgian peasants in northern France, who lost their homes add their all, through the fighting in their locality.

Our Thursday afternoon work-meetings occur each week, come and help, and enjoy a profitable afternoon.

The Committee-room is also open every Saturday from 2.30 to 5.30 p.m.

DESERONTO

Mrs. (Rev.) Burns and daughter, Olive, of Toronto, arrived in town on Monday afternoon.

The R. & H. B. Company have begun to bring in logs, and sawing is expected to start very shortly.

Mr. Ed. Leveque had the misfortune to fall from his bicycle one day last week, breaking a rib on his right side.

The Rev. L. Barber, Rector of St. Mary Magdalene, Picton, will preach at St. Mark's church, both morning and evening, on Sunday next, May 2.

The regular quarterly service will be held in the Methodist church next Sunday morning. The Sacrament of the Lord's Supper will be administered.

Among the Deseronto soldier boys now on the ocean or who have recently arrived in the Old Country are Messrs. Alex. Foote, Horace Thompson, 'Joe' Farrell and Dr. Fred Clement.

Mr. and Mrs. Francis McManus (nee Hannah Edwards), of Toronto, are enjoying a part of their honeymoon in Deseronto. They were united in marriage in the Queen City on Saturday, and came directly to Deseronto. Mrs. McManus's many friends in Deseronto will wish her much happiness in her new relation.

Mrs. Alfred Moss, with her daughter, Myra, of Los Angeles, Cal., have been visiting Mrs. Moss's mother, Mrs. H. E. Bogart; her sister, Mrs. Siler, and brother, Mr. A. G. Bogart, for three or four weeks. This is Mr. Moss's first visit to Deseronto in twenty years. She left on Tuesday to visit her sister, Mrs. Jas. Buchanan, in Belleville.

of our prisoners. The first, we are satisfied, are in the hands of an All-Merciful Father, the second, for the most part, are in the tender care, of surgeons and nurses, but, alas! for the others, we fear, and know not what their fate may be, at the hands of a ruthless and unscrupulous enemy.

Song by "The Blues." Duett—Miss M. Green and M. Black.

Toast to our boys at the front, posed by Mr. F. L. Hooper, to be responded to by Mr. Jas. Ru who was, however, detained on in Kingston.

Song—"Its a long way to Tig ary."

Patriotic recitation—Miss M. J. gins.

Solo—Miss Grace Oliver. Toast to our King and Country, posed by Mr. Chas. Eyvel. "God Save the King."

IT PAYS TO VACCINATE.

All government tests prove wit doubt that it surely pays every mer to vaccinate. Fresh vaccine sealed tubes? recommended used by the government. For sa WALLACE'S DRUG STORE LIM

FAITHFULNESS.

By A. Irene Cowan.

Responsibilities are man's glory. But whatever the task may be, We should always be faithful, For Faith will make us free.

Duties we have to discharge, Day by day in life's fleeting time; O'er life's precipices, leaving behi Yesterday's sins. Facing the sub

Faithfulness cries out in the street She harps her voice to the tune so [swi

But we do not heed the soft tone, And pass on unconsciously, Our souls heave a sigh and moan.

Faithfulness cries out on the Chu [stea

"Where, O where," she cries, "Are [peop

Her bells peal forth, loud and long And sways forward the anthem au [sc

Faithfulness uttereth her voice in [Chur

She says, "Be faithful to this Holy [Tem

And attend its Branches when the [asem

Be present at your Church of cho And join enthusiastically, with a [heartv

In its prayers, songs and exhortatio In its desires high, of exaltation; And condescend to low estate; Raise the fallen. Love; not hate."

"Be faithful to your kith and kin, Faith cries out once again.

"Make way, make way for Faithfu [In

And let me have your souls to ble

I, Faith, am substance hoped for, The evidence of things not seen. I test human love—that's my work My name stands high. My duty, I [don't shi

"I fulfil my tasks whate'er they be, Says Faith, as she speaks to me. "I say unto thee, thou chosen one. Be faithful till thy work is done."

I'm mighty in power, I ride in my [golden char

I sweep the clouds away at eventi There left the stars—they exempl And in Faithfulness they abide.

Faith cries! She's anxious to feed Lean souls, who lack Faith. Lets "Be Faithful" and heed her c Let's watch for her when she comes And say, "Here Faith, take me" I'll do my duty for thee, mankind

Children City FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

But Mother.

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know why.
--Press Supt.

FRANCE AND THE FRENCH PEOPLE.

Professor John Squair of the University of Toronto, delighted an audience, which filled Historical Hall last Friday evening, with his most instructive and entertaining lecture on "France and the French People." The subject was one of keen interest at this particular time when our boys are fighting side by side with the French soldiers and it would have been difficult for anyone to give the material in a more pleasing manner than Prof. Squair. After a brief review of the ups and downs of the French people, during the last hundred and twenty-five years, the lecturer compared their attitude towards various reforms with that of the English when like measures were being tried.

Perhaps the most interesting parts of the lecture were the descriptions of the domestic and economic phases of French life. Seldom do we have an opportunity of hearing all about the commonplace customs and habits of a people from a man who is so much at home with his subject. Prof. Squair told us of conditions which he had observed in many visits to France—visits made with the object of studying the country and its people—and it was this very fact that made his address so delightful. His powers of observation and of being able to transmit his impressions to others in such an illuminating manner held his audience spell-bound. It was with keen regret that the people received his announcement that it was time to stop.

After the lecture the President of the Society expressed to Prof. Squair the appreciation of the people of Napanee for the lecture and thanked him for coming here.

The next meeting of the Society was announced for Friday evening, May 14th, when Mr. Lawrence Burpee of Ottawa, will lecture on "Exploration as a By Product of the Fur Trade." Mr. Burpee is one of the best posted men in Canada on our Canadian west in its history. The meeting closed with, "God Save the King."

Calf meals.

Bibby's Royal Purple and International. All fresh.

MALOLE HARDWARE CO.

North League Banquet.

Early last fall the members of the North League of Grace Methodist Church decided to divide their membership into two sides, with the object of increasing the membership interest. With the understanding that at the close of the year a banquet should be provided, the side winning out up the programme, and the side ag to put up the eatables. The side was led by Mr. Arthur Rose, the White side by Mr. Jas. Russell. This scheme proved itself advisable, because, both from the standpoint of increase in membership, and lar attendance, the League has one of its most successful years, er the wise and helpful leadership f Miss V. Hall. The long-talked-of looked-for banquet was held last day night. Our 100 young people abers of our society were present. young people deserve very great it not only because of the splendid net provided, but also for the flent programme that was given. ably the hit of the evening was song composed by our choir leader, A. E. Paul, and sung to the tune Tipperary. The programme was as follows:
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McINTOSH BROS'.

New Goods at Special Prices

Fashions latest Comb Sets, consisting of back comb and side combs with neat sitting, regular 50c. On sale now **30c. Complete Set.**

Argentino Hair Pin—the very latest in style and setting **10c. each.**

The New American Maid Hair Pin—its up to the minute, **15c. each.**

The New Casque Pin—fine shell, extra value **10c. each.**

Fashion's latest in Hair Clasps, Barrettes, etc., ranging in prices from **5c, 10c, 15c, and 25c. each.**

Made in Canada Safety Pins.

The Ideal Safety Pin—is guaranteed not to rust and is plated on brass, all sizes, **5c. card.**

The Maple Leaf Red Book Safety Pins—very handy to hang up, containing 3 cards, 1, 2, 3, regular 15c, for **10c. per book.**

A Good Assortment of Ladies' Fine Gingham Under-skirts, in all sizes up to 42, Special Price 39c.

Another Shipment of Waists.

We are placing on sale this week a large assortment of Ladies' New Waists consisting of the latest in Pongu, Black, Sateen, White and Flowered Voiles, ranging in prices from **87c. up.**

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When you buy PAGE FENCE Direct you get ALL No. 9 Fence of the HIGHEST QUALITY—at COST plus our very small margin of profit.

What we save by selling DIRECT—by cutting out Salesmanager's and Blockmen's Salaries, and Dealers' Commissions—we give you in HIGHEST QUALITY at LOWEST COST.

We give you LIFETIME Fence—at little (if any) more than ordinary Fence. All that we SAVE YOU by selling direct—the other fellows must take out of quality or add on to price.

GOOD Fence CANT be sold at LESS than PAGE prices. And when you figure the extra "selling expense"—you understand the REASON for No. 11 Knots in "No. 9 Fence"—at No. 9 Prices.

PAGE FENCE IS ALL No. 9 EVEN THE LOCKS. When you buy PAGE FENCE you get YOUR MONEY'S WORTH in FENCE.

HEAVY FENCE									
No. of bars	Height	Stays inches apart	Spacing of horizontals	Price in Old Ontario					
5	37	22	8, 9, 10, 10	\$0.21					
6	40	22	6, 6, 7, 8, 9, 9	.24					
7	40	22	5, 5, 7, 7, 7, 8	.26					
7	48	22	5, 5, 7, 7, 9, 10, 10	.26					
8	42	22	6, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6, 9	.29					
8	42	16 1/2	6, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6, 9	.31					
8	47	22	4, 4, 5, 5, 7, 8, 9, 9	.30					
8	47	16 1/2	4, 4, 5, 5, 7, 8, 9, 9	.32					
9	48	22	6, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6, 9	.34					
9	52	22	4, 4, 5, 5, 7, 8, 9, 9	.36					
10	48	16 1/2	3, 3, 3, 4, 5, 7, 7, 7, 8	.38					
10	52	16 1/2	3, 3, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 9, 9	.38					
11	55	16 1/2	3, 3, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 9, 9	.41					

New Ontario Prices on Request. ALL FULL No. 9 GAUGE

PRICE LIST

SPECIAL FENCE		
No. 9 top and bottom.	Balance No. 18.	
Uprights 8 inches apart.		
18-bar, 48-inch		\$0.46
20-bar, 60-inch		.51
3-ft. Gate		2.30
12-ft. Gate		4.35
13-ft. Gate		4.60
14-ft. Gate		4.85
Set tools		8.00
25 lbs. Brace Wire		.75
25 lbs. Staples		.80

FREIGHT PAID ON ORDERS OF \$10.00 OR OVER

Mail your order to the nearest PAGE BRANCH. Enclose cash, check, money or express order, or bank draft. Get IMMEDIATE shipment—freight PAID—on \$10 or over. Be sure to get a FREE COPY of the BIG PAGE MERCHANDISE CATALOG. Wholesale prices on highest-grade farm and home necessities.

Solo—Miss Marion Paul.
Instrumental Solo—Mrs. B. Black.
Toast to the losers, proposed by Mr. Arthur Rose, responded to by Miss R. J. J.
Song by "The Blues."
Duet—Miss M. Green and Mr. B. Ack.
Toast to our boys at the front, proposed by Mr. F. L. Hooper, to have answered to by Mr. Jas. Russell.
To was, however, detained on duty Kingston.
Song—"It's a long way to Tipperary."
Patriotic recitation—Miss M. Hudson.
Solo—Miss Grace Oliver.
Toast to our King and Country, proposed by Mr. Chas. Eyvel.
"God Save the King."

PAYS TO VACCINATE.
All government tests prove without doubt that it surely pays every farmer to vaccinate. Fresh vaccine "in led tubes" as recommended and sold by the government. For sale at J. L. LACEY'S DRUG STORE LIMITED

FAITHFULNESS.
By A. Irene Cowan.
Responsibilities are man's glory,
Whatever the task may be,
He should always be faithful,
For Faith will make us free.
Ties we have to discharge,
Day by day in life's fleeting time;
For life's precipices, leaving behind
Yesterday's sins. Facing the sublime,
Faithfulness cries out in the street,
She harps her voice to the tune so sweet!
But we do not heed the soft tone,
And pass on unconsciously,
And souls heave a sigh and moan.
Faithfulness cries out on the Church—
"Here, O where," she cries, "Are my people!"
For bells peal forth, loud and long,
And sways forward the anthem and song.
Faithfulness uttereth her voice in the Church!
She says, "Be faithful to this Holy Temple,
And attend its Branches when they assemble.
Be present at your Church of choice,
And join enthusiastically, with a hearty voice—
Its prayers, songs and exhortations,
Its desires high, of exaltation;
And condescend to low estate;
And see the fallen. Love; not hate."
Be faithful to your kith and kin,
And try once again.
Take way, make way for Faithfulness,
And let me have your souls to bless.
Faith, am substance hoped for,
Evidence of things not seen.
And human love—that's my work,
My name stands high. My duty, I don't shrink.
I fulfil my tasks whatever they be,
For Faith, as she speaks to me.
I say unto thee, thou chosen one,
Faithful till thy work is done.
I'm mighty in power, I ride in my golden chariot,
I sweep the clouds away at eventide,
I leave the stars—they exemplify
In Faithfulness they abide.
She cries! She's anxious to feed
In souls, who lack Faith.
"Be Faithful" and heed her call,
And watch for her when she comes.
I say, "Here Faith, take me!"
To my duty for thee, mankind and all.

**Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA**

PAGE prices.
And when you figure the extra "selling expense"—you understand the REASON for No. 11 Knots in "No. 9 Fence"—at No. 9 Prices.

PAGE FENCE—ALL No. 9
EVEN THE LOCKS
When you buy
PAGE FENCE
you get YOUR
MONEY'S WORTH
IN FENCE.

		HEAVY FENCE		SPECIAL FENCE	
No. of bars	Height	Stays inches apart	Spacing of horizontals	No. 9 top and bottom. Uprights 8 inches apart.	Balance No. 18.
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8	42	22	6, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6	.29	12-ft. Gate..... 4.35
8	42	16½	6, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6	.31	13-ft. Gate..... 4.60
8	47	22	4, 5, 5½, 7, 8½, 9, 9	.30	14-ft. Gate..... 4.85
8	47	16½	4, 5, 5½, 7, 8½, 9, 9	.32	Set tools..... 8.00
9	48	22	6, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6	.34	25 lbs. Brace Wire..... .75
9	48	16½	6, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6	.36	25 lbs. Staples..... .80
9	52	22	4, 4, 5, 5½, 7, 8½, 9, 9	.34	
9	52	16½	4, 4, 5, 5½, 7, 8½, 9, 9	.36	
10	48	16½	3, 3, 3, 4, 5½, 7, 7½, 8	.38	
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BRANCH. Enclose cash, check, money or express order, or bank draft. Get IMMEDIATE shipment—freight PAID—on \$10 or over.
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From Grand Opera Stars like Mary Garden and Zanatello to such leading virtuosi as Ysaye and Pablo Casals. From entertainers like Billy Williams, originator of Tipperary, to Whit Cunliffe, of "Hello, Hello" fame. All stand ready to reveal themselves on Columbia Records.

Columbia Records excel for clarity, volume and sweetness of tone, and durability of material. They are well and truly made, and are practically everlasting, if carefully used.

Listen to a Columbia and compare it with any other Record, and your choice will always be a

COLUMBIA

Columbia Records cost no more than others. But every Columbia Record is a double-disc and will play on any machine. You can get them for as low as 85 cents or as much as \$7.50. But no matter what price you pay, the Columbia Record at that price is better value than can be obtained in any other record.

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Our \$3.00 Strap Wristlet Watch is one of the best buys you can make. It is a dandy and fully guaranteed. All Watches good values.

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DRY PINE KINDLING

For starting fires —
— and then some

— DRY —

HARD WOOD

(cut in stove lengths)

to keep it going, "SOME FIRE."

CHAS. STEVENS, COAL AND WOOD.

TREE A GIGANTIC PUMP.

One Elm Found to Raise 260 Barrels of Water a Day.

Professor Pierce tells of a Washington elm which possesses 7,000,000 leaves exposed, a foliage surface of five acres, which gives off to the air 200 barrels of water every summer's day, and that this tree is located near paved streets and cement sidewalks.

The question arises, Where does this vast amount of water come from? It is assumed that many city trees perish from lack of water owing to water tight pavement and water tight sidewalks.

In answering this question it must not be forgotten that the roots of any tree, especially the elm tree, extend a long distance, thus encroaching upon the lawn soils adjacent, the sidewalks and the streets.

It must also be remembered that there are many subterranean springs existing in cities and towns as well as on farms.

Notwithstanding these explanations we wonder at the capacity of this big tree to gather moisture to its roots, partly roofed over by city pavements. It illustrates the fact that there is much yet to be learned about root growth and tree growth generally.

After being told that one tree throws into the air 260 barrels of water every summer's day we may get some idea of the reason for the coolness of the air in the forest or beneath shade trees growing in the field or upon our lawns. Shade trees are indeed more productive of coolness on a summer's day than would be a gigantic fan. — Fruit Grower.

ANCIENT "WIRELESS."

An Old Roman Carrier Pigeon Station Still Stands In France.

A few miles north of Marseilles and within easy walk of the tram to Aix-en-Provence lies a typical Provencal village that tourists usually miss. It was founded by the Romans during their occupation of the south of France and is built in accordance with the customs of that time. The houses appear to be perched on top of each other, but on closer inspection are found to be built on ledges on a hill-side.

This hill is the most interesting feature of the place. What appears as

AN ELECTION OPPOSED.

To the Editor of The Daily News.

I doubt whether those who are absorbed in the tactics of party politics realize the alarmed interest with which many persons not active in political warfare regard the prospect of a general election this summer. Both on the ground of sound constitutional practise and of national interests an election at the present time would involve an outrage.

On constitutional grounds the Governor-General would be justified in refusing a dissolution. No name stands higher in Canada as that of an authority on constitutional questions than the name of the late Honourable Edward Blake. He was no friend to the undue exercise of the Governor's prerogative and was indeed instrumental in limiting it. On the question, however, of the Governor's right to refuse to permit what we know as a "snap" election he stood for the authority of the Crown. He held that a Parliament should endure for its proper term unless some vital national issue called for a dissolution. I saw much of Mr. Blake during the last twenty-five years of his life and heard him frequently urge that the Crown should not permit an election brought on for mere party advantage. In the past Governors have refused a dissolution in the face of reasons more convincing than any which can now be urged and it is quite clear that with a Parliament still a year and a half from its natural end the Crown has both the right and the duty to refuse a dissolution.

No person who is not blinded by self-interest or party feeling thinks with anything but amazement and anger of the prospect of having an election at this time. The country is united in support of the tax. Brave men from Canada are fighting and dying in France and many thousands of others are to follow them to the front. The issue of the war is not yet decided. We need all our best energies to enable us to play worthily our part in the struggle. We have much still to do. We have also much still to learn for our country has been disgraced by scandalous corruption in the work of equipping troops for the war—corruption due to a bad system for which both of the great parties are responsible. In the face of the real needs of the situation it would be laughable if it were not tragic to hear the cry raised for an election. Added to this cry we have a proposal that one would have thought to be only humorous if one had not learned that it is meant seriously. Our party strike is to be carried to the trenches in France; the Canadian soldiers there are to be asked to vote. It is an old and good tradition that the soldier on service has no politics but the politics of fighting for the safety of his country. I blush to think that Canada is breaking this tradition and that the men fighting shoulder to shoulder on the battle-field are to be invited to take part in the bitterness of a Canadian political campaign.

I do not believe that the decent people in either party wish this thing to happen. I believe that they wish the present government to remain in power until the war is over. I believe that if, unhappily, the war should not be over by the summer of 1916 and that an election should then become inevitable, the best opinion in the country would favor an uncontested election in which the present representation should be continued until the war ends. In these days charged with high emotions, we do not want to read venomous campaign literature. We believe that the present Prime Minister is a man of integrity and honor, and we want to strengthen his hands so that the worth of our country may be proved in this day of trial. There is danger that through lack

CANADIANS STEM GERMANS' ADVANCE

WIN TEMPORARILY LOST GROUND IN BRILLIANT COUNTER ATTACK.

CONGRATULATIONS.

OTTAWA, April 25.—The Duke Connaught, Governor-General of Canada, has received a message from King George V. expressing his admiration of the gallant stand made by the Canadians at Langemark, sympathizing with Canadians in heavy casualties sustained.

After more than two months trench fighting with losses comparatively small the first Canadian division were given their chance week in the great battle to the west of Ypres, and the official account have indicated they fought with did courage and effectiveness. The victory gained cost Canada 1 of her brave sons. The official list casualties thus far reported to militia department at Ottawa that during the fighting on Thursday and Saturday, and which is progressing, the Canadians lost commissioned officers killed and wounded. Among those killed three Battalion commanders—Lieut. Col. Hart McHarg of Vancouver, Battalion; Lieut.-Col. Arthur Burchall of the permanent staff; Lieut.-Col. Russell L. Boyle of C field, Alberta, 10th Battalion. Toronto officers were killed, Lieut. MacDonald, Kirkpatrick, George Crowther Ryerson.

The list of casualties show practically the entire first Canadian division was in this heavy action. Ypres, which has seen more blood in the fighting for important positions than probably any other on the western front. Prior to engagement the only one of any significance since Neuve Chapelle which several Canadians battalions supported the British advance, Canadians were billeted south of Ypres and took their twenty-four shifts in the front line. It is evident from all accounts that the first fighting units from Canada were in the thick of the attack—the greatest in which Canadians have ever taken part in the country's history, their gallantry and determination undoubtedly saved the situation. This engagement is now going with the Canadians still at the front line according to latest information.

CANADIAN BAYONETS ENTIRELY WIPED OUT GERMAN COMPANIES

NORTH OF FRANCE, April. The most important features in the great battle which is in progress between Friday night and this morning have happened at La Bassée and a section of Furnes-Ypres Canal, between the latter town and Bixschoff. It is as yet premature to speak detail of the former until official communiqués shall have been issued. It is to say the army of the Crown Prince of Bavaria has launched great effort against Givenchy.

—DRY—
HARD WOOD
 (cut in stove lengths)

to keep it going, "SOME FIRE."

CHAS. STEVENS, COAL AND WOOD.
 'Phone 104
 Office opposite Campbell House



NAPANEE TRAIN SERVICE.
 Effective January 25th, 1915.

TRAINS LEAVE.

For **TORONTO** and intermediate points. Connection at **TRENTON** for **PITON**: 4:25 p.m.

For **TRENTON** and **TORONTO**: * 2:50 a.m.

For **TWEED, HARROWSMITH, SYDENHAM, KINGSTON** and intermediate stations: 7:45 a.m.

For **TRENTON, BELLEVILLE, PITON** and other intermediate points: 12:05 noon; 4:25 p.m.

For **BROCKVILLE JUNCTION, SMITHS FALLS, OTTAWA** and intermediate stations: 2:50 p.m.; * 3:25 a.m.

For **DESERONTO**: * 2:50 a.m. 10:30 a.m., 12:05 noon, 4:50 p.m., ** 6:35 p.m.

TRAINS ARRIVE.

From **TORONTO** and intermediate stations: 2:50 p.m., * 3:25 a.m.

From **PITON** and intermediate stations: 11:20 a.m., 2:50 p.m.

From **COE HILL** and intermediate stations: 11:20 a.m.

From **DESERONTO**: * 3:25 a.m., 7:45 a.m., 11:20 a.m., 2:50 p.m.

From **SYDENHAM** and intermediate stations: * 2:50 a.m., 4:25 p.m.

From **TAMWORTH** and intermediate stations: 10:30 a.m., 4:25 p.m.

From **BROCKVILLE JUNCTION, SMITHS FALLS, OTTAWA** and intermediate stations: 4:25 p.m., * 2:50 a.m.

Trains run daily, except Sunday, unless otherwise marked.

For tickets, rates, folders and other information apply Depot Agent, R. E. McLean or Town Agent, E. McLaughlin.

* Daily. ** Daily except Monday.

AGATEWARE SALE—Made in Canada. Agateware—See our window for line of agateware. For this one lot you will get the best bargains you ever seen for quality; better prices than any departmental store offered, or 7 cent store. Watch the window. See the bargains. Prices will remain until sold out. No half dozen lots to any one person. At **BOYLE & SON.**



For sale at Wallace's, Napanee's Leading Drug Store.

within easy walk of the tram to Alxin-Provence lies a typical Provencal village that tourists usually miss. It was founded by the Romans during their occupation of the south of France and is built in accordance with the customs of that time. The houses appear to be perched on top of each other, but on closer inspection are found to be built on ledges on a hillside.

This hill is the most interesting feature of the place. What appears as a solitary crag is in reality a castle, the rooms, fortifications, etc., being cut out of the solid rock and forming a fortress practically impregnable in those days. At the side of the castle is a round tower, about forty feet in height and seven feet in diameter.

The interior of this tower acted as the "wireless station" in Roman times. The interior consisted of a series of pigeon lofts, from which the birds, bearing messages, were sent direct to Rome.

The whole of the interior was constructed of a very hard cement, which, with the wear of ages, is now slowly decaying, and only one perfect "loft" now remains. There was accommodation for about 250 pairs of birds, together with an abundant water and grain supply, the attendants being quartered in the castle.—Wide World Magazine.

The Long Bamboo.

An Englishman was once rallying a native of India upon his faculty in lying. The native at once replied: "Why, sahib, we are all more or less liars in my country, and if one tells a story another immediately caps it. There were two young men of my country who had a boasting match, and one said, 'My father is so rich and has so many horses that his stable is of such extent as to take a horse eleven months to go from one end stall to the other.' 'Shabash, brother,' replied the second boaster, 'that is very good. My father has a bamboo so long that he can sweep the clouds away with it when they obscure the sun in harvest time.' 'Hi, hi!' exclaimed the first. 'That is very wonderful, but, pray, brother, where does your father keep such a long bamboo?' 'Why, you stupid,' was the answer, 'in your father's stable, to be sure!'"

Not Unnatural Inquiry.

Dorothy has a baby brother who has recently been ill, cutting his first teeth. The baldness of the baby's head had caused Dorothy great anxiety. She stood at the mother's knee one day gently patting the little head. "Be careful, Dorothy," said the mother. "You know poor little brother is ill. He is cutting his teeth." Dorothy patted the bald head reflectively. "Mamma," she said, "will it make him ill when he cuts his hair?"—Exchange.

Locating the Fire.

"Where was the fire in town last night?"
 "I think it must have been the library."
 "What makes you think that?"
 "Well, I heard the smoke was issuing in volumes."—London Telegraph.

Different Suits.

Father—I see in this expense account "Fourteen suits, \$1,000." You didn't pay that much for fourteen suits of clothes. Son—No; two of 'em were damage suits.—Exchange.

be over by the summer of 1916 and that an election should then become inevitable, the best opinion in the country would favor an uncontested election in which the present representation should be continued until the war ends. In these days charged with high emotions, we do not want to read venomous campaign literature. We believe that the present Prime Minister is a man of integrity and honor, and we want to strengthen his hands so that the worth of our country may be proved in this day of trial.

There is danger that through lack of organization the views which I have expressed may not be applied with sufficient force enough to be effective. I am sending this letter to all the daily papers published in the capital of Ontario. I cannot of course, tell whether all of them will publish it. If persons who are in agreement with it would let me know their views at once by letter or telegram, organized action might be taken in this province which would extend to the other provinces.

GEORGE M. WRONG.

Toronto, April 12, 1915.

Did you see the new spring designs in Wall Paper at Hooper's? We will be pleased to show them to you even though you don't buy. Also Burlap, Varnished Tile, Sanitas, and stick Fast Paste Powder, 15 and 25 cents.

**BID FOR VOTE OF
 METHODIST CHURCH**

There has been a suspicion for some time that under the Premiership of Mr. Hearst, the Conservative party in Ontario, was making a decided bid for the support of the Methodist Church, which is well known for its advocacy of temperance reform.

One of the Government's moves evidently is very plain in the appointment to the new Central License Commission. Four Methodists out of five are appointees. All the members, Messrs. Flavell, Dingman, Ayeast and Dane are Methodists, while Mr. Smith, of Haileybury, is a Roman Catholic.

That the Conservatives, however, are hardly succeeding in their attempt to control the Methodist church vote is shown by the comment of the Christian Guardian, the organ of the Methodist church in Canada. Although it comments favorably on the actual choice of commissioners, it is outspoken in its opposition to the general Temperance policy of the Conservative party and of Mr. Hearst.

The Guardian openly expresses its disappointment with Mr. Hearst.

"The fact," it said, "that the Premier was an active Methodist and was known to be opposed to the traffic in intoxicants, seemed to warrant the expectation that some radical steps would be taken towards minimizing the evils of the traffic. Under these circumstances we may be pardoned if we fully expected that something would be done and we may be excused if we voice our bitter disappointment at the Government's inaction. If the Government had had to deal with an Opposition which was opposed to such legislation there might have been a little more excuse but in this case the Leader of the Opposition had pledged himself and his party to support the Government in curtailing the evils of the traffic so that the whole blame for the inactivity must rest upon the Government."

Save the fruit trees by spraying them with Gillett's Lye. One ten cent can makes several gallons of the spraying liquid. It not only kills the enemy of the tree but also acts as a fertilizer. We furnish book giving full directions for using. At Hooper's—The Medical Hall.

NORTH OF FRANCE, April. The most important features in great battle which is in progress between Friday night and this morning have happened at La Passeur and a section of Furnes-Ypres Canal, between the latter town and Bixsch. It is as yet premature to speak detail of the former until official communiqués shall have been issued. It is to say the army of the Crown Prince of Bavaria has launched great effort against Givenchy. Cambrin of such extreme violence some temporary advantage has accrued to them. In dense masses Germans are beating against our lines, regardless of losses, in an endeavor to drive a wedge through lines. We are unbroken, and our are holding out heroically against heavy odds.

It is another such a wedge has caused the battle north of Y where a number of Hungarian elements seem to have been introduced to fill the gaps in the Duke of Wurtemberg's army.



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\$925

17 New Features

We have on display the automobile sensation of the age—the New 1915 Maxwell.

We want to show you this car which has every virtue of the highest priced American or foreign car, and a number of improvements not found in any other car at any price.

This "Wonder Car" with Electric Self-Starter and Electric Lights only \$70 extra.



C. A. WISEMAN,
 Agent,
JOHN ST., - NAPANEE

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CONGRATULATIONS.

OTTAWA, April 25.—The Duke of Connaught, Governor-General of Canada, has received a message from King George V. expressing his admiration of the gallant stand made by the Canadians at Langemarck, and sympathizing with Canadians in the heavy casualties sustained.

After more than two months of trench fighting with losses comparatively small the first Canadian Division were given their chance last week in the great battle to the north of Ypres, and the official accounts have indicated they fought with splendid courage and effectiveness. But the victory gained cost Canada many of her brave sons. The official list of casualties thus far reported to the militia department at Ottawa show that during the fighting on Thursday Friday and Saturday, and which still progressing, the Canadians lost 21 commissioned officers killed and 59 wounded. Among those killed were three battalion commanders—Lieut.-Col. Hart McHarg of Vancouver, 7th battalion; Lieut.-Col. Arthur P. Churchill of the permanent staff and Lieut.-Col. Russell L. Boyle of Crossed, Alberta, 10th Battalion. Three Toronto officers were killed, Lieutenants MacDonald, Kirkpatrick and George Crowther Ryerson. The list of casualties show that practically the entire first Canadian division was in this heavy action at Ypres, which has seen more bloodshed than probably any other battle in the western front. Prior to this engagement the only one of any real significance since Neuve Chapelle, in which several Canadian battalions supported the British advance, the Canadians were billeted south of Ypres and took their twenty-four hour shifts in the front line. It is evident from all accounts that the first fighting units from Canada were in the thick of the attack—the greatest battle in which Canadians have ever taken part in the country's history, and their gallantry and determination undoubtedly saved the situation. This engagement is now going on with the Canadians still at the front according to latest information.

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The battle is unique as being the first great event of its kind in the history of Canada, for Canadian troops claim it as their own and all glory of it. They were holding the extreme left of the British line. Preparing the ground by means of their poison bombs the Germans driving thru Langemarck Pitken forced a passage across the canal between Steenstraete and Hetsasy, reaching the Village of Lizerna. The French Zouaves, fusiliers, marines and Belgian carbiniers, caught in the stupefying fumes of the gas bombs, were taken at a disadvantage and despite valiant efforts of their supporting lines were forced to give way, pouring their masses across the canal.

The Germans then swung to the left and attacked a considerable portion of the Canadian forces in the rear. Canadians facing both ways fought like lions for it was bayonet work now and the hardy colonials, practically back to back, were battling for their lives. Meanwhile supports of which we have great bodies at all points of our line, hurried up, mingled with Zouaves, who had by this time reformed, and fell in one deadly rush upon the Germans. They cut their way clean thru to the surrounded Canadians and the whole mass charged on to recapture the lost positions.

Not only were allies' trenches recovered but still sweeping onwards the avenging Canadians gained footing in the lines that Germans previously occupied. In this glorious onrush whole companies of Germans were entirely wiped out, great numbers of machine guns were captured, and the Germans field guns which had closely followed the advancing infantry were compelled to beat a hasty retreat to safe quarters. The Canadians had saved the line, and though they have lost heavily they have given more than they received.

Among equipment captured during the fighting has been a new device for throwing these asphyxiating bombs. It is in the shape of a steel fork, which is planted in the ground, simply a great catapult working with a screw to pull back the spring. It throws a bomb about the size of a football a distance of three hundred yards, and in a wind the effect of fumes can be felt almost a mile away.

CANADIANS IN GREAT CONFLICT BROKE ALL RULES OF WAREFARE

LONDON, April 26.—Harold Ashton, writing from Northern France, says that everywhere in Pas de Calais, praises of the gallant bearing of the Canadians are being sung. Tried in a crucible of intensest heat, they have not been found wanting. The wounded who came down to the base to-day, and there are many hundreds of them, were in high spirits, too many of them will assuredly never fight again. They respect the German as a fighting machine pure and simple, but over his humanity they just shrug their shoulders expressively. They tell how in the great Stenstraete fight, they had to wait for a spell during the thick of the tumult, leaving their wounded there. Presently they returned, the Germans having been hurled back under a tornado of machine gun fire. They found all their wounded comrades bayoneted to death. Their revenge for this was swift and terrible, and at the point of their own bayonets they only took two German prisoners alive.

We got them on the run. We had the Prussian Guard in front of us, and they ran like cowards; the Germans didn't mind where they fired, they were continually shelling the dressing stations with the Red Cross flag. They certainly planned the attack most carefully, with a maxim gun pointing at the mouth of almost every trench.

CLEAR CUT VICTORY

"We all lost every thing we had. We were, in fact, 48 hours without food, some of the men were 72 hours. We lost most of our officers and dressing stations full of wounded, but it was fine to see as I came down, troops going up to hold the position we had won; Indian lancers. French lancers, and heaps of British troops."

Indications of Heavy Losses Among Canadians

Information received from Ottawa indicates the extremely heavy losses among Canadian officers in the desperate fighting which raged north-east of Ypres on Thursday, Friday and Saturday of last week.

No information has yet been received confirming the report from Berlin that a thousand Canadians have been captured.

NO WORD OF TOTAL.

There is no word yet as to the total loss of the Canadians in their first great engagement. Such a heavy list of casualties among officers would indicate that the loss among non-commissioned officers and privates was correspondingly large. The names of the latter should be received very shortly. Before leaving Salisbury Col. Mercer, in command of the Ontario brigade, is known to have said: "When we get into the actual fighting our losses will be large owing to the nature of the fighting. The people of Canada must prepare themselves to receive much tragic news which is bound to come. They must steel their hearts when the boys go into action, for when spring comes the fighting will be of a desperate character."

The temper of the Canadian people is shown by the great impetus which has been given to recruiting by the news of the great battle. Men all over the country are coming forward to take the places of those who have fallen. General Hughes states that recruits are coming in faster than before.

IT PAYS TO VACCINATE.

All government tests prove without question that every farmer should vaccinate his cattle. A fresh supply of vaccine always on hand at Wallace's. P.S.—Always get your vaccine in sealed vials (10 in a vial.)

Canadian Position Like Promontory

LONDON, April 27, 3.15 a.m.—To the Canadians belongs the honor of spoiling the Germans' plan in Flanders, according to a despatch to The Daily Mail from its correspondent in Northern France. They were supported in turn by a French force, by Zouaves, by Belgians and by British regiments. The guns they lost temporarily were not behind their line, but on the left side.

"The flood of the German advance," says the Mail's correspondent, "cloak-

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way. LUX softens hard water—gives a rich, cream-like lather which the daintiest hands or filmiest fabrics need never fear. LUX coaxes rather than forces the dirt out of clothes.



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INFERIOR LIGHTING RODS

Again I wish to warn the farmers of Ontario against inferior lighting rods. One of the same companies buncoed the farmers with iron-centred rods last year is reported to be selling the same rod again this year. Watch out for them.

There is no difficulty in spotting these rods. The outside covering is a thin sheet of copper. Inside of the copper is a strip of galvanized steel or iron wires about No. 10. The copper sheath is twisted around the strip and wires giving the rod a corrugated appearance. The steel or iron will rust out in from five to ten years. For photographs of what happened to a rod of this kind in less than eight years see Figure 34, Bulletin 220, which may be had by writing the Department of Agriculture, Toronto.

An Illinois firm is circularizing the trade and others advocating the "Mas" Lightning Rod System. They declare that twisted cables are positively dangerous claiming they act like "choke coils", that tubes only should be used, that insulators must be used, etc. For concentrated essence of error these circulars surpass anything else I have seen.

Beware of the man with the iron-centred rod and the man who claims that twisted cables are dangerous. This Department will be glad to be informed regarding the operations of either.

WM. H. BAY.

O. A. C. Guelph.

This is the time to dye. All the newest dyes in the latest colors at Hooper's.

Industry.

It argues, indeed, no small strength of mind to persevere in the habits of industry without the pleasure of perceiving those advantages which, like the hands of a clock, while they make hourly approaches to their point yet

NORTH OF FRANCE, April 25.—The most important features in the great battle which is in progress between Friday night and this morning have happened at La Bassée and along section of Furnes-Ypres Canal, between the latter town and Bixschote. It is as yet premature to speak in detail of the former until official communications shall have been issued. Suffice it to say the army of the Crown Prince of Bavaria has launched a great effort against Givenchy and ambrin of such extreme violence that one temporary advantage has accrued to them. In dense masses the Germans are beating against our positions, regardless of losses, in an endeavor to drive a wedge thru our lines. We are unbroken, and our men are holding out heroically against heavy odds.

It is another such a wedge that as caused the battle north of Ypres where a number of Hungarian regiments seem to have been introduced to fill the gaps in the Duke of Wurttemberg's army.



Maxwell

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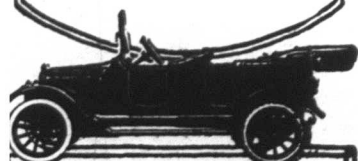
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17 New Features

We have on display the automobile sensation of the age—the New 1915 Maxwell.

We want to show you this car which has every virtue of the highest priced American or foreign car, and a number of improvements not found in any other car at any price.

This "Wonder Car" with Electric Self-Starter and Electric Lights only \$70 extra.



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Agent,
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...in. They respect the German as a fighting machine pure and simple, but over his humanity they just shrug their shoulders expressively. They tell how in the great Steenstraete Fight, they had to retire for a spell during the thick of the tumult, leaving their wounded there. Presently they returned, the Germans having been hurled back under a tornado of machine gun fire. They found all their wounded comrades bayoneted to death. Their revenge for this was swift and terrible, and at the point of their own bayonets they only took two German prisoners alive.

The Canadians broke all the conventional rules of warfare in their amazing operations. They found the Germans wheeling all around them both behind and in front of their trenches. Immediately they adapted themselves to the situation and fitted up a double ended trench to meet this trouble. They were surrounded, enfiladed, and hemmed in on all sides, but it did not avail the enemy. Yelling their war cry, they rallied and fought back to back with infinite courage and dash, giving the Germans behind them as well as those in front of them the most terrible punishment.

CANADIANS CHARGED UNDER DEADLY FIRE FROM BOTH SIDES

LONDON April 26.—The following appears in to-night's Evening news as from a Canadian who took part in the recent engagement: "After the breaking of the line on our left we received order to stand to by the side of the canal, then we had orders to proceed immediately to the north of Ypres.

"We set off without any food or water, nothing except wet equipment each taking 400 rounds of ammunition. We waited at this point from early in the day until nearly midnight, when two battalions formed in line by half companies in extended order, received the signal to break thru and charge the enemy, about 500 yards away.

DEADLY FIGHT IN WOOD

"We were at once mown down like sheep by the enemy's artillery. Some 2500 of us had attacked a wood where there were 7000 Germans; the place was full of maxim guns. We drove them from the trenches in front of the wood, went right thru about 500 yards to the other side, then we got surrounded and had to retire to the trenches which we had taken. There we dug ourselves in, remaining till Friday morning, the enemy shelling us all the time with shrapnel. Then we had to file out on Saturday morning to make room for reinforcements.

RECOVERED HOWITZERS

"In our advance we were enfiladed by heavy fire from both sides, but in spite of this we moved them between us, and recovered three howitzers which the French had left behind in the wood. These we blew up and then succeeded in recapturing our own four 4.7 guns which the enemy had taken.

"At one point we surrounded 60 Germans, 45 of whom we bayoneted," he continued. "I saw one German officer blow out his brains.

"It is impossible to estimate the number of German dead, but German searchlights worked all night trying to locate them.

PRUSSIAN GUARD FLED

"It was certainly a horrible time, the most awful time I have ever known. They seem to have enfiladed us completely at the beginning, but

LIKE PROMONTORY

LONDON, April 27, 3.15 a.m.—To the Canadians belongs the honor of spoiling the Germans' plan in Flanders, according to a despatch to The Daily Mail from its correspondent in Northern France. They were supported in turn by a French force, by Zouaves, by Belgians and by British regiments. The guns they lost temporarily were not behind their line, but on the left side.

"The flood of the German advance," says the Mail's correspondent, "cloaked under smoke and sulphurous gases, centered around these guns and passed the bulk of the Canadian forces, which maintained their calmness although their position became a promontory in the allied lines.

"At times they had a double front, some trenches facing northeast and others southwest. They adapted their trenches to meet the new demands, and transformed the back into the front. In any manoeuvre they would have been adjudged annihilated, but they held and made good. They tied handkerchiefs over their noses to protect themselves from the gas fumes

A WONDERFUL STAND

"It was only the Canadians' wonderful stand on the promontory, maintained many hours and varied by bayonet charges, that checked the Germans and enabled the Canadians to retire in good order and reform the general line.

"A summing up of the situation shows, however, that the Germans gained a good deal. They flattened the allies salient northeast of Ypres and one point has become a German salient.

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WM. H. DAY,
Department of Physics,
O. A. C., Guelph.

This is the time to dye. All the newer dyes in the latest colors at Hooper's.

Industry.

It argues, indeed, no small strength of mind to persevere in the habits of industry without the pleasure of perceiving those advantages which, like the hands of a clock, while they make hourly approaches to their point yet proceed so slowly as to escape observation.—Sir Joshua Reynolds.

His Objection.

The Lawyer—Madam, what is your age? The Opposition (Interrupting)—Your honor, I submit that my honorable opponent is inciting the witness to perjury.—Cleveland Leader.

His System.

Wife—John, there must be a lot of iron in your system. Husband—Why do you think so? Wife—Because you invariably lose your temper when you get hot.

He who cannot forgive others breaks the bridge over which he must pass himself, for every man has need to be forgiven.

Don't throw your old straw hat away. Get a bottle of Hat Dye at Hooper's, it makes the old hat look new.

LOW FARES

To Western Canada

Good going every Tuesday
From March to October

TWO MONTHS RETURN LIMIT

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Gives steady, even heat on least fuel.

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The Trey O' Hearts

A Novelized Version of the Motion Picture Drama of the Same Name
Produced by the Universal Film Co.

By LOUIS JOSEPH VANCE

Author of "The Fortune Hunter," "The Brass Band," "The Black Bag," etc.

Illustrated with Photographs from the Picture Production

Copyright, 1914, by Louis Joseph Vance

With a cry of incredulity he leaped to his feet—"Land, by all that's lucky!"—and stooping, lent a hand to the girl, aiding her to rise.

Hardly had Rose had time to comprehend what had happened, when Barcus was over the side and wrestling with the bows, dragging the boat farther upon the shoals.

She was, however, more than one man could manage; and when her stem had bitten a little more deeply into the sands, Barcus gave over the attempt and, lifting Rose down, set her on dry land, then climbed back into the vessel, rummaged out her anchor and cable, and carried them ashore, planting the former well up towards the foot of the cliff.

And as he rose from this last labor he was half blinded by the glare of the westerling sun as it broke through the fog.

In less than five minutes the miraculous commonplace was an accomplished fact; the wind had rolled the fog back like a scroll and sent it spinning far out to sea, while the shore on which the two had landed was deluged with sunlight, bright and beautifully warm.

He showed a thoughtful and considerate countenance to the girl.

"You're about all in?"

She nodded confirmation of this, which was no more than simple truth. "Where are we?" she added.

He made her party to his own perplexity.

"You're not able to travel," he pursued. "Do you mind being left alone while I take a turn up the beach and have a look round? We can't be far from some sort of civilization; even if it's an island there are no desert isles along this coast. I'll find something soon enough, no fear."

By tacit consent both avoided mention of Alan, but each knew what thought was uppermost in the other's mind.

"There's a niche among the rocks up here," Barcus indicated, "almost a cave. You'll be warm and dry enough, and secure from observation overhead. Maybe you can even snatch a few winks of sleep."

She regarded that suggestion with a weary smile; no sleep for her until sheer exhaustion overpowered her, or she knew of Alan's fate.

And so, reiterating his promise to be gone no longer than absolutely might be needful, he left her there,

CHAPTER XVII.

This Mortal Tide.

She was very certain she would never sleep before her anxiety was assuaged by word of Alan's fate; but she reckoned without her host of trials that had bred in her a fatigue

And when the girl had settled herself beside him he launched into a detailed report.

"It's Katama Island, all right," he announced, "but a change has come over the place since I visited it some years ago. Then it was a community of simple-hearted villagers and fishermen; now, unless all signs fail, it's a den of smugglers. I noticed a number of Chinese about; and that, taken in connection with the fact that, when I ventured to introduce myself to the village gimill and ask a few innocent questions, the entire population, to a child, landed on me like a thousand brick—the two circumstances made me think we'd stumbled on a settlement of earnest workers at the gentle art of helping poor Chinamen evade the exclusion laws."

With a wry smile, he pursued: "As for me, I landed out back of the joint, on the nape of my neck, and took the count, surrounded by a lot of unsympathetic boxes and barrels that had seen better days. And when I came to and started to crawl unostentatiously away, I was just in time to witness the landing of your amiable sister, that gang of cutthroats she keeps on the pay roll, and Alan in company with as choice a crew of scoundrels as you'd care to see. I gathered from a few words that leaked out of the back door of the barroom, that it was as I had thought—Judith had stolen a boat from the ship that picked her up, and rammed it on Norton's reef; and after she gathered Alan in the schooner of these smugglers happened along, and she halted it and struck a bargain with the captain and signed co-partnership articles, or something like that. Anyway, her lot and the islanders were soon as thick as thieves, and tanking up so sociably that I actually got a chance to whisper a word to Alan and tell him you were all right, and that he'd find us both down here on the beach, if luck served him with an escape. That was all I got a chance to say, for Judith marched up just then and yanked him off to his cell. I mean to say, he's locked up now in a little stone hut on the edge of the cliff, with the door guarded and the window overlooking a sheer drop of thirty feet or so to the beach. When I'd seen that much I calculated it was about time for me to get quit of that neighborhood, before Mam'selle Judith nicked me with the evil eye."

"You don't think she saw you?" the girl cried.

"I don't think so," Barcus allowed gravely; and then, lifting his gaze, he added as he rose in a bound: "I just know she did—that's all."

In another instant he was battling might and main with three willing ruffians, who had come suddenly into view round a shoulder of rock; but his efforts were shortlived, foredoomed to

pared a way to make you understand what opposition to me means . . ."

She waved a hand toward the nearer point of rocks. "Take them along," she commanded.

The understanding between her and her men was apparently complete; for these last, without hesitation or further instructions, marched Rose and Barcus down to the end of the spit and on, into the water.

It was nearly knee-deep before Barcus was halted with a savage jerk, backed up to a rock, forced despite his frenzied resistance to sit down in the water, and swiftly, with half a dozen

with it a thrill of hope; now that I died as he saw Alan stumble and to his knees.

Before he could rise the other upon him, with the fury of a wolf sing the throat of a stag.

For an instant they fought like men; then, in a trice, the sky of the cliff was empty; one or other had tripped and fallen over brink, and falling had retained of his enemy and carried him down well.

By no chance, Barcus told him could either escape uninjured.

Yet, to his amazement, he saw man break from the other's emb and rise. And he who lay still crumpled, inhuman heap upon sands, was Judith's man.

With a violent effort Barcus li his mouth above water and shriel

"Alan! Alan! Help! Here—at end of the point—in the water—he

A precious minute was lost be Alan discovered their two heads barely above that swiftly rising fi

Then he ran toward them as he never run before, and as he c whipped out a jack-knife and freed blade.

Even so—since it was, of cou Rose whom Alan freed the fir Barcus was half-drowned before f

And as this happened the last bl red rim of the sun was washed ur by the waves.

Two minutes later the lifeboat afloat, and Mr. Barcus, already reered, was laboring with the flywl of the motor, stimulated to supre exertion by the sight of a party, led Judith, racing madly down the be

But it was not until well out f shore and on the way to the sa promised by the mainland—now rely discernible on the horizon—t any one of them found time for spee

Then Mr. Barcus straightened from his assiduous attentions to motor, and observed:

"You bear a charmed life, my venturesome friend. I want to tell that when I saw you go over that I made up my mind your usefulness would be at least permanently paired. As it is, I don't mind tell you that if ever I get out of this aff alive, I'm going to have a try at y life myself, just once, for luck!"

CHAPTER XVIII.

Stranded.

Mr. Thomas Barcus picked hims up from the bottom of the lifebo where he had been violently pteated by the impact of groundl blinked and wiped tears of pain fr his eyes, solicitously tested his n and seemed to derive little if any co fort from the discovery that it was broken, opened his mouth . . . remembered the presence of a lady.

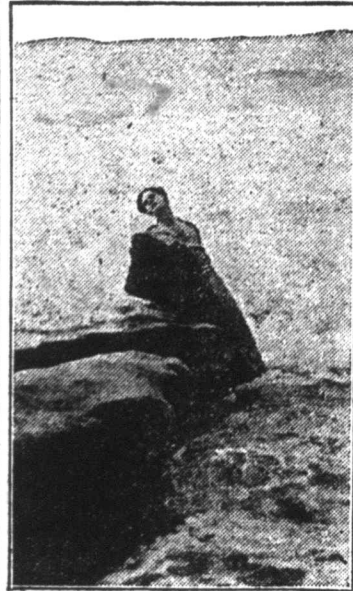
"Poor Mr. Barcus!" she said gent "I'm so sorry. Do forget I'm here and say it out loud!"

Mr. Barcus dropped his hands a dropped his head at the same time.

"It can't be did," he complained embittered resignation; "the wor have never been invented . . ."

In the bows Mr. Law (who b barely saved himself a headle plunge overboard when the shoal to fast hold of the keel) felt tenderly his excoriated shins, then, rising, c passed the sea, sky and shore with anxious gaze.

In the offing there was nothing l the flat, limitless expanse of the nig



Already the Waters Had Risen Over an Inch.

deft hitches of rope and a stanch knot, made fast in that position—submerged to his chest.

This accomplished, the men turned attention to Rose, lashing her in similar wise at Barcus' side.

Standing just above the water-line, with every sign of complete calm and sanity other than that ominous flickering in her eyes, Judith superintended the business till its conclusion, then waved the men away.

Quietly, like well-trained servants, they turned their backs and marched off.

And again, after a brief wait, the woman laughed her short and mirthless laugh.

"The tide will be high," she said, "precisely at sunset. You may time your lives by that. When the sun dips into the sea, then will your lives go down with it."

She turned on her heel and strode swiftly away, with not so much as a backward glance, overlook her men, and passed quickly from sight around the farther point of rocks.

For some time Barcus struggled vainly with his bonds. As for Rose, she wasted no strength in struggling—perhaps had none to waste. When he looked her way he saw her exquisite profile unmarred by any line of fear or doubt, sharply relieved against the darkness of the rising flood. Her level gaze without a tremor traversed the shining flood to its far horizon.

He noted that already the waters had risen more than an inch.

Humbled even in his terror by that radiant calm that dwelt upon her, he

she knew of Alan's fate.
And so, reiterating his promise to be gone no longer than absolutely might be needful, he left her there.

CHAPTER XVII.

This Mortal Tide.

She was very certain she would never sleep before her anxiety was assuaged by word of Alan's fate; but she reckoned without her host of trials that had bred in her a fatigue anodinous even to her mental anguish.

For a time after Barcus had left her she lingered upon the sands, in the mouth of the shelter he had selected for her, staring hungrily out on the shimmering sea that, now wholly divested of its shroud, smiled up to the heavens, whose sapphire face it mirrored, as fair and sweet of seeming as though it had never veiled a heartless tragedy.

Slowly it darkened as the sapphire above grew darker, blending insensibly into rare ultramarine with the slow decline of the sun, by whose altitude above the horizon the day had not more than ninety minutes to run.

And she thought drowsily that if that sun sank without her learning that her lover lived, it would not rise again upon a world tenanted by Rose Trine.

It was not true, she told herself, that people never die of broken hearts.

She knew that, were he taken from her, she could no longer live.

And sleep overwhelmed her suddenly, like a great, dark cloud.

But its dominion over her faculties was not of long duration. Slowly, heavily, mutinously, she was rescued from its nirvana—came to her senses with an effect of one who emerges from some vast place of blackness and terror, to find Barcus kneeling over and gingerly but persistently shaking her by the shoulder.

And then she sat up with a cry of mystified compassion; for in the brief time that he had been absent—it had not been more than an hour—Mr. Barcus had most unquestionably been severely used.

He had acquired a long cut over one eye, but shallow, upon which blood had dried, together with a bruised and swollen cheek that was badly scratched to boot. And what simple articles of clothing remained to him, after his strenuous experiences of the last forty-eight hours, had been reduced to even greater simplicity; his shirt, for example, now lacked a sleeve that had been altogether torn away at the shoulder.

"No!" he told her, as soon as he saw her wits were awake once more—"don't waste time pitying me. I'm all right—and so is Alan! That's the main thing for you to understand; he's still alive and sound!"

"But where is he? Take me to him!" she demanded, rising with a movement of such grace and vigor that it seemed hard to believe she had ever known an instant's weariness.

"That's the rub," Barcus confessed, squatting on the sands and knocking his hair. "I dassent take you to him. Judith might object. Besides, you can see for yourself it isn't safe to mingle with the inhabitants of this tight little island—and you can't get to where Alan is without mingling considerably. Sit down, and I'll tell you all about it, and we'll try to figure out what's best to be done. Maybe we can manage a rescue under cover of night."

for me to get quit of that neighborhood, before Mam'selle Judith nicked me with the evil eye."

"You don't think she saw you?" the girl cried.

"I don't think so," Barcus allowed gravely; and then, lifting his gaze, he added as he rose in a bound: "I just know she did—that's all."

In another instant he was battling might and main with three willing ruffians, who had come suddenly into view round a shoulder of rock; but his efforts were shortlived, foredoomed to failure. He was weakened with suffering and fatigue—and the three were fresh and had the courage at least of their numbers. He was overborne in a twinkling, and had his face ground brutally into the sand while his hands were made fast with stout rope behind his back. And when he rose, it was to find, as he had anticipated, that Rose's resistance had been as futile as his own; she, too, was captive, her hands bound like his, the huge and unclean paw of one of Judith's crew cruelly clamped upon her shoulders.

They were granted time to exchange no more than one despairing glance when a curt laugh fairly chilled the blood in Mr. Barcus, and he swung sharply between his two guards to confront Judith Trine.

The woman he saw at first glance, was in one of her most dangerous moods—if, Barcus mentally qualified, there was a pin to choose between her moods. But now, beyond dispute, she exhibited a countenance new in his experience with her, and one well calculated to appall.

Her face was bloodless, even as her lips were white with the curb she put upon her passion. Her eyes were lurid with the glare of rage approaching mania. Her hands trembled, her lips quivered, all her actions were abrupt with nervousness.

He was by no means poor-spirited, but he shrank openly from the look she gave him, and was relieved when she, with a sneer, passed him by and planted herself squarely before her sister.

"Well?" she demanded brusquely. "How much longer do you think I'm going to tolerate your interference—you poor little fool! How many more lessons will you require before realizing that I mean to have my way, and that you'll cross me only to suffer for it?"

The courage of the other girl won the unstinted admiration of Mr. Barcus. Far from cringing, she seemed to find fresh heart in her sister's challenge. Her head was high, her glance level with illimitable contempt as she replied:

"So you've tried again?" she inquired obliquely, with a tone of pity. "You've offered him your love yet another time, have you?"

"Silence!" Judith cried in fury. "Only to learn once more that he would rather death than you?" Rose persisted, unflinching. "And so you come to take your spite out on me, do you? You pitiful thing! Do you think I mind—knowing as I do now that he could never hold you in anything but compassion and contempt?"

For an instant there was silence; by the scorn of her sister the heat of Judith's fury had been transformed into a cold and malignant rage. She controlled herself and her voice marvelously.

"You will see," she said in even and frigid accents. And the light of her mania leaped and leaped again in her eyes like a living flame. "I have pre-

vainly with his bonds. As for Rose, she wasted no strength in struggling—perhaps had none to waste. When he looked her way he saw her exquisite profile unmarred by any line of fear or doubt, sharply relieved against the darkness of the rising flood. Her level gaze without a tremor traversed the shining flood to its far horizon.

He noted that already the waters had risen more than an inch.

Humbled even in his terror by that radiant calm that dwelt upon her, he ventured diffidently: "Rose—Miss Trine—"

She turned her head and found the heart to smile. "Rose," she corrected gently.

"I'm sorry," he said—which was not at all what he had meant to say, "I've done my best. I suppose it's wrong to give up—but they've made it too much for me, this time."

"I know," she said gently.

"You"—he stammered—"you're not afraid?"

"There is nothing to fear," she said, "but death."

"Then," he said more bravely, after a time—the water now was near his chin—"good-by—good luck!"

"Not yet, dear friend," she returned, "not yet."

But the sun was perilously close upon the rim of the world. But a little time, and it would be night.

He closed his eyes to shut out the vision of its slow, implacable descent.

The water was now almost level with his lips; it seemed strange that



They Fought Like Madmen.

his throat could be so dry, so parched.

He opened his eyes, shuddering.

"It's good-by now," he faltered.

"Not yet!" her voice rang beside him, vibrant. "Look—up there—along the cliff!"

He lifted his gaze.

Two men were running along the cliff—and the man in the lead was Alan. But his lead was very scant, and the man who pursued was one of Judith's, and stuck to the trail like a blood-hound fresh from the leash.

And now the water was at his lips; Barcus could no more speak without strangling.

Of a sudden he groaned in his heart; though there was no passable way down the cliff, still the sight of his friend alive and unharmed had brought

Mr. Barcus dropped his hands, dropped his head at the same time. "It can't be did," he complained embittered resignation; "the world has never been invented."

In the bows Mr. Law (who barely saved himself a headlunge overboard when the shoal fast hold of the keel) felt tenderly his excoriated shins, then, rising, passed the sea, sky and shore with anxious gaze.

In the offing there was nothing the flat, limitless expanse of the bound tide, near at hand vaguely vered with the moonlight, in the tances blending into shadows; no a light or shadowy, stealing sail that quarter to indicate pursuit.

"Where are we?" he wondered aloud. "Ask me an easy one," Barcus plied; "somewhere on the south shore of the cape—unless somebody's tampering with the lay of this land. That's a lighthouse over yonder."

Alan took soundings from the boat. "Barely two feet," he announced withdrawing the oar from the water and eel-grass no end.

"Oh!" Barcus ejaculated with accent of enlightenment; and leaving the motor, turned to the stern, on which he draped himself in highly decorative fashion while groping for water for the propeller.

"That's the answer," he repeated. "there's a young bale of the said grass wrapped round the wheel. Which, I suppose, means I've got to go overboard and clear it away."

Like Mr. Law, he wore neither shirt nor other garments that could be damaged by salt water than they were—but only shirt, trousers and belt.

"If you've nothing better to do, critical friend," he observed as stooped to hack and tear at the mass of weed embarrassing the propeller. "you might step out and give us a trial shove. Don't strain yourself just see if you can move her."

The boat budged not an inch. Mr. Law's feet did, slipping on treacherous mud bottom with the shot of his downfall; with a mighty splash he disappeared momentarily beneath the surface—and left his torso behind him when he emerged.

As for Mr. Barcus, he suffered loss within five minutes; when, with much pains and patience having freed the wheel, he climbed aboard and sought to restart the motor. At a few affecting coughs it relapsed into stubborn silence.

Studious examination at length brought out the fact that the gasol tank was empty.

"Not so much as a smell left," Barcus reported.

"It's no use," he conceded at length. "We're here for keeps."

"Why not wade ashore?" Rose Trine suggested mildly from the place she had taken in the stern in order to lighten the bows. "It isn't far—what's one more wetting?"

"That's the only sensible remark that's been uttered by any party this lunatic enterprise since you have been within earshot of me, Mr. Law," said Mr. Barcus. "Respectfully submitted."

"The verdict of the lower courts stands approved," Alan responded gravely.

"But there's no sense in Miss Trine wading," Barcus suggested. "We're web-footed as it is, and she's tired."

"Well, what then?"

"We can carry her, can't we?"

It a thrill of hope; now that hope
as he saw Alan stumble and go
his knees.

efore he could rise the other was
n him, with the fury of a wolf seek-
the throat of a stag.

or an instant they fought like mad-
; then, in a trice, the sky line
the cliff was empty; one or the
er had tripped and fallen over the
id, and falling had retained hold
his enemy and carried him down as
l.

y no chance, Barcus told himself,
ld either escape uninjured.

et, to his amazement, he saw one
break from the other's embrace
rise. And he who lay still, a
mpled, inhuman heap upon the
ds, was Judith's man.

With a violent effort Barcus lifted
mouth above water and shrieked:
Alan! Alan! Help! Here—at the
of the point—in the water—help!"
precious minute was lost before
n discovered their two heads, so
ly above that swiftly rising flood.
hen he ran toward them as he had
er run before, and as he came
pped out a jack-knife and freed its
le.

ven so—since it was, of course,
e whom Alan freed the first—
cus was half-drowned before Alan
ed him in turn up to the beach.
nd as this happened the last blood-
rim of the sun was washed under
he waves.

wo minutes later the lifeboat was
at, and Mr. Barcus, already recov-
l, was laboring with the flywheel
he motor, stimulated to supreme
tion by the sight of a party, led by
th, racing madly down the beach.
t it was not until well out from
e and on the way to the safety
neered by the mainland—now read-
discernible on the horizon—that
one of them found time for speech.
en Mr. Barcus straightened up
his assiduous attentions to the
or, and observed:

"You bear a charmed life, my ad-
urous friend. I want to tell you
when I saw you go over that cliff
ade up my mind your usefulness
ld be at least permanently im-
ed. As it is, I don't mind telling
that if ever I get out of this affair
, I'm going to have a try at your
myself, just once, for luck!"

CHAPTER XVIII.

Stranded.

r. Thomas Barcus picked himself
from the bottom of the lifeboat,
e he had been violently precipi-
l by the impact of grounding.
red and wiped tears of pain from
eyes, solicitously tested his nose
seemed to derive little if any com-
from the discovery that it was not
en, opened his mouth . . . and
mbered the presence of a lady.
oor Mr. Barcus!" she said gently.
so sorry. Do forget I'm here—
say it out loud!"

Barcus dropped his hands and
ped his head at the same time.
can't be dft," he complained in
ttered resignation; "the words
never been invented . . ."
the bows Mr. Law (who had
ly saved himself a headlong
ge overboard when the shoal took
hold of the keel) felt tenderly of
xoriated shins, then, rising, com-
ed the sea, sky and shore with an
us gaze.

the offing there was nothing but
lat, limitless expanse of the night-
A life, near at hand, vaguely ill-

CHAPTER XIX.

"Geel!" he grunted frankly, when
after a toilsome progress from the
boat, Rose at length slipped from the
seat formed by the clasped hands of
the two men. "And it was me who
suggested this!"

The girl responded with a quiet
laugh of the most natural effect imag-
inable—until it ended in a sigh, and
without the least warning she crum-
pled upon herself, and would have
fallen heavily, in a dead faint, but for
Alan's quickness.



Dug Into His Money Belt.

"Good Lord!" Barcus exclaimed, as
Alan gently lowered the inert body of
the girl to the sands. "And to think
I didn't understand she was so nearly
all in—chaffing her like that! I'd like
to kick myself!"

"Don't be impatient," Alan advised
grimly; "I'm busy just at present, but
. . . Meantime, you might fetch
some water to revive her."

It was an order by no means easy
to fill; Barcus had only his cupped
hands for a vessel, and little water
remained in them by the time he had
dashed from the shallows back to the
spot where Rose lay unconscious,
while the few drops he did manage
to sprinkle into her face availed nothing
toward rousing her from the
trance-like slumbers of exhaustion into
which she passed from her fainting
fit. . . .

In the end Alan gave up the effort.
"She's all right," he reported, releas-
ing the wrist whose pulse he had been
timing. "She fainted, right enough,
but now she's just asleep—and needs it,
God knows! It would be kinder
to let her rest, at least until I see what
sort of a reception that lighthouse is
inclined to offer us."

"You'll go, then?" Barcus inquired.
"I'd just as lief, myself . . ."

"No; let me," Alan insisted. "It's
not far—not more than a quarter of a
mile. And she'll be safe enough here,
in your care, the little time I'm gone."

Barcus nodded. His face was drawn
and gray in the moon-glare. "Thank
God!" he breathed brokenly, "you're
able. I'm not."

He sat down suddenly and rested his
head on his knees. "Don't be longer
than you can help," he muttered
thickly.

He had come to the headland of

Children Cry for Fletcher's

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in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher and has been made under his per-
sonal supervision since its infancy.

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Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of
Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

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contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic
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Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation
and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the
Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep.
The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

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"Make a light," he said sharply. "My
money's in a belt round my waist.
Open your office. You'll get your dol-
lar, all right."

"All right," he grumbled, reopening
the door of the telegraph booth and
making a second light inside. "There's
blanks and a pencil. Write your mes-
sage. It ain't often I do this—but I'll
make an exception for you."

Alan delayed long enough only to
make a few inquiries, drawing out
the information that, for one who had
not patience to wait the morning
train northbound, the quickest way
to any city of importance was by boat
across Buzzard's bay to New Bedford.

Boats, it was implied, were plenti-
ful, readily to be chartered.

A time-table supplied all other need-
ful advice. Alan wrote his message
swiftly.

Addressed to Digby, his man of
business in New York, it required that
gentleman to arrange for a motor-car
to be held in waiting on the water-
front of New Bedford from 3:00 a. m.
until called for in the name of Mr.
Law, as well as for a special train at
Providence, on similar provisions.

(To be Continued.)

Saluting Getting Bore.

"I walked along the Strand yes-
terday," a Londoner said, "behind an

Our Own Point of View.

Why cannot the man see it is
green? What a dolt the fellow is not
to perceive it is yellow! Big headed
booby not to admit it is crimson—and
so we are all at each other's throats
about trifles, unconscious of the fact
that we are all more or less wrong
ourselves and are merely estimating
matters from our own particular
standpoint of prejudice. And this it
is which prevents this world from
ever being a happy one, for we each
feel impelled to force others to see
things even as we see them our-
selves, and, since it is impossible to
do so, we ultimately get wild with
the world—Jeringham's Essays.

The Goats of Asia Minor.

The goat more than any other fac-
tor has assisted the rural inhabitants
of Asia Minor to destroy the magnif-
icent forests which once extended
from Smyrna through to Konia, the
ancient capital of Karamania. Not
only have the peasants and nomads
destroyed the timber for the sake of
firewood, but they destroyed it also
in order that their goats might obtain
suitable pasture. And the goats in
their turn prevented the new shoots
ever after from replacing the trees
which had been cut down.

Value of Politeness.

Hollow trees are always the stiff-

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Where are we?" he wondered aloud. "ask me an easy one," Barcus re- l; "somewhere on the south shore he cape—unless somebody's been pering with the lay of this land. t's a lighthouse over yonder."

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"You'll go, then?" Barcus inquired. "I'd just as lief, myself . . ."

"No; let me," Alan insisted. "It's not far—not more than a quarter of a mile. And she'll be safe enough here, in your care, the little time I'm gone."

Barcus nodded. His face was drawn and gray in the moon-glare. "Thank God!" he breathed brokenly, "you're able. I'm not."

He sat down suddenly and rested his head on his knees. "Don't be longer than you can help," he muttered thickly.

He had come to the headland of the lighthouse itself before the ground began to shelve more gently to the beach; and was on the point of addressing himself to the dark and silent cottage of the lightkeeper when he paused, struck by sight of what till then had been hidden from him.

The promontory, he found, formed the eastern extremity of a wide-armed if shallow harbor where rode at moorings a considerable number of small craft—pleasure vessels assorted about equally with fishing boats. And barely an eighth of a mile on, long-legged wharves stood knee-deep in the water, like tentacles flung out from the sleepy little fishing village that dotted the rising ground—a community of per- haps two hundred dwellings.

Nor was this all—even as Alan hove in view of the village he heard a series of staccato snorts, the harsh tolling of a brazen bell, the rumble of a train pulling out from a station. And then he saw its jewel-string of lights flash athwart the landscape and vanish as its noise died away diminuendo.

Where one train ran another must. He need only now secure something to revive Rose, help her somehow up the beach, and in another hour or two, of a certainty, they would be speed- ing northwards, up the cape, toward Boston and the land of law and order.

Such thoughts as these, at least, made up the texture of his hopes; the outcome proved them somewhat too presumptuous. He jogged down a quiet village street and into the rail- road station just as the agent was closing up for the night.

A surly citizen, this agent, ill-pleased to have his plans disordered by chance- flung strangers. He greeted Alan's breathless query with a grunt of in- grained churlishness.

"Nab," he averred, "they ain't no more trains till mornin'. Can't y' see I'm shuttin' up?"

"But surely there must be a tele- graph station—"

"You bet your life they is—right here in this depot. An' I'm shuttin' it up, too."

"Has the operator gone for the night?"

"He's going. I'm the op'rator. No business transacted after office hours. Call raound at eight o'clock tomor- row mornin'. Now if you'll jest step out of that door, I'll say g'd-night to you."

"But I must send a telegram," Alan protested. "I tell you, I must. It's a matter of life and death."

"Sure, young feller. It always is— after business hours."

"Won't you open up again—"

"I tell you, no!"

In desperation Alan rammed a hand into his trousers pocket. "Will a dol- lar influence your better judgment?" he suggested shrewdly.

"Let's see your dollar," the other re- turned with no less craft—open in- credulity informing his countenance.

And, surely enough, Alan brought forth an empty hand

swiftly.

Addressed to Digby, his man of business in New York, it required that gentleman to arrange for a motor-car to be held in waiting on the water- front of New Bedford from 3:00 a. m. until called for in the name of Mr. Law, as well as for a special train at Providence, on similar provisions.

(To be Continued.)

Saluting Getting Bore.

"I walked along the Strand yes- terday," a Londoner said, "behind an officer in uniform. Between the top of Arundel street and Charing Cross railway station he was saluted, and had to salute 30 times. This sort of thing is going on all over the town, and I have it on the authority of a colonel that it is considered by the commanding ranks as a beastly bore."

Spoiled His Aim.

Mike was out gunning for ducks with a friend, who noticed that al- though Mike aimed his gun several times he did not shoot it off. At last he said: "Mike, why didn't you shoot that time? The whole flock was right in front of you."

"O! know," said Mike, "but every time O! aimed me gun at a duck an- other wan came right 'tween us."

for has assisted the rural inhabitants of Asia Minor to destroy the magnifi- cent forests which once extended from Smyrna through to Konia, the ancient capital of Karamania. Not only have the peasants and nomads destroyed the timber for the sake of firewood, but they destroyed it also in order that their goats might obtain suitable pasture. And the goats in their turn prevented the new shoots ever after from replacing the trees which had been cut down.

Value of Politeness.

Hollow trees are always the stiff- est, but the mightiest oak, it is found, can bend. The more exalted a man is by station the more powerful should he be by kindness. There is no policy like politeness, since a good manner often succeeds where the best tongue has failed. Politeness is most useful to inspire confidence in the timid and encourage the deserving. —London Strand Magazine.

Women Police.

Women police may shortly be ap- pointed in New Zealand. It was re- cently decided that the Government of New Zealand should communicate with the Governments of countries in which women constables are employ- ed, and, after considering the informa- tion obtained from this source, de- cide if the fair sex should be appoint- ed to the New Zealand force.

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TAKE THESE

Making the Little Farm Pay

By C. C. BOWSFIELD

Large profits from the production of vegetables, as compared with grain crops, have attracted the attention of studious farmers.

It is a striking fact that beans, potatoes, onions, peas, cabbage, tomatoes, celery, lettuce, etc., pay \$200 to \$400 an acre as against \$25 to \$50 an acre which is cleared on the most successful of grain crops. The demand for the common, easily grown vegetables is constant, and there is no doubt but that prices are to remain on a profitable basis.

All farmers cannot turn their places into truck gardens, but in the movement toward mixed agriculture every land owner who has reasonably good market facilities should plan for a few acres of vegetables. This will call for extra help, but the profits will be sufficient to justify the change in program. It is necessary to start right and push the whole project in a businesslike way. A little study will show which are the money making crops and how marketing can be done to advantage. Private customers should be supplied where it is practicable to do so. Ever and always keep in mind the money value of any crop that time and labor are bestowed on. See that it is salable and then get the cash out of it.

A great difficulty with most farm gardens is that the various crops are placed in small beds, making it absolutely necessary to do all the work with a hoe. Farm boys and girls object to this, and the older people are not anxious about it. The fact is, most farm gardens are neglected. In the first place, the farmer figures that it doesn't pay to give time to a small proposition of this kind. The women find the work too heavy unless there are plenty of them. Consequently a restricted area is devoted to garden crops, and the farm table much of the

lected in many cases.

Now, if in selecting a garden plot an elongated area is chosen and everything planted in rows much of the heavy work is unnecessary. The plot can be plowed nine or ten inches deep to begin with, thus doing away with the back breaking work made necessary in spading the garden. Then the harrow can be used to do the work of pulverizing and smoothing. By planting the various crops in rows a horse cultivator further lightens the labor. Of course the hand hoe has to be used occasionally, and some of the weeds may have to be removed by hand, but the proposition is not a formidable one.

Do not forget that it is practically impossible to get the soil too rich for the ordinary garden crop. Well rotted stable manure is always available on every farm. Put on a large amount of this during the fall or very early in the spring. Fall plowing is best. Cover the manure deeply.

In early spring, just as soon as the ground can be worked, early vegetables, like onions, radishes, lettuce and peas, can be planted. Put in a liberal quantity. Sow lettuce and radishes in succession. Do not stop short of three or four plantings. Allow about ten days or two weeks to intervene between each planting. The same method can be employed with peas. Beets do not need to be treated in this way. Then when all danger of frost is past sow the tender roots, such as beans, cucumbers, and a little later do not fail to set in a lot of tomato plants. Select at least two or three dozen of a very early variety. Then a few weeks later plant some of the larger sorts, which will bear profusely right up to frost. Tomatoes are exceedingly healthful, are easily grown and give more return for the time and effort expended than many other garden crops. Ordinarily it is best to stake the tomato vines and keep them off the ground. Then cucumbers should not be neglected under any circumstances. Plant as many hills as you think will be needed. As soon as the cucumber plants appear above ground, scatter wood ashes on them in the early morning when the dew is on. This will prevent damage from the little beetles that are so destructive to the leaves. You will have to watch your cucumber vines for cutworms.

Protect the Orchard Trees.

If you want to raise a good crop of mice and insects that will damage the orchard trees let the weeds and grass lie thick on the ground.

A FEW DON'TS FOR PARENTS.

Don't forget that children, like plants, suffer seriously from want of sunlight.

Don't forget that children are more seriously affected by impure air than grown people.

Don't let the nursery be used as a laundry nor a larder. Food should never be kept in it.

Don't forget that lowered vitality makes children more liable to catch any infectious disease.

Don't say "don't" to your little one. Remember to tell the child what he is to do, not what he is not to do.

Don't forget that little children are easily depressed by gloomy surroundings.

COST OF TOOLS.

Since tools are only half worn out by use it is found that the cost of replacing tools on the small farm is several times as much to the acre as on the large place. The small scale farmer finds that his tools become useless about as quickly as those kept on larger places, and since he has applied them on a much smaller area his cost of operation has been increased accordingly.

The average farm of the United States has about \$200 invested in tools and equipment. If use of these is not more than 50 per cent efficient this single item in the cost of production of crops needs close attention. Depreciation on a ten dollar plow is 85 cents a year; the interest charge is 33 cents. The cost is more than twice as great on small farms as on those that are larger.—Country Gentleman.

APPLICATION OF LIME.

Much Error and Confusion on the Subject of Various Preparations.

Everybody is familiar with lime. It is one of the commonest of substances. Its importance in sweetening the soil, so that the clovers and alfalfa will do well in it, is also well known to every intelligent farmer. But we venture to state that there are more error and confusion in the minds of intelligent men on the subject of the various lime preparations than on any other familiar topic.

Here are a few things which the reader may or may not know:

Raw ground limestone has been found better in the long run than burnt lime. It may not give marked benefit so soon, but it will not burn up the organic matter in the soil. It cannot possibly do harm, and the burnt lime can and often does.

The limestone does not need to be crushed as finely as many suppose, though the finer the better, but if as fine as coarse cornmeal it will dissolve slowly and sweeten the soil.

A ton of raw ground limestone will go as far as 1,120 pounds of fresh burnt lime.

Hydrated lime is simply burnt lime which has had about a third of its weight in water added. Most lime sold as "agricultural lime" is nothing more or less than lime which has been thus watered and ground.

It takes 1,480 pounds of this agricultural lime to go as far in sweetening the soil as 1,120 pounds of fresh burnt lime. And 1,120 pounds of one or 1,480 pounds of the other are equal in sweetening power to a ton of ground limestone.

A Safety Milk Stool.

A kicking cow is an aggravation, especially if she be one of those valuable animals that really must be kept for what she does to boost the monthly cream check. Here is a milking stool that will keep her from upsetting the milker and the milk pail when she has one "of her spells." It will also make it easier for the milker, as he

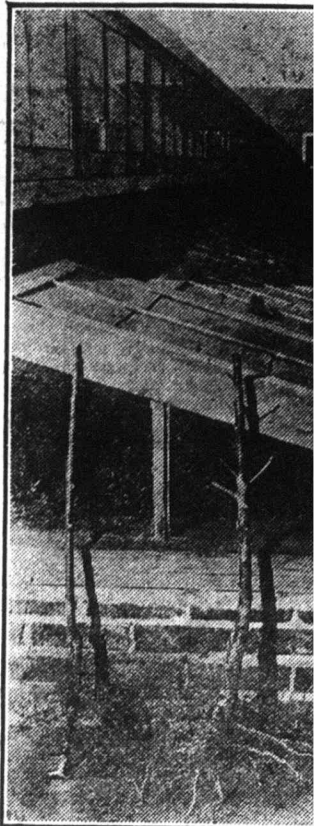
Scientific Farming

PLANTING PEACH TREE

Well Grown Year Old Specimens For the Purpose.

[Prepared by United States department agriculture.]

Only thrifty, well grown, well year old or "June budded" trees are free from injurious insect and fungous diseases should be planted in a peach orchard. A thrifty, grown grade does not necessarily the largest trees which can be in a nursery. On the other hand medium sized trees are probably the most desirable for planting as the 1 ones. The smaller grades in some may be made up of trees that stunted and weak from some cause other. Not infrequently they have root systems. The smaller trees usually be bought at a lower price the medium sized and large ones they may prove costly in the end,



PEACH TREES PRUNED FOR PLANTING

cially if they are lacking in vigor and make a poor growth after being planted.

Peach trees are commonly graded according to their height. In proper grown trees, however, there is a pretty definite relation between the height and the size of the trunk, or "caliper" of the tree. The diameter of the trunk is sometimes used as the basis for grading nursery stock. The grade

place, the farmer figures that it doesn't pay to give time to a small reposition of this kind. The women and the work too heavy unless there are plenty of them. Consequently a restricted area is devoted to garden crops, and the farm table much of the



EVERYTHING PLANTED IN ROWS.

me lacks crisp, toothsome vegetables which ought to be easily produced. Market possibilities are wholly neg-

grown people.

Don't let the nursery be used as a laundry nor a larder. Food should never be kept in it.

Don't forget that lowered vitality makes children more liable to catch any infectious disease.

Don't say "don't" to your little one. Remember to tell the child what he is to do, not what he is not to do.

Don't forget that little children are easily depressed by gloomy surroundings, and this lowers their vitality.

Don't forget that you sometimes do harm to your children by doing too much for them. There are things that it is far better to teach the children to do for themselves.

Don't shake or scold a child who wakes up and cries out in the night. Often night terrors are a purely nervous affection and any harshness only makes matters worse.

Don't think that money is wasted in buying pretty paper and bright colored paint for the decorations of the nursery. Money spent on brightening life at its opening will bear good interest in health and happiness.

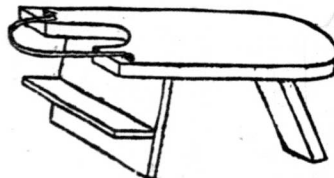
Don't think that any room in the house will do for the nursery, as "it's only for the children." The sunniest, most airy and most cheerful room in the house should be given to the children if you want them to be healthy.

limestone.

A Safety Milk Stool.

A kicking cow is an aggravation, especially if she be one of those valuable animals that really must be kept for what she does to boost the monthly cream check. Here is a milking stool that will keep her from upsetting the milker and the milk pail when she has one "of her spells." It will also make it easier for the milker, as he will not have to hold the pail between his knees in order to have both hands free for the milking.

The device is in the form of a milk stool which keeps the pail close to the



cow's udder and at the same time holds it so that there is little danger of its being knocked over. The front leg of the stool has a projecting rest upon which the pail is placed to keep it from the ground. The front is hollowed to receive the pail, which is held in place by a wire loop. The thing is so simple that any one who reads this page and in future meets with the old time accident because of neglect to use this device deserves all he or she gets.

This device is easily made and has shown its value under actual milking lot conditions.—Farm Progress.

TIMELY GARDEN HINTS.

Get ready to spray the orchard.

Lettuce, radishes and onions may be sown in the hotbed as soon as it is ready.

Go over all garden and field equipment and see that everything is ready to use.

Cuttings of coleus, petunias and other bedding plants may be made now.

Double portulaca, annual delphinium, calliopsis, African daisy and stock are good annuals to plant.

Plant a few herbaceous perennial flowering plants this spring, such as pyrethrum, boltonia, iris or even some of the lilies, such as *Lilium elegans*.

A few good raspberry plants do not take up much room or require a great deal of care, but they do furnish a very pleasing fruit in their season.

Hotbeds may be started now, unless the weather is unusually cold. See that about eighteen inches of well tramped, heating manure is in the bottom of the frame. Bank the frame well with straw or dry manure.—Le Roy Cady, Associate Horticulturist, University Farm, St. Paul.

Triumph of Womanly Nature.

A budding novelist who knew how to depart from the hackneyed way of putting things sent to a Boston editor a novel containing the following:

"When she heard of the marriage of her false lover to her hated rival she at first bawled bitterly, but her womanly nature soon asserted itself, and she began a desperate flirtation with another man."—New York Post.

SHILOH
quickly stops coughs, cures colds, and heals the throat and lungs. 25 cents.

PEACH TREES PRUNED FOR PLANTING.

cially if they are lacking in vitality and make a poor growth after being planted.

Peach trees are commonly graded according to their height. In properly grown trees, however, there is a pretty definite relation between the height and the size of the trunk, or "caliper," of the tree. The diameter of the stem is sometimes used as the basis for grading nursery stock. The grades according to height, are designated as "three to four foot," "four to five foot," "five to seven foot" trees, etc.

The relative size and height are apparent. The heaviest grade is composed of larger, more heavily branched trees than the smaller ones, but they are more bulky and heavier to handle, and it is a question whether they will develop into any better trees ultimately than the medium sized grade. The smallest grade is composed of fairly good trees, but some of them may be lacking in vitality. Sometimes, for the sake of reducing the first cost, a grower buys even smaller trees than the three to four foot grade, but in most cases this proves to be false economy. A few cents per tree of additional cost means comparatively little in the initial expense of starting an orchard, but it may mean a vast sum later in the life of the orchard in the better development of good, vigorous trees.

Before planting an orchard every prospective peach grower who has important interests at stake should form an accurate conception of what constitutes good nursery trees in every respect. He should thoroughly familiarize himself with the appearance of the insects and diseases that are recognized as likely to be disseminated on nursery stock, and he should give particular attention to the character of the roots and their freedom from such diseases as crown gall and hairy root.

In northern latitudes or wherever the winters are very severe peach trees should be planted in the spring as early as the soil can be worked to advantage and after the danger of hard freezes is past. But in middle and southern latitudes and in regions generally where the winters are mild and where the fall season is favorable for working the soil until late the planting of trees at that season of the year is generally successful and by many is preferred to spring planting. The planting should be delayed until thoroughly well and naturally ripened trees can be obtained, but before the advent of really cold weather. It is desirable that fall planted trees should re-establish some root action in their new positions before winter sets in. The danger of winter injury is thus reduced. But in some of the milder portions of the country, where the soil seldom freezes deep and rarely remains frozen for more than a few days at a time, peach trees are commonly planted at almost any time during the winter.

Origin of Language.

Language is the vehicle of thought and is not necessarily vocal. It is safe to say that the sign or gesture language preceded the oral or real language and that it was a long time before the latter form of communicating ideas became anything like universal. There are still tribes that have only the gesture language, supplemented by the merest jargon of words. Beyond a doubt the race began its career dumb, just as the babe does, and acquired its vocabulary very slowly and painfully.

BRANDRAM HENDERSON
LIMITED
INSURANCE

No
For

*The
Best
Paint
Policy*

is to use an
honest Paint

**B-H
"ENGLISH"
PAINT**

the Formula of which is Stated, Guaranteed,
and Always the Same.

Here is a Paint Perfectly Proportioned:—70% of the
Standard White Lead of the World,—Brandram's
B. B. Genuine White Lead—30% of Pure White
Zinc. In all tints and white.

Scientific Research by Laboratory Experts, and Exacting
Tests by Practical Painters, have proven these to be the
Correct Paint Proportions to meet the weather conditions in Canada.

A complete Color Folder replete with Valuable
Painting Information awaits you at our store—
come and see us about painting with B-H
"ENGLISH" Paint. We sell it.

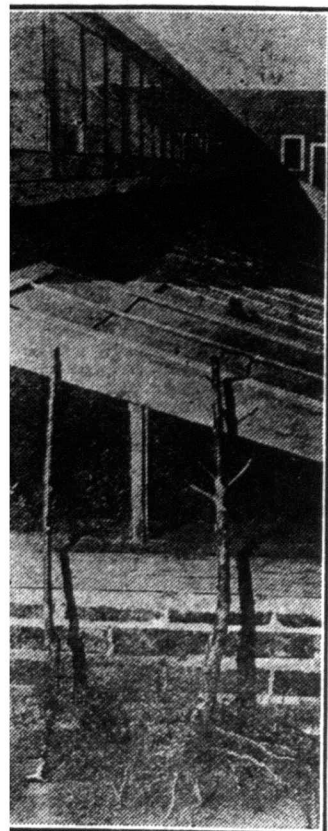
McCabe & Shaver,
Napanee, Ont.

Scientific Farming

PLANTING PEACH TREES.

all Grown Year Old Specimens Best For the Purpose.
[prepared by United States department of agriculture.]

Only thrifty, well grown, well rooted ar old or "June budded" trees that e free from injurious insect pests d fungous diseases should be planted a peach orchard. A thrifty, well own grade does not necessarily mean e largest trees which can be found a nursery. On the other hand, me- um sized trees are probably fully as strable for planting as the larger as. The smaller grades in some cases y be made up of trees that are unt and weak from some cause or er. Not infrequently they have poor t systems. The smaller trees can ally be bought at a lower price than medium sized and large ones, but y may prove costly in the end, espe-



PEACH TREES PRUNED FOR PLANTING.

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DOMESTIC TOPICS.

Try having a supply of paper napkins and a roll of oiled pa- per on hand if there are school lunches to pack. The paper nap- kins save washing and the oiled paper keeps the lunch from dry- ing out.

To make mock whipped cream use one cupful of milk, sweet- ened, and a scant teaspoonful of flour. Cook to a cream. Beat the whites of two eggs stiff, pour the boiling cream over them and beat for a minute or two.

Hard boiled eggs should be plunged into cold water as soon as they are removed from the saucepan. This prevents a dark ring from appearing around the yolk.

A thin coating of the best var- nish twice a year will do much toward keeping the linoleum bright and shiny and preventing wear.

Anchovies may be used as a garnish for cold meats, and an- chovies on toast furnish a nice relish.

Never pierce meat while it is cooking, thus allowing the juice to escape.

A sprig of parsley heated with canned peas gives them a fresh and delicious flavor.

As soon as macaroni has been drained and blanched by throw- ing it into cold water mix with a little butter to keep it from sticking together.

HOUSEHOLD GENERALIZATION

How to Get the Most Out of Your In- come.

In the poor family the larger part of the income is spent for the house- hold needs—food, service, laundry, clothes and household supplies. These lie in the woman's province, and it is therefore fairer for the man to lay aside such a sum as shall cover rent, insurance, heat, light and his own per- sonal needs and bank the rest of the income in a checking account for his wife.

Rent in this land of high rents is often calculated at one-third of the income, but that is too large an obliga- tion to assume, and one-fifth or one-sixth is the only safe reckoning.

Heat and light it is impossible to generalize about, as these expenses will depend entirely on how and where you live. If you live in an apartment you can afford a higher rent in propor- tion, as your heat will be provided. The heat and light bills are usually better left to the man to regulate and settle, as he is better fitted to cope with the furnace, and in the matter of using light men are naturally the more extravagant and careless. They should therefore have the payment of the bills and the understanding that that brings. Also in the matter of a mistake in the gas or electric meter a man usually feels that he is better able to attend to the subject than a woman.

Food, however, comes entirely in the woman's province, and too large a sum often is allowed for it. This is often not the woman's fault, but is due to the man's insistence on too much and too expensive meat.

HEALTH AND BEAUTY.

To increase the growth of the eyebrows rub pure olive oil in regularly each night.

To cure hysteria wrap mustard plasters on hands, wrists, soles and palms and allow patient to rest.

The juice of a lemon in hot water on awakening in the morn- ing is an excellent liver correc- tive and for stout women is said to be a flesh reducer.

To treat frost bites rub part af- fected with snow or ice, or im- merse in ice water. Later satur- ate cloth with warm water or alcohol and rub parts.

Almond milk is excellent for whitening and softening the skin, but its effect will not be no- ticed until after weeks of con- stant and regular application.

One teaspoonful of baking soda mixed with one-half glassful of water and applied with a soft cloth is good for pimples, fever blisters, burns and poison from ivy.

Were good, vigorous walking more generally and regularly en- gaged in by both sexes the neces- sity for gymnasia and other ar- tificial substitutes would not be so apparent.

When a cramp in the leg comes on take a good, long string—a garter will do—wind it round the leg over the place that is affect- ed and take the end in each hand and give it a sharp pull—one that will cause a little pain. In- stantly the cramp will depart, and the sufferer can return to bed safely assured it will not come on again that night.

EVENING GOWNS.

After Easter is the Time For Showing New Conceits in Filmy Frocks.

After Lent is past the spring girl shows all the new frocks she has gathered during that time of penance. The gown pictured in this illustration shows the tendency in evening frocks.

This gown is developed in white net embroidered in rose design and worn



A POSITIVE CURE FOR RHEUMATISM

Hundreds of People Have Found "Fruit-a-tives" Their Only Help

READ THIS LETTER

Superintendent of Sunday School in Toronto Tells How He Cured Himself of Chronic Rheumatism After Suffer- ing for Years.

55 DOVERCOURT ROAD, Oct., 1st. 1913.

"For a long time, I have thought of writing you regarding what I term a most remarkable cure effected by your remedy "Fruit-a-tives". I suffered from Rheumatism, especially in my hands. I have spent a lot of money without any good results. I have taken "Fruit-a-tives" for 18 months now, and am pleased to tell you that I am cured. All the enlargement has not left my hands and perhaps never will, but the soreness is all gone and I can do any kind of work. I have gained 35 pounds in 18 months".

R. A. WAUGH

Rheumatism is no longer the dreaded disease it once was. Rheumatism is no longer one of the "incurable diseases". "Fruit-a-tives" has proved its marvellous powers over Rheumatism, Sciatica, Lumbago—in fact, over all such diseases which arise from some derangement of stomach, bowels, kidneys or skin.

"Fruit-a-tives" is sold by all dealers at 50c. a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size, 25c. or sent postpaid on receipt of price by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

Game of Elements.

All seated around the room, one of the company holds in his hand a soft ball, to which should be fastened a string, so that it may be easily drawn back again. Sometimes a ball of worsted is used, with a yard or two left unwound. The holder of the ball then throws it to one person and this to another, naming at the same time one of the elements (fire, air, earth, water), and each player as the ball touches him must before ten is count- ed mention a quality of that element. Should any one speak when fire is men- tioned he is out of the game.

Numerical Enigma.

I am composed of five letters.
My 4-3-1 is the highest point; also a toy.

My 1-3-4 is a light touch.
My 1-2-5-4 is a conspiracy.
My 1-2-3-4 is a piece of ground.
My whole is the name of one of the greatest ancient Greek philosophers.

Answer.—Plato. Words: Top, pat, plot, plat.

Puzzle.

Take a short month, divide it,
And cram a joke inside it;
You'll concoct a splendid thing,
Fit to set before a king.
Answer.—Ma-jest-y.

EACH TREE PRUNED FOR PLANTING.

ly if they are lacking in vitality make a poor growth after being planted. Each tree is commonly graded according to their height. In properly grown trees, however, there is a pretentious relation between the height of the trunk, or "caliper," of the tree. The diameter of the stem sometimes used as the basis for grading nursery stock. The grades, according to height, are designated as "one to four foot," "four to five foot," "five to seven foot" trees, etc.

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Food, however, comes entirely in the woman's province, and too large a sum often is allowed for it. This is often not the woman's fault, but is due to the man's insistence on too much and too expensive meat. The man who thinks that he must have a roast, steak or chops every day is an impossible man to cater to economically or efficiently. A variety of cuts, fish once or twice a week and an occasional meatless supper or high tea for a change will keep the meat bill down most amazingly, and the careful and efficient housewife should have no difficulty in keeping her household bills down.

Timely Tip.

When choosing a cream consider the nature of your skin. If it is at all dry do not use a cream with peroxide in it. If, however, the skin is inclined to be oily get one with as little grease in it as possible.

HOUSEHOLD NOTES.

Woolen materials can be cleaned with a dry rubber sponge, care being taken to rub the wrong side of the nap.

Nothing makes better wash cloths than white stockings cut open. The edges may be finished with pink or blue crochet.

For salad dressing three tablespoonfuls of oil, one and one-half of vinegar, quarter of a teaspoonful of salt, one-eighth of pepper.

If you keep a canary see that his cage is spotlessly clean. It is better for his health as well as for the cheerful aspect of the room.

Make a batter with six ounces of flour, one egg and three-quarters pint of milk or milk and water. Pour over the meat and bake for one hour. For serving cut in squares and pile on a hot dish.

New dishes are not so apt to break if they are put into a pan of hot water and set on the stove. Let the water come slowly to a boil. Then take them off the stove and when the water is cool take them out. After this you can put them in as hot water as you wish and have no fear of cracking them.

Delicious Boiled Custard.—Boil an ounce of rice in a pint of milk until the latter is quite creamy. Then strain out the rice, sweeten the milk to taste and add a well beaten egg. Pour into a jug and proceed as directed in the above recipe. This is both economical and nourishing, also suitable for delicate folk or children.

Pluck.

Lawson-Bjones has been married for a year, now, and he still looks happy. **Dawson-Bjones** always was a good loser.—*Somerville Journal*.

Snapped Him Up.

She—You looked so sheepish when you proposed to me. **He**—And you looked so wolfish when you accepted me.—*Boston Transcript*.

Occupation is the scythe of time.—*Napoleon*.



PRETTY NEW CREATION.

over a slip of white pussy willow taffeta. The bodice is girdled with a three inch band of white and rose colored tapestry, cloth finished, with a rosette at the side front. A gathered tunic falls over a short gathered foundation skirt.

About New Suits.

The strongest feature of the new suits is the fullness of the coats and skirts. The coats are very much shorter to allow the wider skirt full sway. They are cut in a variety of shapes. A great number of them dip in front and quite a few are belted. The belts are placed at both the normal and the high waist line, but the latter position is more noticeable on account of its contrast to the long waisted effect in vogue during the last season.

Yokes are seen on skirts. From them the material hangs either in folds or in plaits.

The materials used for the new suits are serges, poplins, coverts, novelty weaves, silks and gabardines.

Grays and tans in light shades are greatly favored. Among these are putty sand, beige and battleship gray. For the people who cling to blues there are the beautiful shades of navy, dark Copenhagen, army and Belgian blues.

Smart Lace Trimmed Dresses.

Cotton dresses trimmed with cluny, valenciennes and fillet laces will register smartness, while bands for bead ing, flounces and ruffles will scarcely be less modish. Venice in light effect will feature, especially in conjunction with lingerie frocks.

Not Her Quarrel.

The fact that corporal punishment is discouraged in public schools is what led Harry's teacher to address this note to the lad's mother:

"I regret very much to have to inform you that your son Harry idles away his time, is disobedient, quarrelsome and disturbs the pupils who are trying to study their lessons. He needs a good whipping, and I strongly recommend that you give him one."

Whereupon Harry's mother responded as follows:

"Dear Miss Jones—Lick him yourself. I ain't mad at him.—Yours truly, Mrs. Smith."

My 1-2-3-4 is a right touch. My 1-2-5-4 is a conspiracy. My 1-2-3-4 is a piece of ground. My whole is the name of one of the greatest ancient Greek philosophers. Answer.—Plato. Words: Top, pat, plot, plat.

Puzzle.

Take a short month, divide it, And cram a joke inside it; You'll concoct a splendid thing, Fit to set before a king.

Answer.—Ma-jest-y.

More Pressing Needs.

"I need shoes."
"Then why don't you buy some?"
"It is evident that you know nothing of family life. My graphophone needs records, and my wife needs dancing lessons."—*Louisville Courier-Journal*.

Sometimes Seems So.

"Pa, when you say you're laying for a person it means you have a grudge against him, doesn't it?"
"Generally, my son."
"Well, has the hen a grudge against the farmer, pa?"—*Boston Transcript*.

Stiff and Sore.

"Where were you day before yesterday?"
"I was helping my wife to move."
"And yesterday?"
"Had the doctor helping me to."—*Boston Transcript*.

Easy.

"Your wife needs rides in the open air."
"All right, doc. I'll drop word among the real estate agents that I might look at property in the suburbs."—*Louisville Courier-Journal*.

The Shock of His Life.

Suitor—Mr. Simkins, I have courted your daughter fifteen years. **Mr. S.**—Well, what do you want? **Suitor**—Marry her. **Mr. S.**—Well, I'll be darned! I thought you wanted a pension or something.—*Philadelphia Ledger*.

Paradoxical.

Reporter—What do you mean by saying that I use "paradoxical expressions?" **Editor**—I mean that you say impossible things. This story of yours, for instance, contains the phrase "bag-pipe music."—*Cleveland Leader*.

Ungallant.

Katherine—As long as you say you understand the language of the flowers, what does this bunch of American Beauty roses say? **Kidder**—That a fool and his money are soon parted.—*Brooklyn Citizen*.

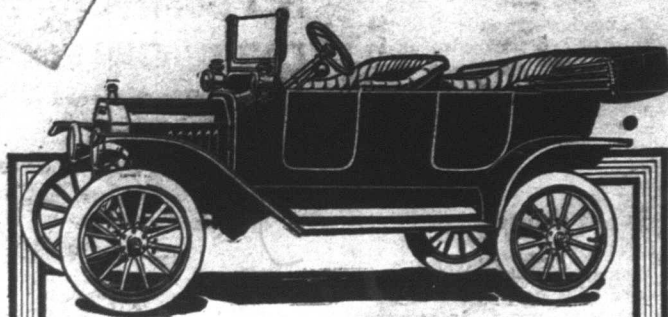
In Nautical Terms.

Wife—Mrs. Blank is very extravagant in dress. Her husband told her she was carrying too much sail, whatever that means. **Hub**—He probably put it that way because he has to raise the wind.—*Boston Transcript*.

No Reason.

"Are hotel men always good looking?"
"No more so as a class than other men. Why do you ask?"
"Because I want to know why they call them Bonny-faces."

GET IT AT
WALLACE'S



"MADE IN CANADA"

Ford Touring Car Price \$590

No advance in the price of the "Made in Canada" Ford will be made because of the 7½% War Tariff. We as loyal Canadians will gladly absorb whatever increased duty we are forced to pay on such raw materials as cannot be obtained at home. The Ford is manufactured in Canada—not assembled in Canada.

The Ford Runabout is \$540; the Town car \$840; the Coupelet \$850; the Sedan \$1150—all fully equipped, f. o. b. Ford, Ont. Ford buyers will share in our profits if we sell 30,000 cars between August 1, 1914, and August 1, 1915. New models on exhibition at

W. J. NORMILE'S
SHOW ROOMS, - NAPANEE



Seeds! Seeds!

- Garden Seeds.
- Sugar Beet Seeds.
- Mangel Seeds.
- Onion Sets.

All Good Fresh Stock.

Highest price paid for Eggs.
Cash or trade.

FRANK H. PERRY.

Dundas St., Opposite Royal Hotel
Phone 130.

Formaldehyde, full strength, as recommended by Agricultural Office, for treating grain and seed potatoes, for sale at WALLACE'S DRUG STORE LIMITED.

Owing to a change in the business all past due accounts require immediate settlement by note or cash. **M. S. MADOLE.** 20-c

The Woman's Missionary Society of Trinity church, will serve afternoon tea, at the residence of Mrs. A. W. Grange, John St., on Friday, April 30th, from three to six o'clock. Admission, fifteen cents. Home-made candy will be offered for sale. A cordial invitation is extended to the general public. 20-b

East End Barber Shop.

Everything neat; first class workmen; cigars and tobacco. Give me a call.

J. N. OSBORNE.

Painting.

If you are thinking of painting and have not used Lowe Brothers' High Standard paint, try the paint with blue flag, at **BOYLE & SON'S.**

Notice.

W. H. Dunbar, Thomas street, has been appointed Secretary of the Napanee Cemetery Co., in the place of F. W. Vandusen, who is leaving town. Any persons having business to transact with the Company will please call upon him, or phone 246. It is desirable that all accounts due the Company, should be paid at once. 21-a

Mr. Wm. O'Riordan, Secretary, Ill.

GRACE METHODIST CHURCH

Chas. E. Cragg, B. D., Pastor.

Sunday, May 2nd.

9.30 a.m.—Class service.

10 a.m.—Tee quarterly love-feast, to be followed by the administration of the Lord's Supper. The reception service has been postponed to a later date.

11.45—Sunday School and Bible classes.

6 p.m.—Class services.

7 p.m.—Evening service. Subject—"Graft, Ancient and Modern."

In the evening Mrs. Dr. Howard will sing "The Lost Lamb Child,"—by Bird.

Monday, 8 p.m.—The Young People's meeting. Consecration service to be followed by the election of officers.

Wednesday, 8 p.m.—The general prayer and praise service.

Farmers.

Our car of wire has arrived. Get our prices. All styles. Now is the time to buy as prices are going up.

MADOLE HARDWARE CO.

Children's Clothing.

The Children's Aid Society would be glad to receive any cast-off clothing suitable for children. Articles may be given to Mrs. L. J. Corkhill, Mrs. Dr. Wartman, Mrs. E. Wilson or Mrs. R. G. H. Travers.

Canoe Club Meeting.

A general meeting of the Napanee Canoe Club will be held at the Public Library on Monday evening at eight o'clock for the purpose of election of officers and organization plans. All the old members are requested to be present, also all persons who are interested in promoting canoing.

Notice.

At H. W. Kelly Grocery you can get everything fresh and clean. Purify flour \$4.00 per cwt. Good size Navel Oranges 25c a doz. 6 bars of Comfort or Surprise soap or Drugman's soap for 25c. Good family soap 10 bars for 25c. Campbell's soap 2 tins for 25c. 15 lbs Brown sugar \$1.00 Best 25c green tea in town. Highest price paid for eggs. Phone 66 Campbell House Corner. 12-b

House and Barn Paints, Best quality at Hooper's—The Medical Hall.

POULTRY AND CHICKENS.

M. B. Mills has started a poultry exchange on Centre street, where he will be prepared to buy for cash your chickens and other poultry alive. This is the best way to dispose of your extra stock, as you get your money when you bring the birds in and save yourself the trouble of plucking, and the risk of losing in shipping. Starve birds 12 hours and bring in before Friday each week. Table fowl supplied on order. 18-2-m

Preserve your eggs through the hot summer months with Wallace's egg preserver, 15c per can at Wallace's Drug Store, Limited.

AUCTION SALE.

The undermentioned goods will be offered for sale, by Public Auction on Saturday, May 1st, 1915, at 1.30 o'clock, at the Manse, Napanee, (beside Presbyterian Church): Horse, buggy (new, harness, etc.), piano (first grade Bell), dining room chairs (oak) extension table (polished oak), some rocking chairs, 1 small baby carriage, canvas chicken coop, (10 ft by 6 ft.) wire protection squares for chicks. 3 Midlothian Male Birds

Latest Patterns and Weaves in Suitsings

—and— Trouserings —for— Spring Wear.

Fashioned to your
liking in the Latest
Styles.

High Grade Trimmings

JAMES WALTERS,
Merchant Tailoring, - Napanee.

ST. ANDREWS' CHURCH

(PRESBYTERIAN.)

Rev. A. L. Howard, Ph.D., Minist
10.30—Sermon to Boys, Boy Scout
are to be present.

11.45—S. S. and Bible Class.
7 p.m.—The pastor will preach.

Milk cans.

Our cans have stood the test ar
our 1915 can is better than ever.

MADOLE HARDWARE CO.

USE VANLUVEN'S COAL.

Because it is economical and bur
satisfactorily under all weather co
ditions, is easily regulated to mi
num or maximum heat.

ST. MARY MAGDALENE CHURCH
Services at S. Mary Magdale
Church:

Sunday, May 2nd.
10.30 a.m.—Holy Communion.
7 p.m.—Evening Prayer.
Sermon to young men, "Are y
Going to Enlist." Also to you
men's parents and others.

SEED FOR SALE.

The Agricultural Office have issu
a list of seed for sale by farmers
the County. This list may be h
free on application. A sample
each man's seed is kept, and marl
with the Government Grade.
sales must be made direct betwe
the buyer and seller, as these samp
are kept for reference only. To c
tain this list of seed for sale, call
the Agricultural Office, or write Y
G. B. Curran, Napanee. 14

THE BEST VARNISH.

For hardwood floors, woodwo
linoleum, furniture, etc. There
nothing quite as good as Camptel
varnish, because it dries harder, m
gloss, and will not turn white w
water. For sale at WALLACE
DRUG STORE LIMITED.

TRINITY CHURCH NOTES.

Miss Bessie Irwin gave a very int
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FRED CHARNICK
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES
Chinneck's Jewellery Store
Next Wallace's Drug Store
Napanee
Strictly Private and Confidential. 39

JOHN T. GRANGE
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES
Grange Block, John Street,
Strictly Private and Confidential.

Fresh seeds, garden, flower and lawn in all the choice varieties at Hooper's—The Medical Hall.

Corp. Hill and Privates Bristol and Lewis have received their discharge from the 30th Battalion and have returned home.

Mrs. Agnes Shortis is in Kingston General Hospital, suffering from blood-poisoning. While she was washing she scratched her hand and blood poisoning developed.

Dr. C. M. Stratton, has passed his examinations in Army Medical work, standing first in the class and has been promoted to Captain.

The Daughters of the Empire will present the Boy Scouts with the colors on Monday, May 3rd, at eight o'clock in the evening, at the Presbyterian church. Friends of the boys and of the Daughters of the Empire are cordially invited to attend.

Major Storr D.C.L., Dean of St. George's Cathedral, Kingston, will give a lecture, "Some Impressions from behind the trenches" in the town hall, Thursday, May 6th, 8 p.m., under the auspices of the Church Woman's Guild of St. Mary Magdalene Church. Dean Storr spent several weeks at the front, as Chaplain, and also in other work for the British War Office. Lecture illustrated by Lantern slides, 60 views. Patriotic and interesting. Admission 25 cents.

Save the horses by using the Langford Collar. Needs no sweat. All sizes. Price \$1.75.

MADOLE HARDWARE CO.



NEW SUITS

—AT—
\$15.00

New Serges, New Worsteds New Tweeds—Tailored in the Latest Styles and guaranteed the Best Range of \$15.00 Suits in Canada

THE GRAHAM CO'Y.
Napanee, Ont.

blue flag, at BOYLE & SON'S.

Notice.

W. H. Dunbar, Thomas street, has been appointed Secretary of the Napanee Cemetery Co., in the place of F. W. Vandusen, who is leaving town. Any persons having business to transact with the Company will please call upon him, or 'phone 246. It is desirable that all accounts due the Company, should be paid at once. 21-a

Mr. Wm. O'Bierne Seriously Ill.

Readers of THE EXPRESS will learn with keen regret that Mr. Wm. M. O'Bierne, Editor and Proprietor of the Stratford Daily Beacon, suffered a severe cerebral hemorrhage, with paralysis of one side on Saturday last. Mr. O'Bierne's condition, while serious, appears to be improving slowly and hopes are entertained that he will be able to get around again. Mr. O'Bierne was for some years a resident of Napanee and was proprietor of THE EXPRESS. We extend to his family our sincere sympathy.

Napanee Civilian Rifle Association.

A meeting of the Executive and Captains of the Napanee Civilian Rifle Association was held in the Town Hall on Tuesday to consider the advisability of keeping the shooting gallery open during the summer months. It was decided owing to lack of funds and the fact that so many members do not care to shoot during the summer months, to close the gallery from May 1st to Oct. 1st. It was also decided that the Captains were to collect 50c from each of last year's members to pay the deficiency incurred in operations from November to April. It is proposed if possible and if then so decided in the fall to give due credit to those members who have joined the Association at or since the annual meeting and paid \$1.50 in fees.

Use "Decotint" for walls and ceilings—You get it at Hooper's.

MILL HAVEN.

The farmers around here are feeding.

Mr. Hodge, Odessa, finished painting Charles Collins' house last week.

The Misses York, of Westbrooke, spent a day last week at Charles Collins.

Mrs. Charles Forward spent last week visiting friends in Kingston.

'HAS REACHED NINETY YEARS.'

Very few personalities, in this modern twentieth century attain the ripe, old age of ninety years, but such was the episode, in the noble person of Mrs. Harriet Clute, of Deseronto, who on Sunday, April 25th, celebrated, very quietly, her ninetieth anniversary. Mrs. Clute, whose maiden name was Harriet Shibley, is a highly-respected old lady, by a host of relatives and friends, in, and around the surrounding district of Napanee and Deseronto, and other points in Canada. She is also much beloved, as was shown in the numerous donations she received from all parts, including a handsome check from Sir Justice Clute, of Toronto. Mrs. Clute, who was Mrs. Goldsmith, before her second marriage, is a wonderful, and remarkable saintly old lady, for one, who has attained such an advanced age. We all hope she will be spared many more such happy birthdays, and in her declining years, we pray God's blessing upon her.

"When at the rising of the sun,
 We pray God's blessing on her pour;
 And when it's rays sink in the west,
 We pray evening shadows will com- [pass her

No more."

There is no better floor Paint than the "Prism Brand". It dries hard quickly and has a varnish gloss—At Hooper's, sole agent for Napanee.

AUCTION SALE.

The undermentioned goods will be offered for sale, by Public Auction on Saturday, May 1st, 1915, at 1.30 o'clock, at the Manse, Napanee, (beside Presbyterian Church): Horse, buggy (new, harness, etc.), piano (first grade Bell), dining room chairs (oak) extension table (polished oak), some rocking chairs, 1 small baby carriage, canvas chicken coop, (10 ft by 6 ft.) wire protection squares for chicks. 3 Midothian Male Birds (Rhode Island Red, White Wyandotte Barred Rock, (registered, 200 egg stock,) 6 Record Minorca Hens, Electric fixtures, toaster, and iron bed, springs and mattress, one writing desk, gas stove (large size), coal oil stove, one small Quebec Heater, some rugs, spade, hoe, and numerous other articles.

H. W. HUFF, Auctioneer

Don't buy your Paint until you see our samples. Floor Paints that dry hard and glossy, and pretty shades in blue, green, and grey for woodwork. Also murexso, alabastine, Campbell's varnish stains, paint brushes, stick-fast etc., for sale at WALLACE'S DRUG STORE.

A VISIT TO DETROIT.

Mr. J. E. Robinson of the Robinson Co., Ltd, the local representatives of The Curtis Publishing Company, is in Detroit, Michigan, where he will attend a three day's convention of Curtis circulation agents from Ohio the Southern Peninsula of Michigan and the Canadian Province of Ontario. The delegates will be the guests of the publishers at the Statler Hotel, and the convention program includes various forms of entertainment in addition to the business sessions. One particularly interesting number will be a picture-talk descriptive of a journey through the Curtis building opposite Independence Square, Philadelphia—the biggest periodical publishing house in the world. The delegates, so to speak, will follow a roll of paper from the time it reaches the Curtis plant on electric trucks until it comes in form of finished magazines.

Perhaps the most important feature of the convention will be the announcement of a plan of vocational training and guidance which the Curtis Publishing Company is developing along with the assistance of its agents and the leading manufacturers and business men of the Country. Through this plan the Company proposes to give its juvenile salesmen a thorough training in the essential principles of business and salesmanship while they are attending school and then when it becomes necessary for a boy to leave school to place him in a position where he will have an opportunity to develop and advance. The leading educators and business men throughout the nation have endorsed the plan and declare that it will be a truly wonderful work in saving many boys from what are known as blind-alley jobs. The convention will open on Tuesday morning, April 27th, welcomed by Mayor Oscar Marks of Detroit. The list of speakers in addition to the various Curtis agents and representatives from the Home Office in Philadelphia, will include H. E. Miles, President of the Wisconsin State Board of Education of the National Association of Manufacturers; C. P. Halligan, of the Michigan State Agricultural College, and a number of prominent officials of the Boy Scouts.

The Boyle Bottom milk can is growing in popularity fast. We also sell and make the one-piece roll rim bottom. Best milk cans made in Canada, BOYLE & SON'S.

THE BEST VARNISH.

For hardwood floors, woodwork linoleum, furniture, etc. There is nothing quite as good as Campbell varnish, because it dries harder, more gloss, and will not turn white with water. For sale at WALLACE DRUG STORE LIMITED.

TRINITY CHURCH NOTES.

Miss Bessie Irwin gave a very interesting address on Sunday evening on the work of the Deaconess Society.

Next Sunday's services promise to be of exceptional interest. It will be Go-to-Church Sunday, and will begin with a Fellowship meeting at 9 a.m. The pastor will preach a short sermon at 10.30, which will be followed by a reception service and the Sacrament of the Lord's Supper. In the evening the pastor will speak briefly on "Lessons From Spring." The choir has prepared a fine musical programme for this service.

FLORA MacD. DENISON.

Author, journalist and lecturer, for four years National President of the Canadian Suffrage Association, delegate to International Suffrage Alliance in Copenhagen, 1906, to Berlin, Dresden, Prague, Vienna and Budapest in 1913, and many times to New York, Washington and other American cities. Her social betterment articles and appreciations of people worth while published in her department in the Sunday World, attract much notice, and were extensively copied. Mrs. Denison carried on the work begun by three very illustrious Canadians, Dr. Emily Stowe, Pr. J. L. Hughes, and Dr. Stowe-Gullen.

Part of Mrs. Denison's lecture "Women" was published by request of meeting held in Toronto, February. She will give this lecture in the town hall, Friday evening, April, 30th. Proceeds in aid of the Toronto University Case Hospital Saturday afternoon, May 1st, in the town hall, there will be a sale of work, foods, and candy. Also cream and tea will be served.

OBITUARY.

At the Township of Camden, Tuesday, April the 20th, James German, departed this life at the age of 68 years. For several years previous to his decease, nature kept demanding its pound of flesh until heart trouble developed and carried him to the "bourn" from which no traveller returns. Mr. German was of a kind and genial disposition, always ready to do unto others as he would have them do unto him. For forty years his highest aspiration, of life was to see his Heavenly Master. On September 5th, 1885, Mr. German led Miss Mary Vanest to the altar, and from the union there was one son, Allan, and one daughter, Laura, who survive to mourn the loss of a kind and indulgent father. The funeral took place at Colebrook, and the large cortege that followed his remains to their last resting place betokened the high esteem in which Mr. German was held by his neighbors and friends. The funeral service was very ably conducted by the Rev. Mr. Wilson, pastor of the Methodist church, when he chose a very appropriate passage of the Sacred Word, Isaiah the 61 and 6 (And we all do fade as a leaf). Mrs. German and family we would extend our sincerest sympathy and pray that the Spirit of all Comfort and Consolation may ever be with them and bless them in their affliction with that blessing which maketh rich and unto which no sorrow is added. Napanee, April 23rd, 1915.

Get your Flowers for "Mother's Day" at Wallace's Drug Store, Limited.

Latest Patterns and Weaves in Suitings
—and—
Trouserings
—for—
Spring Wear.

Fashioned to your liking in the Latest Styles.

High Grade Trimmings

JAMES WALTERS,
Merchant Tailoring, Napanee.

T. ANDREWS' CHURCH
(PRESBYTERIAN.)

A. L. Howard, Ph.D., Minister
30—Sermon to Boys. Boy Scouts to be present.
45—S. S. and Bible Class.
p.m.—The pastor will preach.

CANS.
ur cans have stood the test and 1915 can is better than ever.
MADOLE HARDWARE CO.

2 VANLUVEN'S COAL.
cause it is economical and burns satisfactorily under all weather conditions, is easily regulated to minimum or maximum heat.

MARY MAGDALENE CHURCH
rvice at S. Mary Magdalene ch :
unday, May 2nd.
30 a.m.—Holy Communion.
p.m.—Evening Prayer.
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UNITY CHURCH NOTES.
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TRINITY METHODIST CHURCH

Rev. S. Sellery, M.A., B.D., Pastor.

GO-TO-CHURCH SUNDAY.
Sunday, May 2nd.
Every man, woman, and child in church morning and evening. This is our aim. Any who are feeble will be called for, if names are sent to the pastor.
ed for, if names are sent to the pas- tor.

9.45—Quarterly Fellowship Meeting
10.30 a.m.—Sacramental and Reception Service, following a short sermon on "The Sacrifice and Lesson of Christ."

11.45—Sunday School and Bible Class. Let there be a record attendance.

7 p.m.—Short sermon on "Lessons from the Spring."

Special musical service—

Anthem—"O for a closer walk with God," Miss Constance Nesbit and choir.

Duet—"Inspire and hearer of pray- er," Mr. Bert Weiss and Mr. Ferd. Rockwell.

Solo—"Forever with the Lord," Mr Percy Nesbit.

Angel's Chorus, "Women's Voices," Misses Nesbit, Hall, Davis, Constance Nesbit, E. Rockwell, Constance Grange and Mrs. Rockwell, with violin obligato by Mrs. Cameron Wilson, and Mrs. Thorn at the piano.

Anthem—"Twilight" women's voices
A cordial welcome to all the ser- vices.

PERSONALS

Mr. C. M. Warner is spending the day in Toronto.

Mr. W. S. Herrington K. C. has been confined to his house with illness the past few days.

Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Sherwood are home New York.

Mrs. W. Templeton and Mrs. R. Perry are visiting friends in Fulton, N. Y.

Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Vandusen and daughters leave on Sunday for Toronto.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo A. Wartman and family removed last week from Bath to St. Catharines.

Miss Helen Allen leaves on Saturday for Oregon to spend a year.

Mrs. Herbert Daly returned from Toronto on Wednesday.

Miss Helen Douglas spent the week end with her mother in Kingston.

Mrs. Alfred Joyce, of Hamilton, is the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Nicholas Vanalstine, Mill street.

Miss Annie Wilson, representing the Colored Mission at Guelph, wishes to thank the many kind friends of Napanee, for liberal contributions towards this worthy institution.

Mrs. C. C. Young, Bath, will be "At Home" on Wednesday, May 5th, from 3 to 5 p.m.

Mr. Leighton Anderson left for Toronto on Tuesday.

Mrs. G. W. Shibley leaves on Saturday for a few days visit with her sister, Mrs. M. F. Hughes, of Kingston, who leaves shortly next month to spend the summer months in Saratoga Springs, N. Y.

A cablegram was received from Mr. G. McL Brown of the C.P.R. of- fice in London, stating that they had received a letter from Capt. G. E. Hall, dated April 25th, stating that he was well up to that time.

The following from this country have received degrees at the recent

OUR HOME FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

THE LENNOX AND ADDINGTON.

Owing to the increased business of The Lennox and Addington Mutual Fire Insurance Co., its Board of Directors, at their April meeting, appointed as agent for Ernesttown and South Fredericksburgh, Mr. Henry Creighton, formerly of South Fredericks- burgh.

The Board also passed a by-law to include, when insuring, all contents of dwelling in one sum, the Lennox and Addington Mutual is, therefore, hand- ing out a policy to its patrons, blank- eting all household effects, blanketing implements in all buildings on the farm, and blanketing live stock in any building or anywhere on the farm or going to or from the market.

Patronize our home institution, deal with men of your own class, in your own home town. Easy payments with rates as good as the best.

FREE! FREE!

We will give a prize of \$5.00 in gold for the best amateur print made on Velox, between April 15th and Octo- ber 1st, 1915. WALLACE'S DRUG STORE LIMITED.

EXECUTORS' NOTICE TO CRED- ITORS.

In the estate of John Shorts, deceased.

Notice is hereby given pursuant to Chapter 121, of the Revised Statutes of Ontario, 1914, Section 56, and Amending Acts, that all persons having any claims or demands against the estate of John Shorts, late of the Village of Newburgh, in the County of Lennox and Addington, deceased, who died on or about the 15th day of November, A. D. 1914, are required to deliver or send by post prepaid to Herrington Warner & Grange, Napanee, Ontario, solicitors for Ernest Gandier, executor of the last will and testament of the said John Shorts, deceased, on or before the 31st DAY OF MAY, A.D. 1915, their christian and surnames, ad- dresses and descriptions, with full particulars of their claims or demands duly verified, and the nature of the security (if any) held by them.

And further take notice that after the said 31st day of May, A.D. 1915, the said Executor will proceed to distribute the assets of the said estate amongst the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims or demands of which he shall then have received notice, and shall not be responsible for the said assets, or any part thereof so distributed, to any person or persons of whose claims or demands he shall not have received notice at the time of the distribution thereof.

HERRINGTON WARNER & GRANGE,
Solicitors for the said Executor

Dated this 28th day of April, 1915. 21d

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

In the Estate of Ella Frances Shephard, deceased.

Notice is hereby given pursuant to Chapter 121, of the Revised Statutes of Ontario, 1914, Section 56, and amending Acts, that all persons having any claims or demands against the estate of Ella Frances Shephard, late of the Village of Bath, in the County of Lennox & Addington, married woman, deceased, who died on or about the 2nd day of October, A. D. 1908, are required to deliver or send by post prepaid to U. M. Wilson, Napanee, Ontario, Solicitor for Ernest Payne Shephard, Admin- istrator of the last will and testament of the said Ella Frances Shephard, deceased, on or before the 2nd day of May, A. D. 1915, their christian and surnames, addresses and descriptions, with full particulars of their claims or demands duly verified, and the nature of the security (if any) held by them.

And further take notice that after the said 2nd day of May, A. D. 1915, the said Admin- istrators may proceed to distribute the assets of the said estate amongst the persons entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims or demands of which he shall then have received notice, and will not be liable for the said assets, or any part thereof so distributed, to any person or persons of whose claims or demands he shall not have received notice at the time of the distribution thereof.

U. M. WILSON,
Solicitor for the said Administrator.

Dated this 28th day of April, 1915. 21d

Minerva Pure Paints,

Alabastine, Muresco, Wallpaper.

St. Lawrence Marine Engines.

McCormack Repairs.

Gurney-Oxford Oil Stoves

AT THE

Gurney-Oxford Store

J. G. FENNELL.

MEATS

We Have

THE VERY CHOICEST WESTERN BEEF

None Better has ever been brought to Napanee

SPRING LAMB. VEAL.

Fresh Cucumbers, Lettuce, Raddishes, and Tomatoes

Scrimshaw & Mills

'Phone 215

T. SCRIMSHAW. F. MILLS.

15-11

Painting and Paperhanging

—WE DO—

Outside Painting, Paperhanging Sign Painting, Gold Leaf and White Enamel Letters.

Interior Finishing and Floor Polishing.

None but Best Quality Supplies Used.

McCABE & SHAVER,

Telephone 147

Agents for — BRANDRAM-HENDERSON PAINTS.

E. BEST VARNISH.

or hardwood floors, woodwork, leum, furniture, etc. There is hing quite as good as Campbell's nish, because it dries harder, more ss, and will not turn white with ter. For sale at WALLACE'S UG STORE LIMITED.

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DRA MacD. DENISON.

author, journalist and lecturer, for years National President of the Indian Suffrage Association, dele- e to International Suffrage Alli- e in Copenhagen, 1906, to Berlin, sden, Prague, Vienna and Buha t in 1913, and many times to New k, Washington and other Ameri- cities. Her social betterment ar- les and appreciations of people tle while published in her depart- it in the Sunday World, attracted h notice, and were extensively ed. Mrs. Denison carried on the k begun by three very illustrious adians, Dr. Emily Stowe, Pr. Jas. Hughes, and Dr. Stowe-Gullen. art of Mrs. Denison's lecture "War Women" was published by re- st of meeting held in Toronto in uary. She will give this lecture he town hall, Friday eveeing, i, 30th. Proceeds in aid of the onto University Case Hospital. urday afternoon, May 1st, in the n hall, there will be a sale of k, foods, and candy. Also ice am and tea will be served.

OBITUARY.

at the Township of Camden on eday, April the 20th, James Ger- n, departed this life at the age of years. For several years previous his decease, nature kept demanding pound of flesh until heart trouble eloped and carried him to that urname" from which no traveller re- ns. Mr. German was of a kind and ial disposition, always ready to do o others as he would have them to unto him. For forty years his best aspiration, of life was to serve Heavenly Master. On September , 1885, Mr. German led Miss Martha nest to the altar, and from their on there was one son, Allan, and daughter, Laura, who survive to nnn the loss of a kind and indulgent her. The funeral took place at ebroke, and the large cortege that owed his remains to their last rest- place betokened the high esteem hich Mr. German was held by the ghbors and friends. The funeral ice was very ably conducted by Rev. Mr. Wilson, pastor of the thodist church, when he chose the y appropriate passage of the red Word, Isaiah the 61 and 6th id we all do fade as a leaf. To s German and family we would end our sincerest sympathy and y that the Spirit of all Comfort l Consolation may ever be with m and bless them in their affliction, h that blessing which maketh rich unto which no sorrow is added. annee, April 23rd, 1915.

et your Flowers for "Mothers' " at Wallace's Drug Store, Limited.

Toronto on Tuesday.

Mrs. G. W. Shibley leaves on Sat- urday for a few days visit with her sister, Mrs. M. F. Hughes, of Kingston, who leaves shortly next month to spend the summer months in Saratoga Springs, N. Y.

A cablegram was received from Mr. G. McL. Brown of the C.P.R. of- fice in London, stating that they had received a letter from Capt G. E. Hall, dated April 25th, stating that he was well up to that time.

The following from this country have received degrees at the recent Queen's Exams, B. A.—Edith P. Hus- band, Newburgh, A. E. Judge, Odessa, Bachelor of Science—D. E. Charters, Napanee, K. P. Johnston, Civil En- gineering—K. P. Johnston, Napanee, Mining and Metallurgical Engineer- ing—R. P. Patterson B. A., New- burgh. Electrical Engineering—D. E. Charters, Napanee.

BIRTHS.

HUSTON—At Napanee, on Monday, April 26th, 1915, to Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Huston, a daughter.

DEATHS

McKENZIE—At Deseronto, on Tues- day, April 20th, 1915, infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Thos. H. McKenzie.

PEARSON—At Napanee, on Satur- day, April 24th, 1915, Mary Catherine Pearson, aged 83 years, 3 days.



The Red Cross Society

We wish to acknowledge with thanks the donation of \$5.00 from Mr. Wm. Ezra Spencer, of Roblin, towards the Red Cross funds. It is only a few weeks since this society undertook to raise \$300.00 for six beds in the Duchess of Connaught Hospital at Cliveden, and the public has respond- ed wonderfully well, and a few more donations will suffice for this worthy object.

Our work meeting will be held as usual Saturday in the Council Cham- ber. The afternoon tea will be with- drawn on account of the N. C. I. tea in the town hall.

The British hero army and navy teaspoons at Smith's Jewellery Store. New issue every week. 25c each.



the 22nd Day of May, A. D., 1915, their christian and surnames, addresses and descrip- tions, with full particulars of their claims or demands duly verified, and the nature of the security (if any) held by them.

And further take notice that after the said 22nd day of May, A. D., 1915, the said Admin- istrators may proceed to distribute the assets of the said estate amongst the persons entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims or demands of which he shall then have received notice, and will not be liable for the said assets, or any part thereof so distributed, to any person or persons of whose claims or demands he shall not have received notice at the time of the distribution thereof.

U. M. WILSON,

Solicitor for the said Administrator.

Dated this 25th day of April, 1915.

21d

Don't miss Dean Starr's Illustrated Lecture

"Some Impressions from Behind the Trenches,"

Town Hall,

Thurs. May 6th

See description in an- other column.

Adrick's Fruit Store

—and—

Ice Cream Parlor

THE HOUSE OF QUALITY

We handle the best quality of FRUITS, and manufacture our own ICE CREAM and CANDIES (made fresh daily).

Will open Saturday, May 1st.

Fruits and Ice Cream delivered promptly.

'Phone 222.

M. A. ADRICK,

Wholesale and Retail,

Opposite Royal Hotel.

Napanee, Ont.

M. Maker's Old Stand

Outside Painting, Paperhanging
Sign Painting,
Gold Leaf and White Enamel
Letters.
Interior Finishing and Floor
Polishing.

None but Best Quality
Supplies Used.

McCABE & SHAVER,

Telephone 147

Agents for — BRANDRAM-HENDER-
SON PAINTS.

Napanee Candy Store and Ice Cream Parlor.

The cleanest, nicest place in Napanee

ICE CREAM AND DRINKS,

CANDIES OF EVERY DESCRIP-
TION.

P. PAPPAS,

John Street, Napanee.

Monuments !

All Kinds at MOST Reason-
able Prices at

The Napanee Marble & Granite Works

J. W. ASHTON, Prop.

Successor to M. Pizzariello.

Opposite Campbell House,
NAPANEE.

33-3m.

NEW BARBER SHOP

LOUCKS BROS.

Corner Dundas and East Streets,
Brisco House Block.

Call and see us. Satisfaction guaran-
teed. Hair Cut 15c. Neck Shave Free

Retall Red Cedar Flakes, the best
moth destroyer known—15c. per pack-
age, at WALLACE'S DRUG STORE.

ST. LAWRENCE granulated white pure cane
sugar gives the very best results for
cake, candies, jams or jellies.

St. Lawrence Sugar

Sold by leading grocers in 100 lb., 25 lb. and
20 lb. sealed bags, and 5 lb. and 2 lb. cartons.

**3 sizes of grain—Fine, Medium and
Coarse, all choicest quality.**

Buy it by the bag.

22-10-73

ST. LAWRENCE SUGAR REFINERIES LIMITED, MONTREAL.

